Radio Electronics nake with ICs DIGITAL CAR CLOCK ut it anywhere full octaves KEYBOARD SYNTHESIZER ou can build Seneral Instrument or video games low we check OSEMEA n hi-fi gear ill about ANALOG MI or everyone PLUS \* More About TV G Jack Darr's Service Step-By-Step Troub \* Komputer Korner \* State Of Solid State Lab Tested Reports on Yamah

Remote
Control
Racer
Computer logic has added a new fun way to control remote control products.

The Remote Control Racer is a competition scale model race car controlled by a transmitter using computer logic.

Think of it. Remotely drive a model race car from as far as sixty feet—turning left and right, going fonward and reverse. It's great fun for hobbiests, children and the whole family.

#### DIGITALLY PROPORTIONAL CONTROL

The steering is controlled as you control the steering wheel on your remote control unit. Turn the wheel slightly to the right and the car wheels turn slightly to the right. Turn your control fully to the left and the car wheels turn fully to the left.

There is no transmission required to go from forward to reverse as the high quality servo motor simply reverses polarity to change gears. Press the forward lever on your remote unit and you go forward. Press the reverse lever and you go in reverse. It's just that quick.

BUILT TO THE FINEST DETAIL

The camber caster-action front wheels parallel a full-sized car's suspension system and they actually tilt on the turns. An independent floating rear axle maintains positive traction even on rough terrain.

The Remote Racer replaces the gasoline powered remote control race cars that have

The Remote Control Racer is a well built, well engineered electronic instrument with a 90 day limited warranty. JS&A further guarantees your satisfaction—if you are not absolutely satisfied with the value, quality or fun you are having, fine—return your racer within ten days for a full refund. You can't lose.

To order, credit card buyers simply call our toll-free number below and specify the color and quantity you want. Or send a check for \$52.45 (\$49.95 for each Racer plus \$2.50 for postage, insurance and handling to the address shown below. (Ill. residents add 5% sales tax).

By return mail, you'll receive a Remote Control Race, the remote control unit, bat. teries, a 90 day limited warranty and simple operating instructions. You runit should never require service but if it should, JS&A's service-by-mail facility is as close as your mail box. JS&A is America's largest single source of space-age products and a substantial company—further assurance that your modest investment is well protected.

Find out the thrill and fun of racing model race cars remotely. Order one or two Remote Control Racers today.

\$4995 NATIONAL INTRODUCTORY PRICE







The remote control unit (left) controls the race car's electronics (center).

The four "C" cell batteries fit in the underside of the Racer,

#### SOPHISTICATED ELECTRONICS

The sophisticated electronics in the Remote Control Racer consists of 40 transistors. When you operate the control unit, the transmitter generates computer digital logic in a train of digital pulses which then are amplified and transmitted to the racer. The racer then has a sensitive receiver which receives the pulses and in turn translates them into data that eventually translates into power for the car.



The sleek lines of the Remote Control Racer follows the designs of some of the more popular race cars. The car measures 3½"x5"x12".

sold for well over \$100 a unit. Remote gas powered models give off odors and are often temperamental. The Remote Racer is quiet so it can be run indoors and it is not dangerous so even children can safely play with it.

#### START A RACE CLUB

You can run as many as six different cars in a race as each car will be on a separate remote control frequency. There are four different colors available, red, white, blue, and yellow and each racer comes equipped with its matching remote control unit.

Start a local competition race club, entertain guests with your new adult toy, or give it to your children as one of their most prized possessions. There are many fun ways to use your Remote Racer.

There are two separate circuits used for forward and for reverse. Each circuit utilizes two "C" cell batteries available anywhere. If you only go forward, the two forward batteries will last approximately two hours.



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\*Limited Warranty, naturally. It doesn't cover labor for replacing a tube.



### Radio-Electronics

#### THE MAGAZINE FOR NEW IDEAS IN ELECTRONICS

Electronics publishers since 1908

JANUARY 1977 Vol. 48 No. 1

#### SPECIAL **FEATURES**

- 20 TV Campe
- Part II-Final section in this comprehensive look at what you can buy. by Fred Blechman
- IC Application Of The Month Complete information on how to use General Instrument's Video Game IC.

#### CR RADIO 43 23 Or 40-When Should You Buy?

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- **Analog Voltmeters** An in-depth look at how they work and how to use them. by Charles Gilmore

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- How Noise Is Measured Know what the noise specs mean before you compare. by Len Feldman
- R-E Lab Test Report Sony STR-6800SD Receiver.
- R-E Lab Test Report Yamaha B-2 Amplifier.

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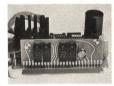
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#### ON THE COVER

Electronic music organs have been around for quite awhile, but portable organs are really unique. This one is completely self-contained with speaker, battery and keyboard, and it covers a five-octave range. The construction details start of page 31.



Spice up your car with this Digital LED Clock. The construction details start on page 35.



You can't compare noise specs for hi-fi gear unless you know how they are measured. An indepth look at how noise measurements are made starts on page 49.

Radio-Electronics, Published monthly by Gernsback Publications, Inc., 200 Park Avenue South, New York, NY 10003, Phone: 212-777-6400, Second-class postage of the Publication of the Published Published Onle-year subscription rate: U.S.A., U.S. possessions and Canada, 8.8.75. Pan-American countries, \$10.25. Other countries, \$10.75. Single copies \$1.00. e 1976 by Gernsback Publications, Inc. All rights reserved. Printed

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- New & Timely

#### Projection report

Advent says it produced about 6.000 projection television systems in 1976, and it's doubtful whether the rest of the projection-TV industryconsisting of up to 30 or 40 companies, mostly smallmade much more than that all together deepite their ontimistic forecasts early in the year. Most of the other 'home" projection TV manufacturers actually assemble their systems from modified. small-screen color sets. lenses, screens and cabinets. Sony was probably the inspiration for this type of set, having had one on the market for two years (but using a special trinitron tube for high brightness). Some of the larger corporations are beginning to take an interest in projection. Admiral. a subsidiary of Rockwell International, has been experimenting with giant-screen TV, and several months ago Sega Enterprises, a subsidiary of Gulf & Western, purchased a projection television company.

was Muntz Home Theatre. founded by the same 'Madman' Muntz who starred in TV's early days with the first low-priced mass-marketed television sets and later introduced car stereo. Now Sega has started to distribute its "Segavision" line of projection TV at \$995 to \$2,395. Meanwhile, Muntz has started up a new company and is back in the projection-TV business. Although his firm's name is Muntz Electronics, he can't advertise it because Sega obtained an injunction, claiming it bought the Muntz name as well as the business. So, with his usual flair for turning a liability into an asset. Muntz is now advertising his company as "Madman Electronics. with sets priced from \$795 to \$1,595.

The company it purchased

#### 7-hour VTR?

While the debate continues over the optimum playing/

recording time for home videocassette recorders. Sony is expected to introduce soon an accessory for its enormously successful Betamax that extends unattended recording time to as much as seven hours. The accessory is a changer. In at least one preproduction version seen in Tokyo, the changer's bin permitted the stacking of up to seven one-hour cassettes. The cassettes are changed automatically-a new one drops into place as the previous one is rejected

The changer, as viewed in prototype, incorporates a digital timer with LED readout, permitting either uninterrupted or on-off-on-off recording while unattended. Thus a night-shift worker could tape all evening programs on one channel from 6 PM to 1 AM for viewing after he came home from work.

#### Magnetic disc recorder

For the last three years, this column has reported occasionally on the magnetic disc recorder (MDR) being developed by Erich Rabe as a TV attachment to both record and play back in color. With each demonstration, picture quality has improved (although it has never seemed quite good enough for commercialization), and the major drawback has been its extremely short recording time Now even hefore the short-playing version has been introduced. Rabe has developed an LP version designed to have a playing time of two hours per disc.

The LP disc is understood to be about \(^1/\cdot\)-(inc hi bick, looking something like an old Edison record. The outside three inches are composed of magnetic material with deeply-cut grooves. Each groove is designed to accommodate 24 spiral magnetic tracks, which are deposited into the groove are deposited into the groove head. The head presumably travels the spiral groove from start to center of the disc, then changes to track two and

repeats the process, and so on, until all 24 tracks have been recorded. The system's promoters say some versions of MDR should be on the market in Europe and the U.S. during 1977. But, as this column has so often warned, don't ever hold your breath waiting for a videodisc.

#### Kloss leaves Advent

Henry Kloss, founder of Advent Corporation and one of the leading innovators in American consumer electronics. has left the company of which he was once president and more recently technical director. His main work, he said, was finished with the successful launching of two models of the VideoBeam proiection television system. Under Kloss's supervision. Advent also introduced the first consumer Dolby adaptor and the first Dolbvized cassette recorder, Before founding Advent. Kloss was a co-founder of Acoustic Research and KLH, which pioneered airsuspension speakers and compact stereo, respectively. Wherever he shows up next. you can be sure there'll be more innovation.

#### TVI crackdown?

Some hints that the FCC may push to force television receiver manufacturers to include interference filtering in all sets were contained in a recent FCC order reiterating its expansion of CB to 40 channels and temporarily rejecting proposals to increase 60-dB harmonic suppression requirement for Class-D CB transmitters. The Commission took a stronger stand than ever before that most of the fault for TVI lies in the TV rather than the transmitter. Said the FCC's decision: "Although it is quite true that harmonic radiation from some Class-D transmitters causes TVI some of the time to some television receivers, it is equally true that the majority of the TVI complaints received by the Commission result directly from poor TV receiver design, lack of adequate theiring in TVI call and the transfer of adequately to reject unwanted or adjacent-channel signals. Indeed, in fiscal 1975, 82% of all RF interference complaints were traced to home entertainment equipment design deficiencies."

In the last Congress, three bills aimed at putting the onus of TVI on the TV receiver manufacturers' backs failed to reach a hearing or a vote—possibly because the FCC declined to take a stand on them. The Commission currently has no power to require receiver manufacturers to include interference-protection in their ference-protection in their voted filters on request, usually without charge. With the rapid growth of CB.

the FCC's recent statements may indicate it plans to take a stronger stand and possibly request authority to regulate receivers. At the same time, the Commission proposes to tighten up harmonic suppression standards in CB transmitters, perhaps to 100 dB—but probably not this year.

#### Antenna warning

Be careful-your CB antenna could be lethal. The Consumer Product Safety Commission says it's studying the problem of what to do about the hazard of electrocutions from base-station antennas as result of their coming into contact with high-voltage lines. The Commission says about 30 people were killed in the first four months of 1976 as the result of such mishaps. The most likely outcome will be a requirement that a strong warning label be printed on packages containing communications antennas, or attached directly to the anten-

> DAVID LACHENBRUCH CONTRIBUTING EDITOR

## Now...push-button remote TV control... for all channels... for all TV sets.



Jerrold's new all-channel Universal TV Remote Control, Model TRC-82, provides instant pushbutton selection of all TV channels, UHF as well as VHF. Your customers will love the ease with which UHF channels pop in. Tuning is electronic with direct access to the desired channel. There are no motors and no movement, eliminating wear and tear on the TV tuner.

See us at C.E.S., Exhibit E-206 The TRC-82 can be attached to the back of any Color or Black and White TV set in minutes. It turns the set on and off and fine tunes, in addition to changing channels. The TRC-82 also amplifies incompa signals and eliminates direct pick-up ghosts for better picture quality.

Once you demonstrate this new electronic, all-channel TV Remote

Control, your customers won't want to be without it!

It's packaged in a sturdy, colorful, self-selling carton.



JERROLD ELECTRONICS



GENERAL INSTRUMENT CORPORATION

#### new & timely

#### Third Marisat now in orbit; will aid Navy, act as standby

An addition to the two Marisast satellities now in use was launched by NASA last October into an orbit over the Indian Cocan. It will be used by the Navy. Its popular and the Indian season of Indian season o



THE THIRD MARISAT SATELLITE undergoes during tests at the space facility of its builders, Hughes Aircraft Co. The new satellite is statloned over the Indian Ocean, where it will handle Navy communications and serve as standby for Comsat commercial service.

Besides its Navy use, the new satellite will be an in-orbit spare for commercial service, and can be moved to an Atlantic or Pacific position if needed.

Comsat General Corp., for whom Hughes Aircraft Co. built the satellite, reports that some 26 commercial vessels were equipped with shipboard terminate for Marisat use by early Fall 1976. Customers were paying \$10 a minute for telephone calls and \$6 a minute for Telex messades.

Users of the system report a notable

improvement in speed and reliability over surface radio. Exxon, testing the system on five of its tankers, reports that Telex messages by satellite were being received immediately, while messages by the older marine radiotelegraph took over five hours to get through in some cases.

#### One thousand CB clinics to study 40-channel band

Sencore, manufacturer of electronic testing and manufacturing equipment, will hold more than 1000 CB service clinics throughout the country, beginning late 1976 and continuing through this Spring. The clinics will be directed at the new 40-carried on with the help of Sencore is two enew pieces of equipment, the CB41 Automatic Performance Tester and the CB42 CB Analyzer.

The clinics will cover the technical needs of both field service and bench technicians, the CB41 being adapted to field work, including installations, and the CB42 totally equipping a bench for CB servicing. Both are designed to save the technician's time, making measurements by pushbutton that formerly required adiusting several controls.

Information as to dates and locations of the clinics may be obtained from any of Sencore's Full Line Promotional Distributors

#### ISCET names Technician of the

James E. Harris, CET, service manager of Tarpley's TV, Temple, TX, was named "Technician of the Year" by the International Society of Certified Technicians (ISCET) at their convention in San Antonio, TX, Iast August 15.

The award winner is determined on the basis of scores received in professional proficiency, efficiency, product productivity and customer relations, and in industry and community involvement.

Mr. Harris was nominated by the Twin Lakes chapter of the Texas Electronics Association (TEA) which he serves as secretary-treasurer and ISCET certification administrator, and was selected in balloting conducted by Service Shop macazine and ISCET.

The new Technician of the Year, besides his professional and association work, serves on the technical education advisory board of Central Texas College, teaches night classes at Temple Junior College and conducts numerous training sessions for area technicians.

Both the Technician of the Year and the runnerup received watches incorporating the ISCET logo and the statement "Technician of the Year 1976." Both awards are provided by Radio-Electronics magazine.

continued on page 12



CB CLINIC IN ACTION. The CB41, left, and CB42, right, with PS43 power pack between, and Sencore's chief field engineer Greg Carey in foreground.

### **All SBE** 23-channel **CB** units have a 0-channel

With all the talk about 40-channel CB units tomorrow, why should you buy SBE 23channel units

today? Simple. We just give you the chance to buy today with tomorrow in mind. Which is what the SBE FUTURE-40 CB **UPDATE PROGRAM** is all about. Here's how it works: We're including a special Future-40 Certificate with all SBF 23-channel units. It entitles the SBE buyer to update his 23-channel unit

to 40 channels

future.



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within 1977.

You send in the certificate, we'll set up the update of your unit to a full 40 channels. All, for a reasonable charge, depending on the model involved.

Simple as that. All in all, the SBE Future-40 CB Update Program is aimed to hit those people who'd like to buy now, but are a bit confused about what's around the corner. And thinking

ahead, about what's around the corner, that's what SBE is all about.

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For information write: SBE, Inc., 220 Airport Blvd., Watsonville, CA 95076
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## Learn to service Communications/CB equipment at home...with NRI'S COMPLETE COMMUNICATIONS COURSE

Learn design, installation and maintenance of commercial, amateur, or CB communications equipment.

The field of communications is bursting out all over. In Citizens Band alone, class D licenses grew from 1 to over 2.6 million in 1975, and the FCC projects about 15 million CB'ers in the U.S. by 1979. That means a lot of service and maintenance jobs... and NRI can train you at home to fill one of those openings. NRI's Complete Communications Course covers all



tions, and Aircraft Electronics.
The course will also qualify you for a First Class Radio Telephone Commercial FCC License or you get your tuition back.

#### Learn on your own 400-channel digitallysynthesized VHF transceiver.

Marine Electronics, Mobile Communica,

You will learn to service all types of communication equipment, with the one unit that is designed mechanically and electronically to train you for CB, Commercial and Amateur communications: a digitally-synthesized 400-channel VHF transceiver and AC power supply. This 2-meter unit gives you "Power-On" training. Then we help you get your FCC Amateur License with



special instruction so you can go on the air.

The complete course includes 48 lessons, 9 special reference texts, and 10 training kits. Included are: your own electronics Discovery Lab, Antenna Applications Lab, CMOS Frequency Counter, and an Optical Transmission System. You'll learn at home, progressing at your own speed, to your FCC license and into the

#### NEW CB SPECIALIST COURSE NOW OFFERED

communications field of your choice.



NRI now offers a special course in CB Servicing. You get 37 lessons, 8 reference texts, your own CB Transceiver, AC power supply and multimeter . . . for hands-on training. Also included are 14 coaching units to make it easy to get your commercial radio telephone FCC license enabling you to test, install, and service communications equipment. NRI can train you at home to service TV equipment and audio systems. You can



choose from 5 courses, starting with a 48-lesson basic course, up to a Master Color TV/Audio Course, complete with designed-for-learning 25" diago-

nal solid state color TV and a 4-speaker SQ\*\*
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NRI's complete computer electronics course gives you real digital training.

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#### new & timely continued from page 6

#### Bartlett, Kelley and Porter get Gernsback awards

Bob Bartlett, of Walton, NY, is this month's winner of the Hugo Gernsback Memorial Award, a prize given annually to an outstanding student in each of eight leading electronics home-study schools. 39 years old, with four children, and a member of the Midstate Electronic Technicians Association, he is at present enrolled in the National Radio Institute Master TV Servicing Course, and has just completed Unit III with honors. He will receive a check for \$150 from Radio-



BOB BARTLETT

Born and raised on a dairy farm near Walton, NY, he operated his own farm for eight years, when illness forced him to quit work. After receiving cobalt treatments for Hodgkin's disease, he attended the State University at Delhi. He became interested in electronics while studying physics there, and enrolled in the NRI Master Color TV course. Starting to repair a few TV's and radios, by 1974 business had increased to the point that it became a full-time operation. Again he had to stop work for some time for health reasons, but at present is working nearly full time and hopes to complete his course in 1976. Bob's only regret is that he did not get started in electronics earlier.

Through the generosity of two test equipment manifacturers, it is possible to make awards to the second and third place entrants in each of the monthly contests. Runner-up this month is Joseph K. Kelley of Gratno, W. H. erceives a B & K model 280 Digital Multimeter. After radio and electronics, Mr. Kelley of rolley in the NRI Master course, constructing his own test equipment in the evenings. He now expects to purchase a local TV service businesses on completing his

course and become "a multi-faceted electronics technician."



JOSEPH M. KELLEY

Third-place winner, who will receive a VIZ WV-529A special service VOM, is Richard R. Porter, Jr., a high school senior in Whitesboro, NY. Electronics has been his hobby from the age of 11, and at 16 he decided to make electronics his career. Finding no suitable training locality, he enrolled in the NRI Master IV/Audio career before the NRI Master VIA dudio completed. Service and the NRI Master College His Research College His Research College Completed Services and the NRI Master College His Research Colleg



RICHARD R. PORTER, JR.

He plans to use his TV training to work his way through college by repairing TV's and stereos in the dorms, and to graduate as an electrical engineer with an electronic technician's training.

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Cover design by Louis G. Rubsamen

Radio Electronics is a member of the Institute of High Fidelity and is indexed in Applied Science & Technology Index and Readers Guide to Periodical Literature.



Cover photo by Walter Herstatt





Radio-Electronics magazine is published by Gernsback Publications, Inc. 200 Park Ave. S., New York, NY 10003 (212) 777-6400

(212) 777-6400

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For a demonstration of any T900 Oscilloscope or a free copy of the new T900 brochure, write to Tektronix, Inc., P.O. Box 500, Beaverton, OR 97077. For immediate assistance, call (503) 644-0161, extension T900.



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#### letters

4-CHANNEL SOUND

In his article on AM Stereo in the October 1976 issue. Harry Maynard mentioned an interview with 500 people who have lived with quadriphonic systems over a period of time. In this article, Mr. Maynard said that 95% of those interviewed would not want to go back to regular stereo. Although I wasn't one of those interviewed. I agree entirely. I'm a proud owner of an expensive, do-everything guad system, and I couldn't see myself reverting to two-channel sound. But something seems wrong somewhere. and I'm one quadri-freak who isn't going to sit on his woofers and let it happen!

What am I referring to? I'm glad you asked. It's all to obvious that the interest in quad is declining, but it seems to me it's the fault of a closed-minded industry that couldn't care less. No. I DON'T think it's the economy that's killing it. After all stereo was also somewhat more expensive when it first came out than it is now. I think it's more likely that the bulk of the hardware and software manufacturers are the ones who are trying their best to lay guad to rest and pull the sod over the grave, but it's a mistake for them to think they can do it

First point: The industry has failed to come up with a standard for all guad records. If a standard guad system were to be adopted, it would have to offer as much as it can without compromises. I doubt the buying public would settle for less that a totally discrete system that offers compatibility with stereo and mono players. Only one does, and that's CD-4. RCA had the right idea when they first introduced the Quadradisc, and they should have stuck by their guns when WEA made the decision to go double inventory. RCA had also planned to release most new recordings in a singleinventory compatible guad-disc form that. as they said, could take full advantage of any modern stereo or discrete quad system. But RCA reneged on their promise. I wonder if they know it isn't too late?

Second point: Several manufacturers have made quadriphonic receivers and amplifiers that were of very high quality and suddenly pulled them from the market. Sherwood was one of those: they had a fine quadriphonic receiver out that had some good features, such as SQ full logic, and moderate power output, but they yanked it from their line rather suddenly. If the units weren't selling, the blame would have to fall on the retailers. most of whom couldn't be bothered in setting up proper demonstration areas in their stores, and lack of education on the part of both retailer and manufacturer in how to properly present this new medium of sound reproduction. The sales personnel couldn't answer the consumers' questions, and therefore no sale.

Third point: Too many recording companies took a "wait and see" attitude about quad. Capitol released seven "token" efforts, all from their "Custom Products" division and most were sampler-type albums. MCA's sales department puts the blame on the artists, claiming they were afraid to try four-channel recording. United Artists is about to make their first quad release, an album by Paul Anka, which will be QS-encoded, Perhaps this is just the beginning of a long line of quad recordings vet to come from UA. Polydor/MGM have released two albums in QS, but without mentioning it on either the album cover or the record label. If they plan to go all guad. I know their efforts will be appreciated by many, including myself. A&M started off with QS, tried some SQ, and finally settled on CD-4. But they've had no new quad releases in the past few months. Sounds fishy to me, Herb. There are many more, but it all boils down to the

continued on page 16



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perhaps the largest for audio components, and quad systems make up a fair portion of the total number of systems sold through the Army and Air Force Exchanges and Navy Resale System, Here in Iceland, the largest and loudest gripe is that there just isn't enough in the way of quad records, particularly CD-4 discs, stocked in the Exchange Stereo Shop. If they were more plentiful they would sell up here like hotcakes. The sales personnel know this and are always trying to get more in, but it's a losing battle. Thing is, it doesn't have to be. If the record companies would get off their duffs and produce more quad recordings, they would sell! There are enough quad lovers around who would scarf new quad LP's up hungrily, myself included. If we can make the bigwigs at the record companies know that we're out here, the quad lovers of the world, and that we want more of what we paid good cash for to take advantage of our investments, then maybe we can convince these companies to start pushing again. The second time has to work.

To sum it up, quad doesn't have to die. With hardware vanishing because there isn't enough software, and software vanishing because the hardware is getting scarce, it seems likely that software and hardware manufacturers have to get together and make this thing work. For the software people, it means pushing quad as a single-inventory item, stressing its compatibility (with regard to discs) with existing stereo systems, and getting together on a common system that everyone would use. My vote is for CD-4. but if a matrix system must be adopted. let it be Sansui's QS matrix. As for the hardware folks, they have their work cut out for them as well. They have to make sure these retailers will also present quad with a more positive outlook than they have in the past. Maybe then we can see quadriphonic sound take its rightful place in home entertainment. JAY L. RUDKO

FPO NY

#### CORRECTION

Reader Brian Appleman has called our attention to two errors in the Automatic Telephone Dialer article in the November issue. Two resistors marked R12 are shown on the schematic in Fig. 1 and on the component layout in Fig. 6. The resistor connected from ground to pins 6 and 14 of IC12 should be R22. Resistor R22 (100K) is not listed in the parts list.

The schematic in Fig. 1 has diode D20 effectively shorted out by a line connecting its anode and cathode. Remove this line from your schematic.

Reader Richard Alston spotted two circuit elements marked IC6-c in Fig. 1. One is the inverter in the lower left corner of the schematic and the other is the NOR gate used as the blank detector. The inverter is IC6-d with pins 12 and 13 tied together as the input while pin 11 is used as the output -- Editor



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#### KOMPLITER KORNER

PAUL E. FIELD, DAVID G. LARSEN. PETER R. RONY, and JONATHAN A. TITLIS

THIS MONTH, WE RETURN TO THE SUBJECT OF the substitution of software for hardware i.e. the substitution of machine-level routines and subroutines for specific digital hardware devices that store, manipulate, transmit, or receive digital information. The hardware device that we will discuss is the universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter, or UART-a 40-pin integrated circuit that contains an independent 8-bit asynchronous receiver and an independent 8-bit asynchronous transmitter. Data rates range from DC to 60,000 bits per second. The receiver and transmitter sections of the IC can be programmed for 5, 6, 7, or 8 data bits; 1 or 2 stop bits; even or odd parity; and parity or no parity. The IC contains a variety of flags.

An interface circuit for a simplified software UART is shown in Fig. 1. Owing to the nature of the specific application that the circuit was designed for, there was no need for special flag-bits or error checking. Thus, the interface circuit consists of a single threestate input buffer gate (SN74126), a single output data-latch (SN7474), two input device-select pulses, and one output deviceselect pulse. With appropriate modifications of the device select pulses, this circuit can be used with almost any microprocessor IC. In our case, an 8080A-based microcomputer

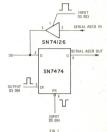


TABLE 1-MICROCOMPUTER SUBROUTINE that demonstrates the asynchronous serial trans mission of an eleven-bit ASCII word at a teletype speed of 110 Baud.

Instruc-	Mnemonic	Description
•	•	Безеприон
Accumul	ator contains	8-bit ASCII word. Bit 8 is the parity bit that can be
056	MVI L	Set ASCII word bit counter to 013
013	013	
267	ORA A	Set carry bit to logic 0
027	RAL	Rotate carry bit to DO in accumulator
323	OUT	Output carry bit to SN7474 latch
004	004	
315	CALL	Call 9.09 ms time-delay subroutine
'B2'	'B2'	LO address byte of time-delay subroutine
'B3'	'B3'	HI address byte of time-delay subroutine
037	RAR	Rotate bit in ASCII word to DO in accumulator
067	STC	Set carry bit to logic 1
323	OUT	Output bit to SN7474 latch
		Decerement bit counter by 1
302	JNZ	If bit counter has a value of zero, ignore this
		instruction. If all of the bits in the 11-bit ASCII
		word have not yet been transmitted, jump to
		address LO = 152 above.
		LO address byte
		HI address byte
		ASCII word contained in the accumulator has
		stop bits have been added at the end of the eight
		oit, at logic 0, has been added at the beginning of
the eight	bits.	
	tion byte  Accumul set for er 056 013 267 027 323 004 315 323 004 055 302 152 'B3' At this p been trar bits and c	tion byte Mnemonic

°This article is reprinted courtesy American Laboratories. Dr. Field and Mr. Larsen, Department of Chemistry, and Dr. Rony, Department of Chemical Engineering, are with the Virginia Polytechnic Institute & State University, Mr. Titus is president of Tychon, Inc. Dr. Field is guest author of this month's column.

operating at 750 kHz was used. This generates and detects, asynchronous serial ASCHcoded 5-volt TTL data. For teletype operation, additional hardware is required to convert the 5-volt logic levels to 20 mA current-loop operation.

continued on page 24



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KOMPUTER KORNER continued from page 22

#### Transmit subroutine

The transmit subroutine, shown in Table 1, for the software UART occupies twenty to twenty-five successive program steps in memory once the appropriate PUSH, POP, and RET instructions have been included. Also required is a 9.09 ms time-delay subroutine that corresponds to an asynchronous serial ASCII data transmission rate of 110 Baud, i.e., teletype speed. The program in Table I can be described as follows:

Register L is used as the bit counter for the 11-bit ASCII word, and is set initially to octal 013. The seven data-bits plus the parity bit, which is Bit 8, are assumed to be present in the accumulator. At the LO memory address 146, the accumulator is OR'ed to itself to clear the carry bit (shown on the far left in Fig. 2.) In Fig. 2, the least significant data bit



FIG 2

is Bit 1. At address LO = 147, a RAL instruction is performed to rotate the start bit to bit position DO in the accumulator. Fig. 3 should provide you with assistance in understanding the four different rotate instructions



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RRC INSTRUCTION 2 BAL INSTRUCTION CARRY FIG. 3

in the 8080A microprocessor instruction set. At address LO = 150, the start bit is

output to the SN7474 data latch. The program then goes into a 9.09 ms time-delay

subroutine, after which Bit 1 is rotated into

the DO accumulator position and the carry bit is set to logic 1. Bit 1 is fed to the SN7474 latch, the ASCII word bit counter in register L is decremented and program control is returned to the time-delay subroutine that is called at address LO = 152. The loop from LO = 152 to LO = 164 is executed a total of eleven times, after which register L becomes zero and the JNZ instruction at address LO = 162 is ignored.

A software UART transmit subroutine possesses a flexibility equivalent to the original 40-pin UART chip. With appropriate modifications to the program or the original accumulator data, you can transmit 5, 6, 7, or 8 data bits; 1 or 2 stop bits; even or odd parity; and parity or no parity. The timedelay subroutine can be modified so that you can transmit at data rates from 60 to 9600 Baud for a 750-kHz clock rate and higher for 2-MHz and 4-MHz clock rates.

The conversion from one data transmission rate to another is easily accomplished with the aid of appropriate software time-delay subroutines that replace R-C time-constant circuits. An additional advantage that is gained from the use of software is the potential to perform code conversions. For example, 5-level Baudot KSR machines are in widespread use and can still be obtained for under \$50. It is not too difficult to develop software that converts ASCII to Baudot and thus produce an inexpensive hard-copy terminal for the laboratory scientist, engineer, ham or computer buff.

#### Receive subroutine

The software UART receive subroutine requires 50 instructions and will not be repeated here. (Copies of the transmit and receive subroutines and a description of the

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RITE Applications

BIT 2 BIT 3 BIT 4 BIT 5

FIG. 4

The above software UART routines were used in a "smart" remote data-entry station that was tied via a 20 mA current-loop to a PDP 8/L minicomputer in a physical chemistry laboratory. The data entry station intercepted the 20-mA teletype current-loop tied to the minicomputer. The remote data-entry station permitted students to load data into memory and then transmit it as a block to the minicomputer, which analyzed the data and provided a print-out. With the 20-mA current loop operating in the full duplex mode, ten or more remote data-entry stations could be tied to the minicomputer.

DIT? DABITY STOP (BIT 8)

This column provides a good demonstration of the software-hardware tradeoffs that can be accomplished using microcomputers. Similar, and perhaps more comprehensive, routines have already been written for all of the popular microprocessor chips, such as the 16-bit PACE or the 8-bit 6800. The faster and less expensive that microcomputers become, the more likely that all moderate speed digital functions will be executed via software. The theme of software replacing hardware is an important one, and we will return to it many times in future columns.

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Fig. 1. The program repeatedly tests the serial ASCII input line for a logic 0 state. Once a logic 0 state is detected, which corresponds to a start bit, the program goes into a 4.54-ms wait loop. Upon leaving the wait loop, the program again inputs the logic 0 into bit position DO in the accumulator, thus testing the validity of the start bit. The start bit is rotated to the carry bit and the program then enters a 9.09-ms wait loop, after which it inputs Bit 1 into position DO in the accumulator. Register H is used as the SAVE register that stores the growing ASCII data word. The SAVE register is rotated one position, and the 9.09-ms wait loop is again entered, after which Bit 2 (a logic 0 in Fig. 4) is input into bit position DO in the accumulator. The input of successive data and parity bits continues until the entire 8-bit data word is entered into the SAVE register. The two stop bits are also detected. With appropriate

modifications, the program can detect parity

or framing errors or an overrun condition. A

data-ready flag signal can also be generated

from software with the aid of a second

DETECT START BIT

smart data-entry station are available from

Professor Paul Field, Department of Chemis-

try, Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State

University, Blacksburg, VA 24061.) The basic

programming concepts associated with the

receive subroutine are shown in Fig. 4, which

represents an 11-bit asynchronous serial

ASCII word that is being detected by the

8080A-based microcomputer with the aid of

the SN74126 three-state buffer gate shown in

9.09 ms 110 BAUD

#### SN7474 latch. TIMESHARE

continued from page 67

able A and the second value to B. Line 20 assigns to variable C the value of the square root of the sum of the two entered values to the third power. Line 30 outputs the value of C to the terminal. Line 40 transfers execution back to line 10, and you're ready to execute the problem for two new values.

When you have all the results you require, you push the ESC key (escape) to stop the program, then sign off or

enter a new program. Notice the similarity between BASIC

- and English: INPUT—to input a value for a variable
  - · LET-to let a variable equal a value · PRINT-to print the results at the
  - terminal
  - GOTO—to go to another part of the program.

This similarity exists throughout the BASIC language, which makes it ideal for people who are not computer programmers but need or desire to use a computer.

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#### equipment reports

Heath AS-1344 2-Way Column Speaker System



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THESE ARE THE NEWS STRAKES IN THE HEADSHIP LAW WAS FOURTHAND BY TWO MED AND THOU AND THE WAS FOUNDED BY TWO UNITED AND THE WAS FOUNDED AND THE WAS

Each enclosure contains four speakers; two 6-l/s-inch woofers and two 1-inch dome tweeters. The woofers handle 30 watts continuous, the tweeters, 20 watts continuous. Woofers and tweeters are fused separately (in pairs).

This system is truly a one evening project. All that has to be done is to assemble the crossover network and install the speakers. The cabinet itself is fully assembled and finished. It requires no work at all.

The diagram in Fig. 1 shows the schematic

#### TIGER .01

Introduced three years ago, our "Tiger .01" is still one of the finest amplifiers available in its power class. This amplifier introduced our 100% complementary circuit which has become a standard feature in many of the better amplifiers. This combined with an output triple produces a circuit that can honestly be rated as having less than .01% IM distortion at any level up to 60 Watts. Relatively low open loop gain and a conservative amount megative feedback results in clean overload characteristics and good TIM characteristics.

Other features are volt-amp output limiting, plus three fuses and an overheat thermostat. Despite the "budget" price an output meter is standard equipment. Each channel measures  $4\% \times 5 \times 14$ . Four will mount in a standard width relay rack for four channel systems.

#### SPECIFICATIONS

60 Watts-4.0 or 8.0 Ohm load Minimum RMS from 20 Hz to 20 KHz with less than .05% Total Harmonic Distortion.

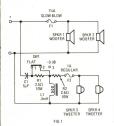
	IM Distortion . Damping Factor Hum and Noice						
	Hum and Noise #207/B Amplif	ier (:	single	chan	nel).	\$110.00 8	PPG
,	# 207/B Amplif	ier -	- Kit			 \$ 77.50 F	op,





of the crossover. The audio signal is coupled to the speaker system through the input terminals. This signal goes directly to the woofers (SPKR 1 and SPKR 2) through fuse F1 and to the tweeter circuit (C1, R1, L1,

The woofers operate as full-range speakers, covering 35 Hz to 10 kHz. However, above 4 kHz, they no longer maintain good dispersion and the off axis sound output begins to diminish. This smooth response allows the



woofers to be operated with no electrical crossover. Fuse F1 protects the woofers against input overload.

The tweeter circuit consists of a high-pass second order filter, level switch S1, and two dome tweeters (SPKR 3 and SPKR 4). The audio frequency choke L1 and capacitor C1 form a high-pass filter while resistor R2 is a series attenuator. Resistor R1 and switch S1 provide 3-d8 of attenuation when S1 is in the -3-dB position. Fuse F2 protects the tweeters against overload.

Because of its design, two radiating sides on each enclosure, some variations in speaker position and placement are feasible. These are shown in Figs. 2, 3, and s. 1. To summarize, the placement of the speakers depends on the acoustic bladner of the room and your the caconist bladner of the room and your the caconist bladner of the room and your things of the property of the placement of the placement of the speakers depends on a soft room (thick carpet, heavy drapes, soft upposited for intrinser, etc.) place the level switch in the flat position with the speaker system positioned as shown in Fig. 2. The

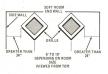


FIG 2

listener should be about as far away from the speakers as the speakers are apart.

In a hard room (no carpet, thin or no drapes, hard surfaced furniture) place the level switch in the -3-dB position and set up the speakers as shown in Fig. 3. The listener should be about as far away from the speakers as the speakers are apart.

Most rooms are a combination of soft and hard. If you have one of these average rooms, experiment with the previously mentioned speaker positions and settings of the level switch to find the combination that provides

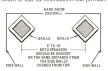


FIG 2

the best balance over the entire listening

The speaker system also offers many options as to the amount of direct versus reflected sound. These options, shown in Figs. 4 and 5, are especially useful in narrow rooms or wide rooms where irregular furniture placement is used. Where a wall is used as a reflecting surface, the wall should be smooth and hard.

We found the speakers lived up to their spees; providing a flat energy output from 50 Hz to above 12 kHz with a dispersion of 270° (again, as stated in the manual, on-axis response goes beyond 20 kHz). The system is rated at 4 ohms and never falls below this rating at any frequency.

The cabinet design is an acoustic suspen-

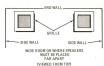


sion type which has, of course, one limitation; it requires a relatively high-power amplifier. For normal operation a minimum



of 5 watts per channel is recommended. However, for a robust listening level you will need 15 to 25 watts per channel. Most of the power is used in the low frequency range, This is the first place an amplifier will be overtaxed. If there is not enough power, you'll hear it at distorted sound, caused by you'll hear it as distorted sound, caused by elipping, on peaks in the music. If you use these spackers in a 15 by 30-foot room with these spackers in a 15 by 30-foot room with an 8-foot ceiling (24,000 cut ft) and the room contains average turnishings, a peak power of 20 watts per channel into a pair of speakers will produce a sound field equivalent to 100 down dB \$PL (sound pressure level). This corresy ponds to the normal peak sound intensity produced by a large orchestra performing in a concert hall.

We connected the speaker system to our Heath Modulous control center and power amplifier. The response was amazingly good: clear, sharp and pleasant to listen to. Because of the height of the speakers above the floor we found it desirable to use the —3-dB position on the switch to limit what we considered excessive high frequency response. Since we have installed the speakers



END WALL

GRILLE SIDE WALL

SIDE WALL

WIDE ROOM OR WHERE SPEAKERS
MUST BE PLACED

(VIEWED FROM TOP)

several other people have listened to them and they seem to feel that it sounds better with the switch in the normal position. Perhaps our ears are tainted by prior listening habits. Assembly is really a cinch. The units sound great, look great, fit into almost any decor and are a worthwhile addition to any hi-fi system.

R-E

#### Sencore DVM-35 And DVM-36 Digital Multimeters



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THE SENCORE PROFILE ARE REALLY GOINGD DIGIT.

In a big way. They now have a "set" of digital multimeters for all purposes. There are four models in all. The two in the middle are the DPWA-15 and DPWA-36. They look enough alike to be twins; both are built in the same portable compact cases made of Cycolae plastic. They say these can be dropped 10 feet to a cement floor without damage. I didn't have the intestinal fortitude tory this, but they look tough!

Despite the similarity, there are differences. The *DVM*-35 has a 3-digit readout with 1% full-scale accuracy; Voltage scale are 1, 10, 100, 1000 on AC or DC. For current, 1, 10, 100 and 1000 mA, again both AC and DC. The ability to read alternating current is one



of the handy things in the newer DVM's. On all ranges, if the reading is greater than fullscale, overrange is indicated by the display showing all "8's", and blinking

For resistance readings, the DVM-35 has a total of six. The lower three, 100, 1000 and 10K are low-power scales with only 0.2 volt impressed across the circuit-under-test. This won't turn on even a germanium transistor. The high scales are 100K, 1000K and 10 megohm, and 1.0 volt is applied to the circuit. So, these can be used for the old faithful incircuit ohmmeter tests of transistor junctions. You will see a high reading one way and a low the other. For the high reading, the only difference you'll see will be the "infinity" display. Since this is actually an overrange condition to a DVM, the display blinks "888" of won

The "other brother", the DVM-36 is in the same case. It has a 31/2 digit readout and different ranges. Voltage is 2, 20, 200 and 2000 volts both AC and DC. The same basic ranges are used for currents, both alternating and direct. In the DVM-36, the accuracy is 0.5% of full-scale on all voltage and current ranges. Resistance ranges read to an accuracy of 1% of full-scale ± 2 digits. The Ohms ranges use "2's": 200, 2K, 20K, all low-power with 200-mV applied, and 200K, 2000K and 20 megohm on the high power ranges, with 2.0 volts applied across the circuits.

The controls are simple; the range and function switch is very plainly marked. A selector switch on the lower right corner of the panel changes it from AC to DC volts. The on/off switch is on the left and in the middle is a zero-adjust knob. To set this up,

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set the selector on DC volts, any range, short the prods and adjust the zero-adjust until the display reads "000" (on both models). You don't have to reverse prods for voltage or current readings. Polarity is automatic: if the voltage is negative, a minus sign lights up. It also lights up on DC current readings, which saves you from the old problem of hooking miliammeters up backward!

Speaking of probes-both of the instruments use the same type, and it has some really handy features. The body of the probe is triangular and it has a guard-ring to keep unwary digits (yours, not on the readout!) from getting into hot stuff. A long, thin redtip has a very sharp point for making good contact. If you don't believe it's sharp, drop it on your knee

On one side of the probe, at the front, are two small flush pushbuttons. One of these is marked PUSH-ON. This is a switch, in parallel with the panel switch. You can leave the instrument turned off until you're ready to take a reading. Just push the button, note the reading and let up. This can be a big help in saving the batteries. The other one is marked ISO DCVs2. Holding this down puts an extra 15-megohm resistor in series with the probe; this multiplies the full-scale range by a factor of two. For a 1000-volt scale, this would let you read 2,000 volts. The display reads onehalf of the actual voltage; say this was 1500 volts. The readout would show "750" as long as the 150 button is held down.

Since this also brings the input impedance of the instrument from its normal 15megohms up to 30 megohms, this feature can continued on page 100



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signal for very little money.

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Accurate R/C bridge helps you use bargain" components. Quickly and easily measures resistance 10 ohms-10 meg; capacitance 10pF-1μF-both in decade ranges to within 5% of dial setting. Simple, 2-control operation and positive LED indication make measurements in seconds. At \$59.95\* it pays for itself in no time.

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### Portable Mini Organ

Play music anywhere with this self-contained battery-powered mini-organ. It has its own keyboard, speaker, unique pitch-bender and covers a five octave range

A TOR-OCTAVE DIVIDER WORKS LIKE THIS-You pump a high-frequency clock signal into one of the pins and like magic a full octave of equally tempered musical notes come flowing out of the rest of the pins. As you might expect, this is extraordinarily useful for organtype musical instruments.

In various single or multiple package configurations, they've been around for years. When they were first developed the price was high enough to effectively limit their application to large, expensive instruments. Now, we're getting out on the "learning curve" and while these devices are still not cheap, they are inexpensive enough to become candidates for some "small" applications.

Like, for instance, here's OZ. It's battery-powered and has a built-in amplifier, speaker and keyboard. You can take it anywhere; into the woods,

#### JOHN S. SIMONTON, JR.

your van, to the beach-places you wouldn't ordinarily expect to find a keyboard instrument. For the musician on the road, it's great for getting your chops down on long bus rides. And as an added benefit, a guitar or other instrument can plug in and share OZ's amplifier. For music students, it's a practice instrument that will fit into the most confining dorm room, apartment or budget.

The spolytonic—which means that you can play notes, intervals or full chords and its output level is appropriate for most electronic music synthesizers. Yes, it works quite well with the Gnome (Radio-Electronics, Nov., Dec. 1975 and Jan. 1976 issues.) To make interfacing casy, OZ features a trigger output that is switch selectable to be either high as

long as any key is down, or a short pulse every time a key is depressed.

It has a really slick touch-operated pitch bender that glissandos, vibratos and trills single notes or whole chords up to a full octave. The harder you press, the more the frequency changes.

#### Let's see how it works

The top-octave IC is the real guts of OZ; but, before we look there, we must start with the thing that makes it all go—the clock.

Two CMOS NOR gates (IC6-a and IC6-b, Fig. 1) are configured in a classical astable circuit in which timing capacitor C20 charges and discharges through resistor R42 and the variable runs; control R57. The nominal requery of the clock is 500 kHz and is adjustable with the tuning control through an octave range.

#### PARTS LIST

All resistors 1/2 watt, 10%. R1-R18—330,000 ohms R19-R36, R51, R53, R54—22,000 ohms R37—33,000 ohms

R38-3.9 megohm R39-150,000 ohms R40, R41, R56, R60-10,000 ohms R42-2700 ohms

R43—680,000 ohms R44—100,000 ohms R45, R46, R47—10 ohms R48, R52, R55—2200 ohms

R49-4700 ohms R50-1000 ohms R57, R58, R59-5000-ohm

potentiometers C1-C18, C24—.005  $\mu$ F, ceramic disc C19, C22, C26, C31—.05  $\mu$ F C20—47 pF C21, C28, C29, C30—.01  $\mu$ F

C23-100 pF C25, C32-1 μF, 12-volt electrolytic

C25, C32—1 μF, 12-volt electrolytic C27—250 μF, 12 V C33—0.22 μF, Mylar D1—1N914 diode

IC1, IC2, IC3-CD4013 IC4-MK-50240 IC5-CD4024

IC6—CD4001 IC7—LM380 J1—miniature open circuit phone jack J2—miniature closed circuit phone jack

J3—miniature closed circuit phone jack
J3—pin jack
LED's (6)—MSL-7-50 light-emitting diode

Q1, Q2—2N5129 or 2N3904 transistor S1, S3—SPST slide switch

S2-2P5T rotary switch
Keyboard-18-note DPST switching

Miscellaneous hardware, 4 knobs, front panel, vinyl covered case, 8ohm speaker, speaker bezel, grille cloth, two 5-lug terminal strips, wire, plastic tubing, coaxial cable, bare wire, cable clamps, wire ties, printed circuit board, LED circuit board, pitchbender circuit board.

A complete kit of parts to build OZ, including case, PC boards, keyboard, etc, less batteries, is available from;

P. O. Box 14359

Oklahoma City, OK 73114 for \$84.95 plus shipping and insurance for 12 lbs. Order No. 3760 A set of three circuit boards may

A set of three circuit boards may be obtained for \$10.00 postpaid. Order No. 3760 PC. The keyboard is available for \$39.00

The keyboard is available for \$39.00 including postage and handling. Order No. AGO-18.

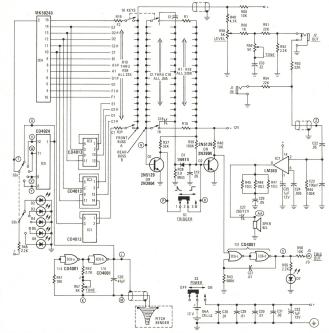


FIG. 1-COMPLETE SCHEMATIC, OZ MINI-ORGAN AND POLYTONIC PITCH SOURCE FOR MUSIC SYNTHESIZERS.

The frequency of this type of astable may also be changed by changing the value of capacitor C20. We don't want to use this as a tuning control for the oscillator, simply because variable capacitors are more expensive than potentiometers.

Wired across the timing capacitor we have a strange looking symbol labeled "pitch bender". This is a small circuit board etched as shown in Fig. 2 and as tempered musical scale, a frequency division of one half represents exactly an octave. The divider circuit is a type 4024 CMOS package. Notice that although there are seven stages of division on the IC, we only use four of them. (The fifth position of S2 is a direct connection between the clock circuit and the top-octave IC.)

The second section of S2 is used simply to light front panel LED's that



FIG. 2-PITCH BENDER PC BOARD SHOWN FULL-SIZE.

you can see, it consists of an interlaced grid of conductors.

#### Bending the pitch

This circuit board is a capacitor; but, unlike most capacitors, it is designed to be touch sensitive. In actual use, the conductors of the board are insulated by a thin film of paint so that resistance effects are eliminated.

When there is nothing touching the surface of the plate, its equivalent capacitance is low—a few pF. But when your hand touches the plate, the capacitanie increases—your flesh has a higher dielectric constant than the air it is displacing. Pressing harder puts your hand in more intimate contact with the plate, which further increases the capacitance. Increased capacitance produces lower clock frequencies, which in turn lowers the pitch of the notes produced by the top-octave divider.

The five-position rotary switch S2 is a RANGE switch that transposes the OZ keyboard up and down in pitch by exact octave increments. This could have bedone by switching resistors or capacitors in the clock, but by far the easiest and most precise way is to apply the clock to a divider chain and then select the divider-chain output that will serve as a clock signal for the top-octave divider. It is probably not necessary to say, but this works because the output of each successive stage in a bistable divider chain is exactly half the frequency of the preceding stage and in the equally

indicate the setting of the RANGE switch (superfluous, perhaps; but mighty handy on a darkened stage.)

Finally, the clock signal gets to where it does some good, the MK 50240 top-octave divider that, in gratitude for being supplied with this elegant squarewave clock signal, produces for us a full octave (plus one note) of equally tempered scale.

But wait; here we have 13 notes—but here are 18 keys on the keyboard. If all those keys are going to produce notes we need to find another five semi-tones somewhere. We get these in essentially the same way that we came up with range switch; that is, by dividing a note that we already have by 2 to get the same note in the next lowest octave. This is the task of the three 4013 dual type D flip-flops, ICI-IC3.

Key switching in OZ is certainly not elegant, but taking into account where we're headed (a pitch source for synthesizers that can be used as a stand-alone practice instrument) it is certainly costeffective. When a key switch closes, it simply connects the note that the key represents to the common audio bus.

Notice a couple of things here. First, resistors R19-R36 are in essence mixing resistors; they prevent interaction between the outputs of the MK503c Secondly, because of R49, R58 and R60, the audio bus that all these notes connect to is displaced from ground by a voltage equivalent to half the supply voltage. There's a reason for this. The

outputs of the top-octave IC are squarewaves. If we switch the squarewaves to an audio bus that is at ground potential, not only is the squarewave (note) going to appear on the bus, but also the average value of the squarewave (half of supply). The average value is a DC level shift as far as the audio bus is concerned and it will ultimately appear in the output as a horrendous "thump" every time a key goes down. It's the transition that we hear and by closing to an audio bus that is already half the supply voltage, we eliminate the transition.

We're almost in a position to produce music, but before we do, we need some controls. For example, RS8, which allows for varying the level of the signal that will eventually be applied to the amplifier or synthesizer. We also need some control over the harmonic content of those squarewaves coming onto the audio bus. The low-pass T-filter, consisting of RS0, RS1, RS9 (the TONE control) and capacitor C33, does this for us.

If we're always going to use OZ with its internal amplifier and speaker, we're home free because the next place the signal goes to is the LM380 amplifier (IC7) that drives the speaker.

But we might not always use OZ like that, so we need a few more goodies. J1 is wired as a mixing input to IC7 for play-along situations or interfacing to other musical gear, and J2 is a closed-circuit phone jack wired to disconnect the OZ pitch source from its internal amplifier when a plug is inserted. If you're going out to external processing gear, you obviously don't want to hear anything until after the processing.

#### What type of trigger?

Synthesizers like to have some kind of triggering signal to let them know when to do things and (because it's the most useful way) these triggers usually reflect the keyboard activity.

Two types of triggers are particularly useful. We will look at a step trigger first because it's the easiest. When a key is persest, a second set of switch contacts closes just after the audio switches close. As you can see from the schematic, each of these contacts connects to the positive supply line through a resistor (R1-R18), with the other contact of each switch bussed to the other contact of all the other switches; all of which then connect to the base of Q1. If all the keys are up, Q1 is not conducting and its collector voltage is high.

Assuming that switch S1 is closed (which it must be for us to get step triggers) Q2 is being held on by the current flow through R37, producing tow output voltage at Q2's collector. After passing through the two inversions represented by the NOR gates 1G6-cand IG6-d, the voltage is still low, and this is what appears at the trigger output

jack JS: nothing. But when a key goes down, things change. QI turns on, which turns Q2 off, producing a high collector-voltage that passes through the two NOR gates and appears at trigger output jack TRIG OUT as a voltage. This trigger voltage will remain high as long as any of the keys are down and will not return to a low state until all the keys have been released.

The second useful type of trigger is one that goes high only momentarily each time a key goes down (whether other keys are already down or not.) This is ordinarily called a pulse trigger and OZ generates it like this: For pulse triggers, SI is open. Also, notice that as long as keys are up, capacitors CI through CI8 are charged essentially to the supply voltage through their respective resistors, R1-R18, and the common resistor R38. The charge on these capacitors is such that the end connected to the switch contact is positive with respect to ground.

When a key switch closes (let's take the first one as typical), the end of C1 that was positive is connected to ground through the base-emitter junction of Q1 (Q1 turns on; but with S1 open, Q1 doesn't connect to anything so we really don't care). When this happens, the other (more negative) end of C1 forces the junction of D1 and R38 below ground potential. C1 immediately begins to charge through Q1 and R38, and as it does, it momentarily turns Q1 off. The result-a short positive-going spike at the collector of Q1. Notice that other keys can now close and their associated capacitors will have identically the same effect that C1 did. Q1's collector will respond with a short positive-spike each

This spike isn't really quite long enough and modifying this portion of the circuitry to make it longer, would cost us noise immunity-the trigger circuit would begin responding to the "chatter" that goes along with any switch closure (particularly switches of the kind you find on organ-type keyboards). To make the spike longer, we build a pulse stretcher from IC6-c and IC6-d. The output of the pulse stretcher becomes the actual trigger output. The LED is there to indicate to the user that he is getting a trigger and R55 serves as a current limiter for this LED. R56 is simply an isolating resistor.

#### Construction

A complete kit is available, which gets the monkey off your back as far as gathering together all the bits and pieces (case and keyboard, for example) is concerned. Circuit boards are available separately or if you're used to etching your own, you can duplicate the layout shown in Fig. 3. If you prefer perf-board construction, that's fine, providing you

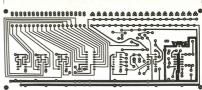


FIG. 3-OZ PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD SHOWN HALF-SIZE.

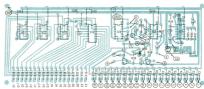


FIG. 4-PC BOARD, PARTS LAYOUT.

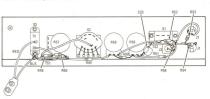


FIG. 5-PARTS MOUNTED AND WIRED entirely on the front panel.

bear in mind the warnings that will follow shortly. But first let me bring something important to your attention.

OZ is one of those devices that could very easily be built with fifty million wires running back and forth between the circuit board, keyboard and control panel. You're going to come up with a lot of wires anyway, but you will notice that in the model fillustrated, some parts are on the circuit board (Fig. 4) while others are mounted on terminal strips on the front panel itself. (See Figs. 5 and 6). This was done to minimize the wire count and I highly recommend that you study the drawings and photos and stick to their precedents as much as possible.

I recommend the following assembly sequence: First, build up the circuit board. All the standard warnings apply here. Watch the polarity of electrolytic capacitors and the orientation of IC's, diodes and transistors; don't heat the parts to the point that they glow cherry

red, etc. An additional thing that you have to worry about is the fact that you're working with CMOS IC's, so you'll want to be careful about accumulated static charges.

With the circuit board assembled, the wires connecting it to the keyboard can be installed. A tip: leave yourself enough length on these wires so that you can have access to the circuit board in case something isn't quite right. But don't make them so long that you are guaranteed to have radiation problems.

Next, wire the front panel (Fig. 5). Note the components that are mounted here rather than on the circuit board. Notice that LED's 1 through 5 are mounted on a small circuit board secured by the shaft of the rotary switch S2. LED 6 is supported by its leads and those of R55. This is not the best way to do the job, but it was the only practical thing we could come up with.

to be continued

### BUILD

## Digital Clock For Your Car

Part I—Preliminary details on a useful automotive accessory that is rarely available as original equipment. A valuable aid for the trucker and road ralley enthusiast that is simple and easy to build.



#### ROBERT C. ARP\*

THE AUTOMOTIVE INDUSTRY HAS NEVER PROvided its customers with the one device to which the economy of the whole world is geared; a clock that keeps time. It would seem, therefore, that this is a natural area for semiconductor manufacturers to exploit.

Until now, the products with which these manufacturers have challenged that need have not been accepted. The complaints from consumers are:

- The required crystals for an accurate automotive clock are expensive and hard to get.
- Frequency adjustments to the oscillator require an accurate time interval or frequency count-
- Available MOS integrated-circuit clocks designed for vehicular use do not interface directly with low-voltage, dual-in-line dis-
- Of the displays with which these clocks do interface, LED displays are difficult to read in sunlight, liquid-crystal displays cannot be read in the dark and gas-discharge displays require a high-voltage supply.
- Display intensity control is not automatic.

 Product Engineer, National Semiconductor Corp. There are also several additional areas of concern. These include:

- Battery current drain.
- 2. Physical orientation of displays
- Physical orientation of displays.
   Radio interference.
   Physical size of the finished.
- product.

  5. Protection to vehicular wiring.
- Accuracy.

The introduction of two new products, the MM5385 digital clock and the MM74C928 3/½-digit counter, by National Semiconductor Corporation, 2900 Semiconductor Drive, Santa Clara, CA 95051, is the basis for an automotive digital clock with:

- A crystal-controlled oscillator using a standard 100-kHz crystal. The oscillator may be adjusted without a time-interval or frequency counter.
- Automatic control of display intensity using a photoresistor.
   Direct interfacing with 7-sec-
- ment LED and incandescent displays. The two types of displays are directly interchangeable, using appropriate display boards.
- ing appropriate display boards.

  4. Very low power-supply current when ignition switch is off and displays are inhibited.
- No radio interference.
   Divide by 2,000 with a single IC to produce the 50-Hz input to

the clock IC

- Only three CMOS integrated circuits in addition to the clock IC are necessary.
- The power supply to fully protect the vehicle and the clock circuitry.
- Operation with vehicular supplies from 6 to 18 volts.

#### How it works

Figure 1 shows the schematic diagram of the Automotive Digital Clock. Protection of the automobile wiring and the battery from shorts in the clock, as well as protection for the clock from reverse-polarity damage, is provided by the Fi-D1 combination, and F2. If the input voltage to the clock is reversed in with the control of the clock is reversed in with blow very rapidly. The Zenre tode, D2, protects the clock from voltage transients or the application of voltage from an incorrectly adjusted voltage regulator or battery charger.

The negative side of the vehicle's battery is used as  $V_{\rm Di}$ ; the positive side is common ( $V_{\rm SS}$  and  $V_{\rm CD}$ ) when the ignition switch is on, the optical isolator/coupler enables the display. Voltage regulator ICI provides a stepdown in absolute value from  $V_{\rm Di}$  to 5 volts. Capacitor C2 is required for regulator stability; it cannot be omitted.

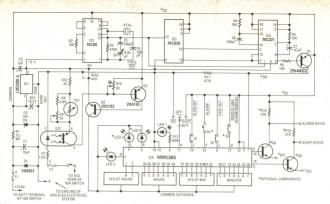


FIG. 1—COMPLETE SCHEMATIC, AUTO DIGITAL CLOCK. Components marked with an asterisk are optional—for alarm clock operation. Dotted-line connection from 03 to V<sub>50</sub> must be made—and connection from 03 emitter to -5 volts cut—if incandescent displays are used. Emitter of 03 may be connected to either V<sub>50</sub> or to -5 volts, but not to both at the same time.

Crystal-controlled oscillator IC2 operates at 100 kHz. Figure 2 shows the circuit details of the oscillator. The frequency may be adjusted with variable capacitor C4 by observing the output of LEDI (more on this later). Capacitor C3 is included in series with C4 to limit the capacitance of the combination to a range of 8 to 26 pF.

The 100-kHz squarewave developed at pin 12 of IC2 is applied both to pin 1 of the dual

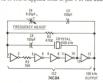


FIG. 2-DETAIL OF OSCILLATOR showing the connections to the 74C04 IC.

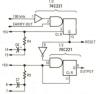


FIG. 3—THE 74C221 MULTIVIBRATOR. This unit is a dual monostable type.

monostable multivibrator IC4 and to the clock input of the 3½-digit counter (IC3 pin 12). During the negative transition of the 100,000th oscillator pulse, the carry-out terminal of the counter (IC3 pin 14) goes high while the oscillator pulse is still low. The carry-out serves as the input to the dual monostable multivibrator.

Figure 3 shows the logic diagram of the dual monostable multivibrator IC4. A low-tohigh transition of the carry-out pulse from IC3 (pin 14) triggers the output of the first monostable multivibrator (pin 13) high on a positive input transistion if the reset input (pin 3) is high and the 100-kHz clock input is low. These three conditions occur simultaneously each time the carry-out pulse of IC3 goes high. No counts from the oscillator are lost because the pulse width at IC4 pin 13. determined by R4 and C6, is only 2 µs. The pulse that appears at IC4 pin 13 every 20-ms is applied to the reset input of IC3. The 31/2digit counter IC3 is fully reset long before the negative transition of the 100,001th oscillator pulse appears at its clock input. Therefore IC3 divides the 100-kHz output of the oscillator by 2000 to produce the 50-Hz signal required by IC5.

The Q output (IC4 pin 13) is also applied to the input of the second dual monostable multivibrator (IC4 pin 9). The output of the second dual monostable multivibrator (IC4 pin 5) is tiggered high on a negative input transition if the reset input (pin 11) and pin 10 are both high. These three conditions are satisfied each time IC4 pin 13 goes low (every 20 ms).

The pulse width at IC4 is extended to 5 ms by the R5-C7 combination. This pulse is used to drive the base of transistor Q1. The collector of this transistor couples the 5-ms pulse to the 50/60-Hz input of the MM5385 digital alarm clock (IC5). The MM5385 is programmed to divide by 50 by connecting

pin 7 to V<sub>ss</sub>.

Figure 4 shows the waveforms d

Figure 4 shows the waveforms developed by the oscillator, counter, monostable multi-

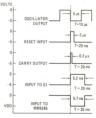


FIG. 4—WAVEFORMS from oscillator and multivibrator.

vibrators and transistor Q1 with respect to the common ( $V_{SS}$  and  $V_{CC}$ ) bus.

#### The MM5385 IC

The MM5385 is a monolithic MOS integrated circuit digital alarm clock that has a 12-hour display format (for a 24-hour display format, the MM5386 may be substituted). The features of the MM5385 are presented in Table 1, and the base diagram is shown in Fig. 5. The various display modes are listed in Table II and the functions of the setting controls are listed in Table III.

Whenever power is applied to the MM5385, a power failure is indicated by the display flashing at a 1-Hz rate. Applying fast-set or slow-set input (pins 9 and 10, respectively) returns the display to normal.

R1-1 ohm, 5 watts R2, R4, R5, R6-10,000 ohms R3-470,000 ohms

R7-1500 ohms, 1/2 watt R8-6800 ohms

R9—Potentiometer—5000 ohms, printed circuit board mounting, 0.5-inch maximum diameter.

R10—Potentiometer—2000 or 2500 ohms, printed circuit board mounting, 0.5 inch maximum diameter

R11-4700 ohms

R12-100,000 ohms R13, R14-27,000 ohms; optional for

alarm clock.
C1—10 µF 35 volt solid tantalum; Allied 852-5668. Also available from Valley

852-5668. Also available from Valley Electronics, 4115 Franklin Ave., Sacramento, CA 95820 for 35¢ as Kemet T368. C2-1 μF 35-volt solid tantalum; Allied

852R6674. C3, C5—100 pF polystyrene; Allied 852-

C4-9-35 pF trimmer.

C6—150 pF polystyrene; Allied 852-0030. C7—.47 μF solid tantalum; Allied 852-5689.

D1—1, amp, 50 or higher PRV; 1N4001 or equal. Available from Valley Electronics, 15¢ each.

D2—17.7V, 1-watt Zener, Professional Replacement PR247; available from Olson Electronics, 260 S. Forge St., Akron, OH 44327. An 18-volt, 1-watt Zener may be used if necessary.

Q1—300-mW switching PNP silicon transistor; 2N4402 or equal. Available from Valley Electronics, 30¢ each. Q2—40-watt PNP silicon transistor; 2N5193, MJE371 or equal. Q3—40-watt NPN silicon transistor; 2N5192, MJE521 or equal. Q4, Q5—Optional for alarm clock. IC1—LM320K-5.0 negative voltage regula-

tor.
IC2—74C04 hex inverter—CMOS. Available from RGS Electronics, 3650 Charles Street, Suite K, Santa Clara, CA 95050

IC3-MM74C928 31/2-digit counter-CMOS. IC4-74C221 dual monostable multivibra-

IC4—74C221 dual monostable multivibrator—CMOS. Available from RGS Electronics.

IC5-MM5385 digital alarm clock. OC1-Opto-Isolator/coupler, MCT2 avail-

able from Valley Electronics for \$1.00. PC1—Photoresistor, Clairex CL704L or CL5M4L, Archer 276-116. The Archer 276-116 or equivalent should be used with incandescent displays. Clairex

with incandescent displays. Clairex available from Allied; Archer available from Radio Shack. See text. LED1 to LED4—Any small LED; any color.

LED2 to LED4 are optional.

XTAL—100-kHz crystal; this is a widely available, standard crystal. The main printed circuit board has been prepared to allow crystals up to 1 inch in diame-

ter.
F1—0.5-amp fast or normal blow fuse.
F2—1/32-amp fast or normal blow fuse.
S1, S2, S3—SPST normally open, momentary pushbuttons. (S3 is optional, to be

used only in alarm clock.)
S4—SPST miniature toggle switch. Optional for alarm clock.

S5—SPDT center off, miniature toggle switch. Optional for alarm clock. DISPLAY 1, 2, 3, 4—0.3-inch or larger, 7segment incandescent or common cathode LED: 15-mA-per-segment maximum; MAN-74 or DL-704. The incandescent displays and MAN4510 LED displays are available at \$2.00 each plus tax and postage, from Valley Electronics, 4115 Franklin Ave., Sacramento, CA 9589.

Heat sinks—Wakefield 680-1.25-A, Allied 957-2670; see text.

IC Sockets—Calectro Cat. No. J4-635 IC Sockets, Molex IC terminals, or IC sockets; see text. Edge Connector—Calectro Cat. No. J4-

645 Digi-Klips; a standard 26-pin edge connector may also be used; see text. Filter—Optional for incandescent displays. For red LED displays, a red circularly polarized viewing screen must be used.

polarized viewing screen must be used. Available with bezel from Alied Electronics, 2400 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago. It. 69612 (minimum order: \$15.00 cash), Cat. No. 658-1240 or 658-1220, or from Tracy Design Corp., 1220, or from Tracy Design Corp., No. 920-60. Both the Allied 658-1240 and 658-1250 may be mounted to the display board.

inch long spacers for 4-40 bolts for the Allied display-filters, spacers for the main printed circuit board, shoulder washers or nuts to space the Wakefield 680-1.25-A heat sink from the main printed circuit board.

Both the main printed circuit board and either display board are available from Henry Bosserman, 3491 Butcher Drive, Santa Clara, CA 95051: etched and drilled main board for \$11.82; etched and drilled display board for \$5.91; both for \$17.00.

With pins 11 and 17 open, the display presents time-of-day information. Sleep time can be displayed by connecting pin 11 to V<sub>ss</sub> and seconds can be displayed by connecting pin 11 to V<sub>DD</sub>.

Momentarily connecting pin 17 to  $V_{xx}$  inhibits the alarm output for between 8 and 9 minutes. After this delay, the alarm will ngain be sounded and the alarm time will be displayed. The snooze alarm feature may be repeatedly used during the 59 minutes in which the alarm latch remains set. Connecting pin 17 to  $V_{xx}$  displays alarm time. Momentarily connecting pin 15 to  $V_{xx}$ 

resets the alarm latch and silences the alarm.

The alarm will automatically sound again in

#### 10 HRS A4 1 10 HRS C4 2 PM 3 COLON 5 36 HR D3 35 HR C3 50/80 Hz SELECT : I/ED Hz INPUT 10 MIN F 10 MIN 63 SLOW SET SLEEP/SEC DISPLAY 27 10 MIN C2 26 MIN F 25 MIN G ALARM DUTPUT SNOOZE AND ALARM DISPLAY LED CUR CONTROL LED REF DUTPUT MIN CT

#### FIG. 5—CONNECTIONS TO MM5385. Pads for all option pins, except pin 18, are provided on the main board.

24 hours (or at a new alarm setting). If it is desired to silence the alarm for a day or more, the alarm "off" input should remain at  $V_{\rm SS}$ -

The sleep output at pin 14 can be used to turn off a radio after a desired time interval

S

A

S

(0

of up to 59 minutes. The time interval is chosen by selecting the sleep display mode (Table II) and setting the desired time interval (Table III). This automatically results in an output, via pin 14, that can be used to turn off a radio (or other appliances). This turn-off may also be manually controlled by a momentary  $V_{SS}$  connection to the snooze input (pin 17).

The display can be inhibited by connecting in 18 to V<sub>8</sub>. However, for use in the Automotive Digital Clock, the display must be inhibited whenever the ignition switch is turned off. As shown in Fig. 1, the display is turned off. As shown in Fig. 1, the display is inhibited by removing current to the input diode of an optical isolator/coupler when the input diode, so if. When no current flows through the input diode, the output transistor off the optical isolator/coupler is cut off. This output transistor is in series with the resistence of the optical isolator/coupler is cut off. This output transistor is in series with the resistence of the optical isolator/coupler is cut off. This output transistor of the optical isolator/coupler is cut off. This output transistor of the optical isolator/coupler is cut off. This isolator of the optical isolator of the opti

Trimmer R9 is adjusted to provide the desired display intensity in total darkness,

#### TABLE I—FEATURES, MM5385 digital alarm clock 1. 50 or 60 Hz operation.

PM outputs in 12-hour format with a colon flashing at a

one second rate.
3. 24-hour alarm setting.
4. All counters resettable.

Fast and slow set controls.

Power failure indication.
 Direct interface to light-emit-

ting diodes with forward current of 3-15 mA. 8. 9 minute snooze alarm. 9. Presettable 59-minute sleep

timer.

10. Radio frequency interferenceeliminating slow-up circuitry

eliminating slow-up circuitry at the outputs.

TABLE II-MM5385 DISPLAY MODES						
*Selected Display Mode	Digit No.1	Digit No.2		Digit No.3	Digit No.4	
Time Display	10's of Hours & AM/PM	Hours	10's of	Minutes	Minutes	
Seconds Display	Blanked	Minutes	10's of	Seconds	Seconds	
Alarm Display	10's of Hours & AM/PM	Hours	10's of	Minutes	Minutes	
Sleep Display	Blanked	Blanked	10's of	Minutes	Minutes	
If more than one	display mode input is applied,	the display	priorities	are in order	of Sleep	
overrides all others	, Alarm, Seconds, Time (no ot	her mode se	elected).			

and R10 is adjusted for display intensity under maximum ambient lighting. The photoresistor controls display intensity under lad other ambient light conditions. Six circuit elements, the photoresistor, the output transitor of the optical isolator/coupler, R8, R9, R10, and Q2 control the base drive to Q3. Transistor Q3 provides the current drive for all segments of the display. The photoresistor was the rightness of the display to howfule a pleasing intensity for all conditions of ambient lighting.

ambient lighting.
Two types of displays may be used with the automotive digital clock: LED displays such as Litronis DL-19A. National Semiconductor NSN-74R or Monsanto MAN-74 will provide couplin intensity for daytime viewing as long as direct bright sunlight does not strike the display. Figure 6-s shows the base diagram and internal connections for the Litronis DB-may be enhanced by plating a red circularly polarized viewing screen (see parts list) in front of the display of the plating a red circularly polarized viewing screen (see parts list) in front of the display.

Readability may be made perfect, even in direct sunlight, by using incandescent displays. These displays are attractive enough without a screen. However, a simple plastic screen of any color may be placed in front of the display if desired. The major disadvantage of the incandescent displays is that they may have to be replaced sometime during the probably bet on the displays. Figure 6-b shows the base diagram and internal display for an incandescent display.

#### Operation

The time displayed in the normal mode of operation (that mode in which the clock keeps track of time) may be altered by pressing either the PAST SET switch or the SLOW SET Switch. Additionally, the FAST SET and SLOW SET Switch. Additionally, the FAST SET and SLOW SET switches may be used individually or in combination to perform other functions.

If the SLEPSEC switch is placed in the SEC position, the clock will continue to keep track of time, but the 1 pulse-per-second LED does not flash, and the time is not displayed. Instead, the No. 4 display changes digits at a 1 pulse-per-second rate. After a count of 10 seconds, the No. 3 display changes digits, and after 60 seconds the No. 2 display changes digits. The No. 1 display is blank.

If the stow ser switch is pressed while the SLEEP-SEC switch is in the SEC position, the display stops counting and is held as long as the SLOW SET switch is closed; the clock does not continue to keep track of time. This action serves to hold the time being displayed in the normal mode.

If the FAST SET switch is pressed while the SLEEP-SEC switch is in the SEC position, displays No. 3 and 4 are reset to "0"; the No. 2 display is not affected.

When both the SLOW SET and the FAST SET switches are pressed simultaneously, and the SLEEPASE switch is in the SEC position, the No. 2, 3, and 4 displays are reset to "O"; and addition, the time being displayed in the normal mode is reset to 12:00 AM.

When the SLEEPASE switch is placed in the

SLEEP position, the clock will continue to keep track of time as above, but displays No. 1 and 2 are blank, and displays No. 3 and 4 display the sleep time.

If the SLOW SET switch is pressed while the SLEEP-SEC switch is in the SLEEP position, the

#### TABLE III-MM5385 SETTING CONTROL FUNCTIONS

Display Mode	Input	Control Function
*Time	Slow	Minutes advance at 2-Hz rate
	Fast	Minutes advance at 60-Hz rate
	Both	Minutes advance at 60-Hz rate
Alarm	Slow	Alarm minutes advance at 2-Hz rate
	Fast	Alarm minutes advance at 60-Hz rate
	Both	Alarm resets to 12:00 AM
Seconds	Slow	Input to entire time counter is inhibited (Hold)
	Fast	Seconds and 10's of seconds reset to zero without a carry to minutes
	Both	Time reset to 12:00:00 AM
Sleep	Slow	Subtracts count at 2 Hz
	Fast	Subtracts count at 60 Hz
	Both	Subtracts count at 60 Hz

\* When setting time sleep minutes will decrement at rate of time counter, until the sleep counter reaches 00 minutes (sleep counter will not recycle).

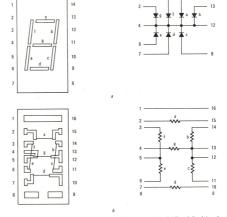


FIG. 6—CLOCK DISPLAY DETAIL. a shows incandescent display detail and the internal connections. (Connection between 1 and 16 is used to connect pin 15 to main board.) b shows Litronic DL-704 LED and internal connections of the unit.

No. 3 and 4 displays count backwards at a 2-Hz rate from "00", which is equivalent to "60" to "00".

If the FAST SET switch, or if both the FAST SET and the SLOW SET switches are pressed, while the SLEEPSEC switch is in the SLEEP position, the No. 3 and 4 displays count backwards at a 60-Hz rate from "00", which is equivalent to "60", to "00".

With the SLEEPSEC switch in the SLEEP position, if the SLOW SET switch for the FAST SET switch is used to adjust the No. 3 and 4 displays to a set of digits, the sleep timer will be activated for the number of minutes indicated by them. The sleep counter will immediately begin to count down to "00". During the count-down, whether the SLEEPSEC switch is in the SLEEP or the NORMAL position. the output at pin 14 of the MM538S can be used to turn on a radio at the beginning of the indicated time interval (up to 59 minutes). When the sleep counter, which counts downwards, reaches "00" minutes. the sleep output drive is removed, thereby turning off the radio. The turn-off may also be manually controlled by a momentary Vs., connection to the snooze input (pin 17 of the MM538S). Of course, many other appliances may be controlled, including a photographic enlarger.

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Pressing the SNOOZE-ALARM DISPLAY Switch causes the alarm time to be displayed. The alarm time may be changed by pressing either the SLOW SET switch or the FAST SET switch. Pressing both the FAST SET and SLOW Continued on page 79



# TV Games

PART II. New competition for prime time viewing adds a new dimension to an old medium

#### FRED BLECHMAN

THE TV GAME INDUSTRY HAS RECENTLY EXPERIENCED TREMENDOUS Growth. To bring our readers up-to-date, last month we presented a listing of the TV games that are currently available. This month, part 2 presents the details of these games.

#### Game and kit roundup

Because of design secrecy, FCC approval pending or incomplete designs, many sources contacted for information did not reply. Here are some details on those that replied, or where information was derived from another source.

Advanced Electronics: Offering only plans, PC boards and ICs, Advanced Electronics caters only to the advanced builder. The plans are clearly presented and printed, and appear to be quite complete. Also, the variety of plans offered is most extensive. For example, the 9-page Pong plans cover Pong, Tennis, 4-Player Tennis and Soccer. For an additional 57 you can order Pong Extras (8 pages) that cover circuitry for 7 more options, most of them easily added to the original games: Handball, Warball, Elimination, Fotsball, Digital-Controlled Paddles, Multiple Paddles and Multiple Balls.

Plans for Anti-Aircraft 1 & 2 (10 pages) are more complex,

and involve the use of 107 IC's and a PROM (preprogrammed read-only memory). The game of Anti-Aircraft consists of missile firing units at the lower corners of the screen, with airplanes randomly moving across the sky. Missile firing and angle are controlled by the players with the intent of hitting an enemy plane which, in one version, can climb or dive to avoid the missiles. This is a game equivalent to the type found in amusement centers, even to the flashing of the screen when a plane is hit.

The 12-page plans for Jaws-2 and Space Race have some similarities with Anti-Aircraft -6) IC's are identical, but are wired differently for control and image presentation. Jaws-2 shows 2 divers, a fish and a shark displayed on the screen. Players (divers) compete to catch the most randomly moving fish before being "caten" by the randomly swimming shark that is programmed to home in on any nearby diver!

Space Race has player-controlled rockets that attempt to move vertically up the screen without being hit by small horizontally-moving meteoroids.

Since the clock, sync, score and video output circuits are designed to be the same for all of Advanced Electronics' games, they offer a PC board for \$12.95 that holds 28 IC'S plus various resistors and capacitors. For the Jaws-2, Space Race and Anti-Aircraft 1 & 2 games, the PC board to hold 40 IC's, a ROM (Read-Only Memory) and associated circuity is \$15.95; this is for locating and moving the objects and forming their images on the screen.

Advanced Microcomputer Products: The General Instruments Ay3 850-0 H MOS/LSI TV IC, used in the majority of ready-made TV games, is offered by itself for \$39.95, with a PC board and instructions for \$49.95 or as a kin with video output (no case) for \$69.95. The instructions cover all six games (Tennis, Hockey, Squash, Pelota, and Rife Shot 1 & 2), but the parts in the kit do not include the photo-sensitive rifle parts to be offered at a later date.

The plans are not designed for a beginner and are poorly reproduced. However, the assembly of a TV game from this IC is relatively simple and involves mostly the addition of switches. The external oscillator and video output circuits require two inexpensive ICs. The advantage of this kit is the number of builder-selected options available with this very versatile zame chip.

Allied Leisure Industries: Manufacturers of 29 different coin-operated pinball and specialty amusement games, Allied Leisure has entered the home video-game market with two





ALLIED LEISURE, (above) the Name of the Game No. 1, (left) the Name of the Game No. 2.

units. One is a 2-player unit, another is a 4-player unit. Each player uses a hand control unit with a 12-foot cord.

APF Electronics: This handsome furniture-styled console in black, walnut and silver, allows two players to compete in three games (Tennis, Hockey, and Squash), or 1 player to



APF ELECTRONICS, TV Fun Games.

compete against the game. It uses most of the options available with the General Instrument IC, except for the rifle games.

ARS Systems: If you like to do it yourself, ARS offers plans for a Basic TV Ping-Pong Game (6 sheets) for \$3.25 that includes a description of operation and construction information, a complete parts list, parts sources, parts layout diagram and a schematic. This is definitely for an advanced experimenter. The instructions include an on-board modulator for TV Channels 2, 3 or 4. Over 50 ICs are used in the basic design. Separate plans are available for Score Display (a pair of 2-digit LED bigslays that count from 00 to 99 with reset capability) for \$2.25; Sound plans are \$2, and plans for a regulated power supply (\$V\$ I,5A) are \$2.50.

Atari: The basic *Pong* unit, also sold under the Sears label, was one of the two initial video game entrants into the consumer field (the other was the Magnavox *Odyssey*). One of

the unusual features of the Atari units is the variation of ball speed and deflection. In a volley (a series of paddle contacts with no misses in-between), the ball speed is constant for the first three hits, and the ball deflects off the paddle at any one of 7 angles (depending on which part of the paddle contacts



ATARI, Super Pong.

the ball). However, on the 4th through 7th paddle contact in a volley, the ball speeds up and the deflection angles are narrowed. The 8th paddle contact speeds up the ball to its top speed, and the paddle deflection angles are their narrows. You can play against the machine by positioning the paddles to "lock-up" the ball in a repeating pattern.

Cal Kit' The basie Ping-Pointronics kit (TV-3) uses 12 IC's mounted on a single PC board and is furnished with an excellent assembly manual. It still is not recommended for beginners, however. An optional accessory kit (TV-4, S33) that can be mounted directly to the main game board adds scoring, two sound effects and automatic serve to the basic game. A special drilled and silk-screened case (TV-11, S12.50) contains the whole game, including options. If you want the basic PC board, it's available as TV-1 for \$12. The PC board for the sound and socre add-on option (TV-2) is \$85.0. For \$15.50 you can order all the IC's for the basic game (TV-6) and all the basic game sexkets (TV-8) for \$6.50.

The finished basic game has several unusual features: the ball speed can be controlled over a wide range, from rather slow to very fast, and stank buttons cause the ball to double in speed for catching your opponent off guard. A feature called Aimshot allows you to closely control the ball return angle—it depends on what part of the paddle hist the ball. While some games provided up to seven return angles based on paddle contact, this game provides 16! A CyraBNETIEN SMOPE Switch selects either man against machine, for either side, or machine versus machine.

Games played are Ping-Pong, Gravity (ball bounces in an are simulating gravity), Handball (1 player) and Basketball (player tries to shoot ball through gap in upper court boundary)

**Coleco:** One of the first games using the General Instrument IC to be sold in stores—usually in the toy department—this unit offers many of the options contained within the IC. The on-screen digital scoring, 3-toned sound, and variations in



COLECO INDUS-TRIES, Telstar.

ball-speed and paddle-size (beginner, intermediate and professional) keep the game interesting. Games played are Tennis, Hockey and 1-player Handball (so you can practice against the machine).

The Classic model appears to be the same unit in a more luxurious wooden case.

CIRCUITY,

Exterprex: The four games played with this unit are Tennis,
Hockey, Squash and Robot. Most of the options offered by
the GI IC are switch-selected. The levers used to control
paddle movement are linear potentiometers and are more
natural in use than the knobs (rotary potentiometers) found

influences Basically a toy manufacturer. Entex has entered this field with game that has several unique features. It operates for the properties of the prop

Fairchild: The Video Entertainment System is the first home video electronic game to use replaceable Videocart cartridges to provide an unlimited number of format selections. Two games resident in the System are Tennis and Hockey. The first add-on cartridge (\$20) adds Tic-Tac-Toc. Shooting Gallery and Doodle (a tracing game.) A total of 17 games are planned to be available by Christmas, with others to follow. Educational and other applications are also planned

The heart of the system is the game console which incorporates a Fairchild F8 Microprocessor and four solid-state RAM's (Random Access Memories).

Although the comparison chart seems lacking in checkmarks for this unit, that's because specific information is lacking as this is written, not because this unit doesn't have the tabulated features. In all likelihood, this system will offer more options than any other unit covered, simply because of the inherent flexibility of the microprocessor/cartridge design approach

First Dimension: Four different models are offered. The Video Sports 76 uses many of the options of the GI chip, with the Video Sports 76C adding color when used with a color TV. The Mark IV uses a different chip and slide controls, but therwise is very similar to the 76C. The model FD 3000W is





FIRST DIMENSION models Mark IV (left) and FD3000W (right).

a more advanced design offering six games in one, two or four players, and even features boundary adjustment controls for a perfect display. (This compensates for non-linearity on many TV sets.) Surprisingly, however, for such a sophisticated design, horizontal advancing bars above the court boundary indicate individual scores instead of on-screen digital scoring.

Global Video: A large 50-inch diagonal big-screen color television receiver primarily designed for taverns, lounges, offices, schools and clubs, this unit can be used with closed circuit television, video cassettes, slide and movie projectors and also with their own 4-player Challenge video game.

Heath: The lowest-priced complete kit using all the features of the GI IC, this game is intended to be connected to Heathkit solid-state color and black-and-white TV's, with five easy clip-on connections to the chassis (and a cable connector



HEATH model GD-

for easy removal). Two target games will not be usable until the optional rifle is available early next year.

Interdat: This very versatile game, formerly called Pong IV, is offered in three kit forms. The "Pix its fully wired and tested with vertical and horizontal sweep oscillators tuned. The unit only requires mechanical assembly into the main cabinet and remote control enclosures, and costs \$99.50. For \$89.50 you can order the "C" kit that has the main board



INTERFAB, TV Tennis shown above. Internal view of TV Tennis shown at right.



completely soldered and short-circuit tested, but requires cabling to the switches and controls. The "D" kit, for \$50, has all the main board components properly mounted and held to the top of the board in a plastic package. Simyly solder on the underside, remove the plastic, then wire to the controls and switches.

All likts include a pre-drilled cabinet, pre-drilled remote control cases, all hardware, wire and cables. The unit uses 43 ICs, 93 resistors, 42 capacitors, 18 diodes and 4 transistors mounted on a two-sided PC board, so it's not for a beginner. The instructions are adequate for assembly and troubleshooting, but if you lack the equipment or know-how and your unit doesn't work properly, Interfab will repair and tune your unit for \$15 including return postage.

Since you build this unit yourself, you can make modifications. For example, you can add or change resistors to move the borders of the two basic games, Tennis and Handball. You can replace the knob controls for vertical and horizontal movement with joysticks. Also, you can modify the two automatic games (man vs. machine or machine vs. machine) to allow a miss now and then. You do this by inserting a 470K. 'We resistor in series with the AUTOMATIC switch for either or both sides.

The output of this game, as supplied in kit form, is video. However, the PC board is etched for the addition of a UHF modulated oscillator using a 2N5770 transistor, 4 resistors, 2 capacitors and a piece of brass or copper. The typical circuit is

furnished by Interfab or could be found in radio circuit handbooks—or you could use the PXV-2A VHF Modulated Oscillator mentioned earlier in this article.

Interstate Industries: This unit plays the Gl IC standard games Tennis, Hockey, 2-player Handball and 1-player Handball in black-and-white, but offers all the available paddle and ball options as well as using wired remote controls. The game is packaged in a relatively small smartly-styled main

console.

James: Kitl A, for \$179.95, consists of a professional game PC board that is assembled and tested, and 2 professional Kraft joysticks (these joysticks are used in radio-control for model airplanes and are very high quality). This is the same game seen in many commercial establishments. Accessory B, for \$3.95, consists of six feet of ribbon cable (flat multi-conductor color-coded insulated wires) and three switches.



JAMES ELECTRONICS, Accessories A, B and C.

You can add two more Kraft joysticks with Accessory C for \$39.95. There are actually four ways to play this game, selected by two switches: I player against the machine, 2 players against aceh other, 3 players against the machine or 4 players against each other. Sooring marks show at the beginning of a game and one mark disappears with each score down to zero. No enclosure is offered and the output is strictly black-and-white video. Also, a regulated 5-volt 2-ampere power supply must be added.

Lafayette: The Tournament 2000 is made for Lafayette by Unisonic. It uses a GI chip and offers most of the options, including the two rifle games. It appears to be the only unit in this report that INCLUDES the electronic rifle, which has the



LAFAYETTE, Tournament 2000.

additional feature of a removable stock and barrel to convert it into an electronic pistol. With wired remote slide controls and manual soorekeeping in addition to the on-screen digital score display, this may be the most versatile unit in its price range. Furthermore, Lafayette lowers the price at times in limited special promotions.

Magnavox: Although the older Odyssey 100 and 200 models



MAGNAVOX, Odyssey 500.

are still in some stores, the newer models (300, 400 and 500) have more features and are being heavily promoted. Also, Magnavox is the first to offer a video game built-into a color TV receiver. They are also offering the first ready-made home video game (Odyssey 500) with simulated playing figures on the screen instead of rectangles, and full-color playing fields. (Some color displays only have colored paddles, ball or score). The regular games are Tennis, thockey and Smash (Handhall) with Soccer added to the model 500 and Smash omitted from the model 100.

Microelectronic Systems: The games are Ricochet (player versus machine in 3-wall Handball), Racquetball (2-player 3-wall Handball), Tennis and Hockey. Various switches and buttons provide 72 possible game combinations!

National Semiconductor: This game uses the National MMS7100 TV Game IC to provide all the logic necessary to generate backgrounds, paddles, ball and digital scoring for Hockey, Tennis and Handball. A 3.58 MHz crystal and a divide-by-3//2 IC provide full color-including different colored backgrounds for each game—on color TV sets. There



NATIONAL SEMI-CONDUCTOR, Adversary.

are three selectable paddle sizes and the ball speed increases automatically after 4 hits. Hockey can be played with one player for practice against the machine. The paddles deflect the ball or puck at any one of seven angles depending upon the point of contact with the paddle, but no switch is provided to change these angles. Unlike many units, this design is limited to manual serve only and the sound comes through the TV speaker. The unit is strictly AC powered.

RCA: The Distributor and Special Products Division has filed an application for FCC type approval for a new TV game. Although, at presstime, we have little information on this new game, it is said to be based on the RCA COSMAC microprocessor. According to present plans, it is it intalitively scheduled for introduction on a regional basis during January 1977, and will be offered for nationally later in the year.

Radio Shack: This unit appears to be identical with the Microelectronics Ricochet, except for the names given to the

Southwest Technical Products: This is a relatively simple kit using only 10 IC's, but only has video output. Single white squares on each side of the screen represent space ships that can be moved vertically by the players. Each can also fire a single-burst "laser beam" at the opponent. If hit by the beam, the opponent's ship disappears from the screen and he loses. However, if the laser beam misses, the aggressor's ship blinks for several seconds while his laser is "recharging". During this recharge time (since he can't fire? his only defense is to keep out of his adversary's line of fire. To add to the fun, the movement controls are intentionally sluggish.

Tokyo Phoenix: The four games in this unit are the standard GI IC games of Tennis, Hockey, Squash and I-player Handball. The sound comes through the TV, so there is a possibility of leaving the game on unintentionally after turning off the TV.

Universal Research: The Video Action series includes a Game Table and an educational game called Fact. The Game Table appears to be the Video Action IV with a black-and-white video monitor built into an eight-sided table with a card-playing top and checkers/chess/backgammon insers that are removed during video game play. The automatic continued on page 84

commune on page o

# **CB** Radio

# 23 or 40 When Should You Buy?

If you're hesitant about buying a 23-channel CB because the new 40-channel models are on the wav-don't be. Here's why

#### FRED PETRAS

LIKE MANY READERS OF RADIO-ELECTRONICS WHO ARE THINKing of buying a Citizens band radio, you may be caught in the confusion surrounding CB's expansion from a 23-channel to 40-channel medium on Jan. 1, 1977. And, typically, you may have decided to forego your purchase. "Why buy a 23channel CB now, when in a matter of weeks it will be o'ssolete?" was the question you posed to yourself, and answered with a decision to sit tight.

The Federal Communication Commission's announcement in late July that as of Jan. 1, 1977, 17 new Class-D channels would be added, also had an effect on current owners of CB equipment. "In effect," they told themselves, "come the New Year, our 23-channel rigs are dead as a dodo.'

Both negative assumptions are false. The prospective CB buyer, holding off, may be doing himself a disservice. That decision may be costing him money. Why? Because at the moment the CB market is a big bargain field, with prices of 23-channel transceivers slashed as much as 50 percent by manufacturers and dealers to make way for new 40-channel models. If ever there was a time to buy a CB, now is it. Instead of buying a "starter" model as you may have been planning. you can now buy a deluxe unit and still have a few dollars left in your budget.

"But," you say, "Why buy something that will be obsolete?" Push the thought from your mind; you have some options, some "outs," to protect your investment.

#### **Buyer protection**

Those options are in the form of "buyers' insurance plans" being offered by manufacturers and/or their dealers to protect your investment. The 23-channel set you buy today-at a bigbargain price-can either be factory-modified at a low cost to accommodate the 17 new channels, or, you can exchange it for a 40-channel set, again at low cost, or, you can get a big discount or trade-in on a new 40 by way of a certificate you obtain with your 23-channel set purchase.

Typical of these plans are those from Hy-Gain and Pearce-Simpson. If you buy one of their current 23-channel transceivers and decide in 1977 that you'd like 40-channel capability, merely send the unit back to the factory (postpaid) along with \$25. It will be returned to you (postpaid) "remanufactured" with 17 more channels. Under Pathcom's plan, consumers buying its Pace CB equipment before Jan. 1 can have it updated to 40 channels any time during 1977 for "no more than 20 percent additional cost," or \$25 to \$90, depending on the unit. SBE has a similar plan, with conversion costs ranging from \$35 to \$95. Under RCA's plan, conversions cost \$40; J.I.L. charges \$35.

Sharp Electronics offers purchasers of a 23-channel rig a chance to exchange it for a brand new 40-channel unit at a cost of only \$30, up to Jan. 31, 1977.

And there are other protection plans, Dynascan, for example, has a two-way deal; if you buy one of its Cobra 23channel models now, you get a certificate entitling you to a conversion to 40 channels at \$40, or a \$40 discount on a new 40-channel Cobra CB. Handic allows purchasers of its 23channel CB's to turn in a certificate for a new 40-channel model at half price (without trading in the 23). Colt Communications, under their "Investment Protection Trade-In Program," allows purchasers of its 23-channel model 280, through March 15, 1977, the option of trading in that set

40-channel unit. Kris, Inc., is offering purchasers of its 23's up









toward a new 1977 Colt model and apply 100 percent of the purchase price paid against the suggested retail price of the

to \$140 credit toward purchase of a 40-channel model.

Perhaps the most generous program—especially in terms of time—is offered by Channel Master. Under its "Future 40" buyer protection program, purchasers of its 23-channel transceivers (who also receive a \$399.9 Power Wing antenna free with their purchase) receive a certificate guaranteeing either conversion or swap privileges for a span of 2½ years, in three strium \$108.7" Between Jan. 1 and June 30, 1977, a retrofit conversion on the firm's model 6332 will cost \$449.5 a swap.





BOSHEI C-7500

HANDIC 2350



BROWNING SST



GENERAL FLECTRIC 3-5820

for a new 40-channel unit, \$74.95. From July 1, 1977 to June 30, 1978, the retrofit costs \$54.95, the swap \$84.95. From that point to June 30, 1979, the conversion will cost \$64.95, the swap \$94.95. Such conversion/swaps will be priced somewhat lower on the firm's model 6830.

(Channel Master notes that it is making this kind of offer because it feels that "Forty-channel operation will be generally limited until 1978. There will be over 25 million mobile 23-channel units in use in 1977, and very few 40-channel units. Therefore, a consumer may not wish to exercise his retrofit or swap options until he feels that enough 40-channel transecieves are on the air.")

For those prospects considering a combination stereo player/CB rig. Clation Corp. of America has an interesting trade-in program. Purchasers of its component-type in-dash cassette and catridge combinations that feature a separate 23-channel transceiver module can have a brand new 40-channel version of the module, along with a new microphone, for about \$129.

At presstime, other companies were finalizing plans for





MIDLAND 13-882C

KRIS XL-23





HY-GAIN Hy-range V

conversions, exchanges and trade-ins to encourage prospective CB'ers to go out and buy 23-channel CB now, with the assurance that their purchases have a long future and will not be obsolete.

(NOTE: While the above applies to most major, nationallyadvertised brands, there are exceptions that generally apply to products from lesser-known manufacturers. Before you buy, determine what the protection plan is, and make sure it applies to the unit you intend to buy. Another point to consider in the plans outlined above is that Dec. 31 is given as the cut-off time for purchases of 23-channel rigg that will be protected. As we go to press, rumors are rampant that more 23's are on the way from the Orient and some will be arriving in the United States too late to be sold by Dec. 31. It is quite possible that some of the protection plans will be extended, to cover 23-channel set by prochases after Jan. 1. Again, check before vou buy.

#### When to buy

The one outstanding factor that makes the purchase of a 23channel CB now a no-lose proposition is that in many, if not most instances, the price differential between what you save





PACE CB-166

PALOMAR Digicom 100





PEARCE-SIMPSON Bobcat 23C

**GLOBE ELECTRONICS 9000** 

by buying a 23-channel rig will be greater than the amount you might pay for a conversion, exchange, or trade-in. For instance, you might buy a big-name 23-channel CB at \$89.95 now versus the regular price of \$139.95, for a saving of \$50, and later pay only \$25 to \$40 for a conversion.

And there's another way to look at it. While you can buy a 23-channel now at a bigger-than-usual discount, you will not likely be able to buy a 40-channel at discount when they initially become available. The old law of supply and demand will prevail. The new 40-channel models will be in short supply for many months, according to the best information we have at prestime. This will be due to the short production period between the time the FCC type-approves the new sets, and January I, their availability date.

Furthermore, the new 40-channel models will be higher priced than their 23-channel counterparts, by an estimated average of 20 percent. Thus, the new 40-channel version of the \$139.95 23-channel model you bought for \$89.95 will sell for about \$16.995. Allowing \$25 to \$40 for a conversion, you come out at least \$40 ahead by buying that 23-channel model NOW.

Another assurance that 23-channel CB will not be obsolete





SBE Cortez





RCA 14T200

NUVOX TC-5020





LAFAYETTE Telsat SSB-100







ROBYN DG-30

SHAKESPEARE GBS/5000

channel models. A company spokesman said the move was in line with RCA's belief that "Most CB activity will remain on the existing 23 channels for a long time." He went on to say "There are approximately 15 million 23-channel CB units in use today. Throughout many areas of the country, 23 channels are more than sufficient for normal operation."

One Massachusetts sales rep firm, in a letter to its dealers, noted that "after Jan. I. 1977, 90 to 95 percent of all general CB communications will continue on the present 23 channels for several years at the very least. And at current price levels, the 23-channel sets are *quite a bay.*"

In fact, some manufacturers envision a continuing life for 23-channel C be even after 40-channel his the market. Their reasoning is that the two types are actually two product categories, with the approximate 20 percent price differential between them automatically setting them up as such. Priced lower, the 23-channel models will attract the first-time buyer or the consumer on a budget. The 40-channel models will be "upgrades" or "stepups" for the more sophisticated or more involved CBer.

Current owners of 23-channel transceivers, worrying about their equipment being as dead as a dodo bird, should not have such fears. Their equipment will have the potential to serve





**CRAIG 4103** 

**ROYCE 1-662** 





SILTRONIX Cherokee SSB-23A

STANDARD Horizon 29

them indefinitely. The FCC will be among the first to point that out. As noted in the October issue of Radio-Electronics, FCC chairman Richard Wiley said, "No present CB sets will in any way be made obsolete. The FCC is very disturbed by The future of 23 channels

As far as 23-channel CB's becoming obsolete is concerned, the following are some reasons why it won't. First off, the CB world will not change overnight. It will, in effect, gradually phase out from one state-of-the-art into another, with the new state-of-the-art not necessarily a worthy advance for all CB'ers. Overall, there will be a noticeable change—but only after a considerable while. For instance, it will be many months, perhaps as much as two years according to some manufacturing sources, before enough 40-channel models will be sold so that new-set purchasers will have someone to talk to. And this 40-channel CB population rise will occur mostly in major cities where channel congestion is greatest. The rural-area user may go begging for lack of possible air contact on the new channels.

Contributing to a lack of CB communications on the new channels will be an expected shortage of 40-channel rigs in the first half of 1977. As noted, manufacturers will have only a short period in which to make new equipment before the sale date arrives. Some companies, whose products fail to make the grade at FCC testing labs, will not have 40-channel sets for sale come Jan. 1.

Secondly, no one really expects a mad rush of consumers to the nearest CE store to pick up a 40-channel model. Initial purchasers will be CB "nuts"—those who have to be first on the block with the latest; and avoid keepers-up-with-the-Jones. According to many sources—manufacturers, sales represent-atives, dealers—most people with 23-channel sets will stick with them once they check out all the ramifications of the 23/40-channel situation, and find that there are really very few reasons to switch to 40-channels. Let's enumerate some of those ramifications.

 Most CB'ers settle down to operations on a few channels once they've got their basic dial-chasing out of the way. These few channels prove sufficient in most localities.

 The opening of 17 new channels will not affect the two most popular channels—9 and 19. Channel 9 will continue to be the emergency channel. Channel 19 will be the truckers' channel.

 All current 23 channels will continue to be used. Only Channel 11 will be modified; now a "calling only" channel, it will lose that restriction come Jan. I.

 If you live in a congested metropolitan area, the addition of 17 new channels will eventually decongest the current 23channels to some degree—making for better communications on them.

• The new channels will be more interference-prone because many illegal single-sideband sets operate on them.

Many industry executives say that 23-channel rigs will
prove to be better performers than most of the upcoming 40channel models because of the FCC's strict modulation
requirements for the new models. Those requirements will cut the
broadcasting range of the 40-channel models. It is also
claimed that the strict new chassis radiation requirements will cut
also contribute to reducing transmission range of the new
sets.

So, summing up, we'd like to say this: There is no reason to hold off buying a 23-channel CB in the current buyer's market, and possibly pass up one of the best electronic product bargains you may ever see.

R-E

# RADIO-ELECTRONICS

# Analog Voltmeters

# alive and well today and tomorrow



The analog voltmeter has not been abandoned.
Here's a rundown of the different types currently
available—their features, specifications and applications

CHARLES GILMORE\*

\* Manager Design Engineering, Heath Co.. Benton Harbor, MI

AS THE COST OF THE DIGITAL MULTIMETERS continues to go down, many people are seen beginning to worry about the future of the analog multimeter. Although it has lost some of its popularity to the digital meter, with the analog instrument still has many advantages. Foremost is that of price. The digital meter, with a 1 to 1.5 House price accuracy, is in the \$80 range, while \$30 still buys a perfectly suitable electronic analog meter with almost as great accuracy (2 to 3 percent).

The analog meter will be with us for some time, due to its sheer numbers. Digital multimeters number in the hundreds of thousands—analog voltmeters in the millions. That many meters will not be simply thrown away.

The analog meter actually offers advantages over its digital counterpart in some operations. When the measurement objective is a trend rather than a specific voltage, the analog meter has the simplest display to interpret. Examples of trend measurement are peaking, dipping, and zeroing (nulling). Many measurements—especially in electronic maintenance or service—are trend rather than absolute measurements. The digital meter is especially difficult to use in this mode, and can cause error and frustration.

Frequently, special scales are needed for certain meter uses. Special nonlinear scales, such as decibels, are particularly difficult to develop with the digital meter, but can be set up on an analog meter with little or no added expense. (The person who needs a meter calibrated in decibels is likely to have an analog meter for that purpose.)

Often the analog meter offers the lowest cost, truly portable, multifunction operation. Small size is expensive in any meter. Small analog meters tend to be lower in cost than correspondingly small digital meters. Part of the reason for the reduced size is the normally smaller power requirement of the analog meter.

#### What is an analog multimeter?

Figure 1 is a simplified block diagram of the electronic analog volunteer. Essentially not far different from its passive cousin the VOM, the electronic analog meter contains an amplifier in addition to the meter and the input attenuator. The rectifier, which permits AC operation, may be located in either the input to the amplifier, or after it.

The amplifier gives the electronic analog voltmeter some advantages. It provides high input-impedance, thus reducing a circuit loading considerably. It amplifies the input signal so the voltmeter's maximum sensitivity of the meter movement itself, and it permits operation over a wider frequency range than is possible with simple meter rectifier tyres.

#### Three kinds of meters

Electronic analog multimeters come in three basic types. The original was the vacuum-tube voltmeter (VTVM). Though the sophisticated electronics technician may turn his nose up at the vacuum tube, many VTVM's are still built and sold today. It is a moderately accurate, highly stable, low cost voltmeter. To some extent the VTVM has been replaced, especially in the more sophisticated applications, by the transistor voltmeter (TVM). Most TVM's do all a VTVM can do, and more. There are relatively few low-cost TVM's on the market today.

The transistor volt-ohmmeter (TVOM) is a close relative of the TVM. Frequently the only difference is that the TVM is designed as a bench instrument while the TVOM is designed as a portable one. The TVOM is often referred to as an FET VOM. This name comes from the field-effect transistor used to obtain a high

impedance input.

A third class of electronic analog meter is the AC instrument. There are both AC VIVM's and AC TVM's. The AC volt-meter measures AC voltages only, though it can measure very low levels of AC, especially compared to the ordinary VIVM or TVM. Some AC voltmeters are also able to display decibels on a linear rather than the conventional compressed scale.

#### The VTVM

Figure 2 is a simplified schematic diagram of two conventional dual-triode DC VTVM's. Note the first circuit may be drawn two ways, as a bridge circuit with two of the arms being triodes, (Fig. 2-a) or as a differential amplifier with one input referenced to common (Fig. 2-b). The VTVM bridge circuit may also be drawn as shown in Fig. 2-d, which when redrawn in Fig. 2-d, which when redrawn in Fig. 2-d, which when redrawn may be used to develop the VTVM.

The bridge or differential configuration has a number of advantages. It provides a simple method of making a zero adjustment, and if the tubes are well matched, it is quite free from effects caused by time and temperature.

The input attenuator of the VTVM is usually a simple voltage divider with a total series resistance of 10 megohms. The accuracy of the divider is dependent on the accuracies of its resistors—the loading by the tube is negligible.

The input impedance of the VTVM is often specified as 11 megohns. This consists of the 10-megohn impedance of the attenuator plus one megohn at the probe tip. The additional megohn, which is shutted by the capacitance of the probe's shielded cable, forms a low-pass filter. This filter keeps AC signals (sepecially the control of the co

When the VTVM is switched to AC, a rectifier is inserted in the signal path. This peak-responding voltage-doubler is inserted ahead of the bridge, as shown in Fig. 3 Most range attenuation takes place at the DC attenuator, after rectification on the rectifier (without expecting bead down voltage) the more linear the conversion to DC. Non-linearities become great enough on the lowest AC range to

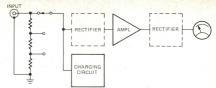


FIG. 1-ELECTRONIC ANALOG MULTIMETER, generalized block diagram.

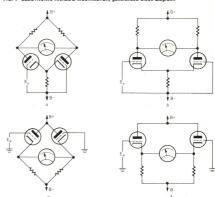


FIG. 2—TWO BASIC BRIDGE CIRCUITS of the VTVM. Each is drawn first as a bridge, then as a differential amplifier, with one of the inputs returned to common ground.

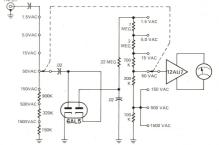


FIG. 3-A SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC of the AC portion of the Heathkit model IM-18 vacuum tube voltmeter.



FIG. 4—BASIC OHMMETER CIRCUIT. Adjustments bring the meter to full scale with probes open-circuited.

require a specially calibrated meter scale. Signals in excess of 150 volts are attenuated, as higher voltages exceed the peak reverse voltage of commonly used rectifier tubes. The AC attenuator is not compensated when it is limited to a one-megohm total series impedance.

total series impedance. If either a II-measure response is reextended high-frequency response is reextended high-frequency response is reextended high-frequency response is fretotal properties. These capacitors are adjusted to ensure
that the capacitive portion of he voltage
divider is of the same ratio as the resistive
portion. The capacitors provide the correct voltage division for high-frequency
signals while the resistors provide the division for the low-frequency and DC signals.

The rectifier of the type shown in Fig. 3 has a DC output voltage proportional to the peak-to-peak value of the applied AC voltage. Most AC measurements, however, are made in terms of the RMS value of the signal. A voltage divider at the rectifier output reduces the peak-to-peak DC to a DC voltage equal to the RMS value of the rectified AC signal. Some VTVM's have a mode permitting direct display of peakto-peak voltages. The RMS valves are accurate only if the peak-to-peak to RMS ratio is 2.828-that is to say, if the input signal is a pure sine wave. Square, triangle and pulse waveforms give erroneous readings on the RMS scale, but read correctly on a peak-to-peak scale.

#### The VTVM as ohmmeter

The common ohmmeter circuit for the VTVM is the voltage-divider type. In this circuit (Fig. 4) the meter scale has a nonlinear calibration. The voltage across the unknown resistance (Rx) is the ratio of the unknown resistance to the sum of the range resistor (RR) and the unknown resistor. Typically, the lowest resistance range uses a 10-ohm range resistor. With no resistance across the terminals, the voltmeter shows the open-circuit voltage of the battery. This point is calibrated as infinity on the ohmmeter scale. With a 10-ohm resistor connected to the terminals, half the battery voltage is displayed on the scale. Ten ohms is the center-scale reading of this meter. With a direct short across the terminals, the meter reads zero. When the ohmmeter is switched to the × 100 scale, the total series (range) resistance is increased to 100 ohms. This gives us a center-scale reading of 100 ohms. Each succeeding range of the ohmmeter increases the series resistance by a factor of 10. (Occasionally, other values of series resistance are used.)

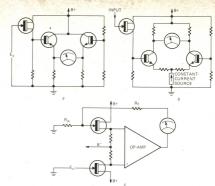


FIG. 5-THREE BASIC AMPLIFIERS for the VTVM. The Heathkit IM-17 VTVM is shown in a. The Heathkit IM-25 TVM is shown in b. It follows the classic VTVM bridge with gain. The Heathkit IM-104 TVOM, using an operational amplifier is shown in c.

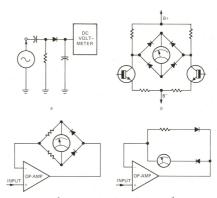


FIG. 6—FOUR TVM RECTIFIER CIRCUITS. Type used on very simple TVM's is shown in a. Rectifier is peak responding. A full-wave bridge used after the differential amplifier in b. Rectifier is average responding. Full-wave bridge used with the operational amplifier, also average responding, is shown in c. Another operational amplifier circuit is shown in d. Rectifier is half-wave and average responding.

#### The TVM

The original TVM was nothing more than a solid-state version of the VTVM. Expanding knowledge has changed the design from the original simple one. Shown in Fig. 5 are three circuits used as the DC section of solid-state electronic multimeters. Fig. 5-a is the simple balancet.

bridge, characteristic of many VTVM's. In the solid-state version, the low impedance of the bipolar transistor loads a highimpedance attenuator. Consequently a field-effect transistor is used as the input device. There is no gain in such a circuit, so TVM's of this type have a maximum (continued on page 82)

# JANUARY 1977

# How Noise is Measured in HI-FI

PAG FOR LEVEL EQUALIZATION

AC VIVW

PRODUCT
UNDER
TIEST

REFERENCE
GENERATOR

FIG. 1—TYPICAL SETUP for measuring signal-to-noise (S/N) railion

Manufacturers measure signal-to-noise ratios different-

ly. Before you compare, know the differences

#### LEN FELDMAN

CONTRIBUTING HI-FI EDITOR

THERE IS ONE SPECIFICATION RELATING TO high-fidelity equipment that has received increasing attention in recent years. That specification is noise, or more properly, signal-to-noise ratio. If one defines distortion as the presence of any signal in the output of a piece of equipment that is not present at the input, then noise is certainly a form of distortion. The only difference between harmonic or intermodulation distortion and "noise" is that harmonic and IM distortion consist of discrete identifiable frequencies whereas noise, as we commonly refer to it, contains varying amounts of random frequencies. It is generally agreed that noise that occurs outside the audio spectrum (above 20,000 Hz or below 20 Hz), while certainly within the broad definition of noise, is of no great concern. For this reason, noise measurements were originally made with low-pass and high-pass filters having cut-off points that eliminated the affects of noise beyond the limits of the audio spectrum

#### Annoyance factor

Recently, I received a letter from a reader who complained that he had been studying the specifications of two competing receivers that he was considering for his hi-fi system. Since his prime interest was in listening to records, he was particularly concerned with the phono signal-to-noise (S/N) ratio. Receiver "A" claimed a phono S/N ratio of 0 dB, while receiver "B" boasted a phono S/N ratio of 70 dB. Both specifications were referenced to an input signal level of 2.5 millivolts and both receivers had equal output power capability, so he was convinced that meither manufacturer was playing any

games by varying the input or output reference level. Convinced that receiver "B" would be his choice, he found a dealer who stocked both models and did some listening tests. Much to his surprise, receiver "B" had noticeably more hum (easily discernible during quieter passages of music on the record he was playing) than receiver "A". And hum certainly qualifies as one form of "noise", even if it does consist of discrete frequencies (usually 60 Hz and multiples thereof). Was the manufacturer of receiver "B" lying in his published specifications? Not at all. What the maker of receiver "B" had failed to specify is that his measurements were made using a "weighting network"-in this case, an "A" weight-

Long ago, researchers discovered that humans do not hear all frequencies at the same audible level when all frequencies are reproduced at equal measured intensity. The now familiar Fletcher-Munson curves reveals that particularly at low listening levels, we are less sensitive to extreme bass and extreme high frequencies. Since noise, in any reasonable piece of hi-fi equipment is reproduced at very low levels, it stands to reason that this "non-flat response" characteristic of human hearing would play an important role in evaluating the annovance factor of noise. As an example, 60-Hz hum reproduced at 60-dB below some arbitrary loud listening level should be less annoying to a listener than a 1000-Hz tone reproduced at the same level. Similarly, a hissing type of noise containing primarily frequencies over 10,000 Hz should be less audibly annoying than highfrequency noise centered at around 5,000 Hz or so. These considerations gave rise to the first three types of 'weighting networks" that are commonly used in acoustic and electrical noise measurements. The three weighting curves are known as "C" weighting, "B weighting and "A" weighting. They were standardized by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI). When making noise measurements, the weighting networks are inserted between the output of the device being measured and an average-reading AC voltmeter. The setup is shown in Fig. 1. A reference output level is first established by applying some known input to the device. This reference output level is very often the rated output of the device being tested. The signal is then removed from the input, the input is grounded and the weighting network is inserted between the output of the device being tested and the AC meter. If the network has an insertion loss, this loss must be taken into account when the noise reading is taken. The noise read on the voltmeter is then expressed as "so many dB below the reference output" and, for a complete description of the measurement, the words "A Weighted" (or "B", or "C") should be added

#### ABC's of weighting networks

The standard "C" network has a frequency response with a continuous roll-off above 10,000 Hz and below 20 Hz. This roll-off is at a rate of 6 dB-peroctave or greater.

The "B" weighting network is similar to the "C" network but with the addition a simple high-pass network having its half-power (-3dB) point at 160

The "A" network changes the response with respect to a "C" network by the same amount as two simple cascaded identical non-isolated resistor-capacitor high-pass networks, each having its half power (-3 dB) point at 280

Figure 3 shows a simple circuit that has the same frequency response as an "A" network. It is designed to operate from a 600-ohm source impedance and to be terminated at its output with at least a 1-meg ohm impedance of a vacuum-tube voltmeter.

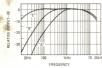


FIG. 2—STANDARD WEIGHTING CURVES commonly used in measuring signal-to-noise ratios.

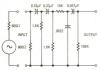


FIG. 3—"A" WEIGHTING CHARACTERISTIC is provided by simple passive circuit.

#### Built-in noise weighting

The principle of interposing a specific frequency-response characteristic that is designed to lessen noise is familiar to anyone who has studied FM broadcasting standards. An FM receiver has a built-in low-pass R—C filter after the FM detector that attenuates frequencies above 1 kHz.

To illustrate the affects of the built-in low-pass filter, Fig. 4 shows two succes-

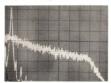
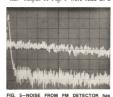


FIG. 4—NOISE FROM FM TUNER is attenuated at high-frequencies because of 75 microsecond de-emphasis.

sive sweeps of our spectrum analyzer. In this case, the sweep was linear and each box from left to right on the graticule represents a span of 2 kHz. The sharp peak at the left is our reference signal (1 kHz). For the second sweep, this signal was removed, and the signal strength was reduced to zero. The random noise is shown to have decreasing amplitude with frequency when measured from the main output of the tuner because we are measuring the noise after the signal has passed through the so-called 75-micro-second de-emphasis network. It is down some 14 dB or so at 10 kHz (mid-trace)

Next, we connected our measurement setup directly to the detector output of the same tuner (ahead of the deemphasis network), and again repeated the two sweeps, making sure that our reference 1-kHz tone was at the same relative level as before. Disregarding the lower sweep (that resulted from residual noise in our measurement system), you will note that the noise (at the center of the scope face, vertically) has an almost constant amplitude from 0 to 20,000 Hz. Clearly, if both the de-emphasized output in the case of Fig. 4 and the "flat" output of Fig. 5 were read as a "flat" output of Fig. 5 were read as a



almost constant amplitude due to the lack of de-emphasis.

single measurement on a VTVM, the reading in the case of the "flat" output would be many dB greater than that of the de-emphasized noise output.

#### The "A" weighting curve

Shown in Fig. 6 is another dual-sweep presentation on our spectrum analyzer.



FIG. 6-ACTUAL "A" WEIGHTING network frequency response.

The horizontal line at the top is a reference level sweep from 20 Hz to 20,000 Hz. This time the spectrum analyzer is set for a logarithmic sweep. Each octave takes up the same amount of space from left to right, the way we are most accustomed to examining an audio frequency response. The superim-

posed curved response is that obtained by inserting the "A" network of Fig. 3 between the swept-frequency signal source and the spectrum analyzer's input that was adjusted to take into account the insertion losses of the filter network. Compare this curve with the hand drawn plot of the official "A" weighting characteristic of Fig. 2. Note that at 60 Hz, response of the network itself is down some 40 dB, while at 120 Hz, its down approximately 15 dB (éeach vertical division on the scope face coulas a 10-dB chance in amplitude).

In any noise measurements using an "A" weighting network, hum components will not contribute to the "single reading" on a voltmeter. Only noise in the region from around 500 Hz to 10 kHz will determine what the averaging-VTVM will read. If a given piece of equipment had substantial noise above 10 kHz, this component of noise would also be attenuated by the roll-off action of the network above 10 kHz. The shape of the "A" weighting response curve was designed to correspond with what many researchers believed to be the "annovance" factor of noise rather than with its absolute amplitude.

#### Annovance factor

More recently, studies have suggested that the so-called "annoyance factor" of noise does not necessarily correspond with the "equal loudness" curves of the old Fletcher-Munson studies. The more from the "A" weighting network in that it includes a sharp cut-off filter above 9 kHz. Recent developments in audio have extended the bandwidth of hi-fle cupiment to well beyond 15 kHz, and many audiophiles now believe that a "correct" weighting network (that will truly correlate annoyance factor with metered noise readings) must be capameter.



FIG. 7—CCIR WEIGHTING NETWORK frequency response.

ble of taking extreme high-frequency noise into account.

One such network is known as the CCIR weighting network and its characteristics are shown in Fig. 7 using the same double-sweep method used in Fig. 6. Two things are particularly interesting about this curve. Notice that in the

region above 2 kHz and extending to about 12 kHz, the curve actually emphasizes noise contained in that bandwidth. In other words, this network implies that noise at around 3 to 6 kHz, if present in a system, is actually more annoying (and should be given greater emphasis in any measurement) than program information contained in that same region of frequencies. The other difference between the "A" weighting network and the CCIR network is that attenuation in the newly proposed weighting network cocurs at a higher frequency at the high end of the spectrum.

Comparing the frequency response of the "A" network (Fig. 6) with the new CCIR network (Fig. 7) reveals that for frequencies below 2 kHz, the CCIR network de-emphasizes noise contributions to a greater degree than does the "A" network while for frequencies between 2 kHz and 15 kHz, noise contributions within that range are emphasized with respect to the "A" network. Clearly, the CCIR network is going to reveal those hi-fi-products that have high-frequency hiss or noise as having poorer S/N ratios than will the "A curve, while those products that have a somewhat greater noise contribution at low frequencies will yield a poorer overall S/N figure when measured with an "A" network than when measured with the CCIR network.

Since noise measurements of tape and tape decks are concerned more with tape hiss than with hum and low frequency noise, the CCIR method would seem to lend itself particularly to such measurements. To illustrate this, we altered the sweep of our spectrum analyzer so that it would sweep linearly (so that the high-frequency region would not be as compressed as it is in log sweep and would therefore be easier to analyze in detail), so that one horizontal division equals a sweep of 2000 Hz (beginning at 0 Hz at the left). Using a high-quality cassette deck, we first established a reference level below which the noise was to be measured using no weighting network whatever, as shown in Fig. 8. We then recorded a



FIG. 8—TAPE NOISE from cassette deck measured with no weighting network.

no-signal condition on the tape for some sufficient time and played back the "noise" for our second sweep (lower sweep of Fig. 8). Noise level is practically constant over the entire range of sweep.

Next, we inserted the "A" weighting network between the output of the tape deck and the spectrum analyzer and repeated the two sweeps. The upper sweep of Fig. 9 shows the characteristic

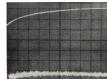


FIG. 9—TAPE NOISE from cassette deck measured with "A" weighting network.

of the "A" network, while the lower sweep exhibits diminished noise at the low-frequency end of the spectrum. Finally, we inserted the new CCIR network and repeated the same measurement, after first establishing the same flat reference level as before.

Figure 10 shows that the noise spectrum follows the response of the CCIR network and, in fact, the noise content from about 4 kHz to 12 kHz is actually emphasized by the action of the active CCIR network while it is steeply attenuated at the high end of the spectrum (above 15 kHz) and less severely attenuated at the low end.

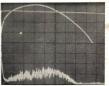


FIG. 10—TAPE NOISE from cassette deci measured with CCIR weighting network.

If the CCIR method were to be adopted universally for audio noise measurements, according to its proponents (which include Dolby Laboratories) there would be closer correlation between the readings obtained on an average reading VTVM and the annoyance factor of the noise, making for a more meaningful comparison between similar products. Of course, any measurement of hum would be meaningless using this system, and one would have to revert back to the "C" weighting network for such measurements.

#### Electronic technicians honor two outstanding members

The NESDA Man of the Year Award was this year presented—for the first time—to two members; Dick Pavek, President of Tech Spray, Amarillo, TX, and Miles Sterling, owner of Electro TV, Garden Grove, CA.

Mr. Pavek was cited for his outstanding efforts on behalf of the Certified Electronics Technician (CET) program of the Association. His firm, Tech Spray, this year underwrote a substantial portion of an individual's CET test fee.

Miles Sterling was cited for his vigorous and courageous efforts on behalf of Independent consumer electronics service dealers. It was Miles who initiated the \$6 million lawsuit against several large electronics manufacturers, charging illegality

in the method of handling warranty payments to independent service dealers. Besides waging war on the giants, he spent many weeks and much personal effort in working for the passage of California Senate Bill 568, which will eliminate inequilles in the California warranty practices law that have given trouble to independent service technicians.

Awards were also given to a number of members and association officers:

NESDA Outstanding Officer, to Leroy Ragsdale, Ft. Smith, AR, who was President last year.

NESDA Óutstanding Committee Chairman, to Paul F. Dontje, CET, Arvada, CO, Chairman of NESDA's Business Management Committee. The Hal Chase Memorial Award, presented to the outstanding state Association president, to John Cioni, president of NESDA's fastest growing organization, the Anzona State Electronics Association. The Jack Betz Memorial Award—in honor of the year's outstanding local association president—to Cliff Lum of Honolulu, past president of HESDA of Hawaii.

An award for the outstanding state association publication went to the OTSA News Channel. Salem, OR; Al Lamer, CET, Editor. The award for the outstanding local association publication was won by ARTSD News, Columbus, OH; Don Blazer, CET, Editor. The award winners were selected by the editorial staff of Radio-Electronics magazine.

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If you look at the various levels of employment in electronics, you will understand why this "New Professional" is so important.

The average technician is a person who has had vocational training in electronics. He understands the basic principles of electronics so he can troubleshoot, repair and maintain equipment. He usually works under close supervision in performing his duties.

The engineer has college training in electronics. He usually supervises technician personnel and is responsible for planning and developing of electronic equipment and systems. Frequently, however, engineers are more heavily trained in the scientific principles of electronics and less in their practical application.

The engineering technician, by contrast, is a specialist in the practical application of electronics. His training usually consists of a two-year college program in electronic engineering technology. In many organizations, the engineering technician handles several of the responsibilities of the degree engineer. He often has the title of engineer.

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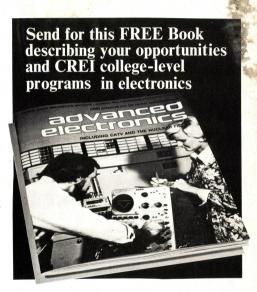
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## **Tests Sony STR-6800SD Receiver**

LEN FELDMAN

CONTRIBUTING HI-FI EDITOR

UNLIKE MANY OF THE MAJOR HIGH-FIDELITY component receiver manufacturers, Sony Corporation had, for several years, refrained from "model changes" every few months. They preferred to keep their receiver product line intact for the past three years or so. Now. in a major redesign sweep. Sony has come up with three new receivers ranging in suggested retail price from \$400 to \$600. The highestpowered (and highest priced) of these is their new model STR-6800SD, shown in Fig. 1. and this new receiver looks completely different from earlier Sony models. The front nanel controls, dial layout and metering arrangement have been completely reshuffled for what, in our opinion, is a much more logical grouping of functions.

The most often used volume and tuning control knobs are together at the upper right of the panel, with the click-stop detented volume control flanked by a handy 20 dB audio muting switch. A rectangular power on/off pushbutton and signal-strength and center-of-channel tuning meters are at the upper left, with the signal meter doubling as a multipath indicator. To the right of the meters are Dolby and stereo FM indicator lamps. The dark-colored dial area across the center section of the panel has a linear FM scale with markings at every 200 kHz and a less accurately defined AM scale. An illuminated pointer travels along an opening between these scales and increases in illuminated length when a station is tuned in accurately. Quite a startling effect when you see it happen for the first time! To the right of the dial scales are TAPE and MONITOR selector switches and a five-position program SELECTOR switch. The combined use of the TAPE and MONITOR switches permit copying from one tape deck to the other, in any direction, plus monitoring of either deck connected to the receiver.

Along the lower edge of the two-tone dial area are located the HEADPHONE jack. SPEAK-ER selector switch (up to three pairs of speakers can be connected, with up to two switchable for simultaneous listening in two locations). LOW FILTER and HIGH FILTER switches, dual concentric BASS and TREBLE controls (for independent adjustment of left and right channels), BALANCE control, ACOUS-TIC COMPENSATION switch (with settings for fixed bass boost, loudness compensation or mid-band "presence" emphasis), FM MUTING switch. DOLBY FM switch, MULTIPATH switch (which alters the function of the signal

strength meter, as previously mentioned), MONO/STEREO switch, EXTERNAL adaptor switch and an AUX input phone jack that parallels the AUX input jacks located on the rear panel.



A view of the rear panel is shown in Fig. 3 Connections are provided for 75- or 300-ohm FM antennas as well as an external AM antenna. The usual input and output jacks for PHONO 1, PHONO 2, AUX, TAPE 1 and TAPE 2 are logically arranged, as are the in and out iacks for connection of an extra adaptor. A chassis-ground terminal is located just below the phono inputs and directly above the pivotable AM ferrite bar antenna. An FM discriminator output jack is provided for future use with a possible 4-channel FM adaptor. The three sets of speaker terminals are of the spring-loaded "piano key" type that accept stripped ends of speaker wires without the need of any tools. Three convenience AC outlets are also provided on the rear panel. Figure 3 illustrates the variety of components that may be connected to and

used with the Sony STR-6800SD receiver The internal layout of the receiver is shown in Fig. 4. The entire front end, IF circuitry, AM circuitry, stereo decoder and Dolby decoding circuitry are all wired on a single large PC board, which also includes the 4gang FM and 2-gang AM tuning capacitor. A heat-sink structure can be seen in the photo running across the full width of the chassis, near the rear. An MOSFET is used in the RF section of the FM front-end. A phasedlocked-loop circuit is used for the stereo multiplex decoding section, and IC's are used for the built-in Dolby decoding circuitry. Tone controls are of the negative feedback type. The power-amplifier section is equipped with an electronic protection circuit as well as with a relay system which interrupts signal flow to the loudspeaker terminals in the event of an overload or shorted condition. This relay also delays receiver turn-on for a few seconds to permit power-supply voltages to reach stable values.

#### MANUFACTURER'S PUBLISHED SPECIFICATIONS:

FM TUNER SECTION

IHF Usable Sensitivity: mono, 1.7 uV, 50-dB Quieting Sensitivity: mono, 3.5 uV; stereo, 45 aV, S/N Ratio: mono, 73 dB; stereo, 68 dB, Harmonic Distortion; 1 kHz; mono, 0.2%, stereo, 0.3%, 100 Hz; mono, 0.2%, stereo, 0.3%, 10 kHz; mono, 0.2%, stereo, 0.6%. Intermodulation Distortion; mono, 0.2%; stereo, 0.3%. Frequency Response: 30 Hz-15 kHz. + 0.-1.5 dB. Capture Ratio: 1.0 dB. AM Suppression: 54 dB. Image Rejection: 75 dB. IF Rejection: 100 dB. Spurious Rejection: 100 dB. Subcarrier and SCA Rejection: 60 dB. Muting Threshold: 5.0 uV. Stereo Separation: 40 dB at 1 kHz: 35 dB at 100 Hz: 35 dB at 10 kHZ.

#### AM TUNER SECTION

Usable Sensitivity: 250 µV internal antenna: 100 µV external, S/N Ratio: 50 dB. Selectivity: 35 dB, Image Rejection: 40 dB, IF Rejection: 35 dB, THD: 0.5%

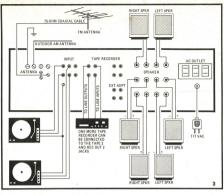
Power Output: 80 watts continuous per channel, 8 ohm loads, 20 Hz to 20 kHz. Rated THD: 0.15%. IM Distortion: 0.15% at rated power Damping Factor: 40 at 8 ohms. Input Sensitivities: Phono 1 & 2: 2.5 mV; Aux, Tape and Adaptor: 250 mV. Signal-to-Noise Ratios: ("A" weighted) Phono: 72 dB; High Level 90 dB. Frequency Response: Phono: RIAA: ±0.5 dB; High Level: 10 Hz to 30 kHz, +0,-2 dB. Tone Control Range: ±10 dB at 100 Hz (bass) and 10 kHz (treble). High and Low Filters: 6 dB-per-octave at 5 kHz, 10 kHz, 50 Hz and 25 Hz.

#### GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Dimensions: 191/4 W × 69/16H × 161/4-inches D. Weight: 361/2 lbs. Power Consumption: 225 watts (max), 120 V, 60 Hz. Suggested Retail Price: \$600.00.

#### FM measurements

A summary of measurements made for the



receiver the better. Even Sony makes no great sensitivity claims for this circuit. (100 μV of usable sensitivity, using the external antenna terminal, compares very poorly with 15, 20 and 30 µV figures normally obtained for AM circuits included in higher priced receivers). No doubt, this is another area in which compromises were needed to achieve the price goal while retaining more important circuit features and power capability inthe amplifier section.

We verified the performance of the Dolby decoding circuitry by listening to at least two FM stations in our area that broadcast Dolby regularly and the usual improvement in noise reduction and dynamic range was evident We also verified the fact that the de-emphasis at the output of the tuner section is changed from 75 microseconds to 25 microseconds automatically when the Dolby pushbutton switch is depressed. This is confirmed in the two freugency-sweep traces in the scope photo of Fig. 5. The upper trace is the deemphasis response at 25 µs while the lower trace shows the roll-off characteristic needed to compensate for broadcast pre-emphasis of 75 microseconds. Note the steep drop-off at 19 kHz-a desirable characteristic caused by the low-pass filters built into the multiplex decoder output circuits to improve subcarrier product rejection.



#### TABLE I

#### RADIO-ELECTRONICS PRODUCT TEST REPORT EM PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENTS

Manufacturer: Sony

Model: STR-6800SD

FM PERFORMANCE ME	ASUREMENTS	
SENSITIVITY, NOISE AND FREEDOM FROM INTERFERENCE IFH sensitivity, mono (w)/d8B) Sensitivity, stereo (w) sensitivity, stereo (w	R-E Measurement 1.7 (9.8) 4.0 (17.2) 2.8 (14.1) 33 (35.6) 72 68 1.2 55 75 100 + 100 + 73	R-E Evaluation Excellent Good Very Good Average Very good Excellent Good Average Superb Good
FIDELITY AND DISTORTION MEASUREMENTS Frequency response, 509tz to 15 kHz (±dB) Harmonic distortion, 14Hz, mono (%) Harmonic distortion, 10Hz, mono (%) Harmonic distortion, 10D Hz, stereo (%) Harmonic distortion, 10D Hz, stereo (%) Harmonic distortion, 6 kHz, mono (%) Harmonic distortion, 6 kHz, mono (%) Distortion at 50-dB quieting, stereo (%) Distortion at 50-dB quieting, stereo (%)	+ 0, -2.0 0.15 0.20 0.19 0.33 0.15 0.30 1.2	Fair Good Very good Good Fair Very good Excellent Fair Good
STEREO PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENTS Slereo Ihreshold (µV) (dBf) Separation, 1 kHz (dB) Separation, 100 Hz (dB) Separation, 100 Hz (dB) Separation, 10 kHz (dB) MISCELLANEOUS MEASUREMENTS Multin Chreshold (µV)	3.3 (15.6) 44.0 42.0 33.0	Very good Excellent Excellent Excellent
Dial calibration accuracy (± kHz @ MHz) EVALUATION OF CONTROLS, DESIGN, CONSTRUCTION Control layout Ease of tuning Accuracy of meters or other tuning aids Usefulness of other controls Construction and internal layout Ease of servicing Evaluation of extra features, if any	0.2	Very good Very good Excellent Very good Good Good Excellent
OVERALL FM PERFORMANCE RATING		Very good

FM tuner section will be found in Table I, together with our comments regarding those measured results as they relate to a receiver in this price and power category. While FM measurements were, for the most part, excellent, it is obvious that in order to reach this selling price certain design compromises and trade-offs had to be made, particularly in the area of such secondary specifications as AM suppression ratio, alternate channel selectivity and stereo distortion. Receivers in this power and price category from some other manufacturers have had better, overall tuner sections than the one engineered into this Sony receiver. On the other hand, many of the competitive models have higher price tags and lack the Dolby decoding feature that is generally conceded to be worth around an extra 100 dollars if bought separately. Stereo separation, on the other hand, was

extremely good and stable, and stereo threshold and muting threshold were just where we like to see them. Tuning meter indications agreed perfectly with minimum-distortion tuning points, and dial calibration was never off by more than a pointer-width. The multipath indicating function of the signalstrength meter worked well. (We were able to test it by using the rotator connected to our outdoor antenna and orienting the antenna for minimum indication on this meter).

The less said about the AM section of the

#### Amplifier measurements

Table II summarizes the measurements made on the preamplifier and power amplifier sections of the STR-6800SD receiver. It is obvious from these results that the power amplifier section is conservatively rated and has extremely low harmonic-distortion at output power levels up to its rated value and



beyond. Though IM distortion was a bit higher at rated output, it was nevertheless still below the rated figure of 0.15% and decreased substantially for all lower power

While our measured hum-and-noise figures in phono seem to be "just on the borderline (compared to published specifications), bear in mind that Sony lists these specifications on the basis of an A-weighting curve (which tends to de-emphasize the hum contribution), whereas our measurement is an unweighted one that measures wideband noise from 20 Hz to 20 kHz, including all hum components. In unweighted terms, the 71 to 72 dB figures obtained are excellent. Phono overload of 100 millivolts was deemed adequate if not outstanding and should cause no problem with cartridges having nominal outputs up to about 5 mV or so (which accounts for most popular cartridges with which the receiver is likely to be used).

Range of bass and treble controls is plot-



ted, by means of our spectrum analyzer, in the scope photo of Fig. 6, while the action of the selectable low-cut and high-cut filters is shown in Fig. 7.

We also measured the response of the

#### TARLE II

#### BADIO-FLECTRONICS PRODUCT TEST REPORT AMPLIFIER PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENTS

Manufacturer: Sony Model: STR-6800SD

AMPLIFIER PERFORMANCE	MEASUREMENTS	
POWER OUTPUT CAPABILITY FINS power/channel, 8-ohms, 1 kHz (watts) FINS power/channel, 8-ohms, 20 Hz (watts) FINS power/channel, 8-ohms, 20 Hz (watts) FINS power/channel, 8-ohms, 20 Hz (watts) FINS power/channel, 4-ohms, 20 Hz (watts) FINS power/channel, 4-ohms, 20 kHz (watts) FINS power/channel, 4-ohms, 20 kHz (watts) FINS power/channel, 4-ohms, 20 kHz (watts)	R-E Measurement 93.1 86.0 90.0 N/A N/A N/A 16-25	R-E Evaluation Excellent Excellent Excellent Excellent
DISTORTION MEASUREMENTS Harmonic distortion at rated output, 1 kHz (%) Intermodulation distortion, rated output (%) Harmonic distortion at 1 watt output, 1 kHz (%) Intermodulation distortion at 1 watt output (%)	0.028 0.115 0.025 0.020	Superb Good Excellent Excellent
DAMPING FACTOR, AT 8 OHMS	40	Very good
PHONO PREAMPLIFIER MEASUREMENTS Frequency response (RIAA ± dB) Maximum input before overload (mV) Hum/noise referred to full output (dB) (at rated input sensitivity)	1.0 100 71/72	Fair Good Excellent
HIGH LEVEL INPUT MEASUREMENTS Frequency response (Hz-kHz, ±dB) Hum/noise referred to full output (dB) Residual hum/noise (min. volume) (dB)	8-30, 3.0 88 90	Very good Good Fair
TONAL COMPENSATION MEASUREMENTS Action of bass and treble controls Action of low frequency filter(s) Action of high frequency filter(s)	See Fig. 7 See Fig. 8 See Fig. 8	Good Good Fair
COMPONENT MATCHING MEASUREMENTS Input sensitivity, phono 1/phono 2 (mV) Input sensitivity, auxiliary input(s) (mV) Input sensitivity, taup input(s) (mV) Output level, tape output(s) (mV) Output level, headphone jack(s) (V or mW)	2.5/2.5 250 250 250 250 N/A, 8-10K ohm	
EVALUATION OF CONTROLS, CONSTRUCTION AND DESIGN Adequacy of program source and monitor switching Adequacy of input facilities		Very good Excellent

#### OVERALL AMPLIFIER PERFORMANCE RATING TABLE III

RADIO-ELECTRONICS PRODUCT TEST REPORT

Design and construction

Fase of servicing

Action of controls and switches

Arrangement of controls (panel layout)

Manufacturer: Sony Model: STR-6800SD

#### OVERALL PRODUCT ANALYSIS

Good

Good

Excellent

Good

Very good

\$600.00 Retail price (suggested) Price category Medium/high Price/performance ratio Very good Styling and appearance Excellent Sound quality Excellent Mechanical performance Good

Comments: An intelligent rearrangement of the traditional control layout common to most receivers, as well as a new, two-tone framed looking panel treatment makes this new top-of-the-line receiver from Sony look a bit different from either the familiar "blackout" look, or the newer, all-light colored front-panel look which seems to have become popular of late. The included Dolby decoding circuitry makes the price of this powerful receiver even more attractive, although we wish that some means of calibration of the Dolby levels (such as a built-in test tone) would have been incorporated, since Dolby test-tones broadcast by stations are becoming increasingly less frequent. A first look at the insides of the chassis tends to be a bit disappointing, for the layout seems more like that of a mass-produced set, with a great deal of circuitry all on one major PC board and a fully exposed and unshielded RF section—tuning gangs and all. Despite this, however, measurements were not affected by this layout, and neither was actual performance. Power output is very conservatively rated, and pre-conditioning tests did not result in any thermal shutdown or undue heating of the heat-sink structures or power transformer of this receiver. The tape-copy selector switch, the ACOUSTIC COMPENSATOR switch and the front-panel Aux input jack add extra versatility to this unit and provisions for an extra adaptor (for 4-channel decoders, graphic equalizers, etc.) mean that you can retain full use of both other tape monitoring functions even if and when these extras are added later

ACOUSTIC COMPENSATOR SWITCH POSITIONS AT 18-30 B Setting of the master VOLUME control. 
Under those conditions, the loudness compensation circuity boosts bass frequencies by 
some 10-6B at 50-Hz and troble frequencies 
by a more moderate 3-dB at 10-4Hz. When 
the Low switch position is selected, only the 
bass is boosted, to the extent of around 9-dB 
at 50-Hz, while in the PRESENCE position, a 
very moderate 3-dB of boost is added at midfrequencies, centered at around 1000 Hz. 
Unfortunately Sony made no provision for

using BOTH loudness compensation and PRESENCE action at the same time. Such an option would have been desirable, since the purposes for each are different

#### Summary and listening tests

Our overall product analysis as well as our reactions to the listenability and ease of control use of the Sony STR-6800SD will be found in Table III. While we can certainly appreciate Sony's desire to offer a powerful receiver at an unusually attractive price, we

would almost wish that the company had devoted a bit more engineering effort to the tuner sections of the receiver, even if that would have meant raising the price somewhat. As the receiver now stands, just about everything that could have been offered at this price has been included and if "watts per dollar" is of prime concern, the STR-8890SD offers a very excellent cost/performance ratio. If you want more power, better tuner performance, or some of each, you'll just have to spend more money.

R-E.

# Yamaha B-2 Amplifier

IN THE DEELMBER 1975 ISSUE OF RADIO-Electronics we discussed the then new power FET's that had begun to find their way into undio amplifying cquipment, notably Yamaha's model B-l. which is still very much a part of that company's amplifier line. Those interested in learning more about the theory and operation of power with the prefer back to that article. Now, Yamaha has come up with a lower powered amplifier using much of the same technology; their model B-2, shown in Fig. 1.



Dominating the black front-panel are a pair of peak-reading meters that are caliheated from -50 dB to +5 dB. Since there are two sets of input jacks and facilities for connection of two pairs of speakers on the B-2, the remaining pushbuttons to the right of the meters select which inputs are to be applied to the amplifier, which speakers are to operate and permit turning off of all speakers during level adjustment. The four rotary controls provide sensitivity adjustment to compensate for different speaker efficiencies. A toggle switch at the left of the panel turns the amplifier power on and off.

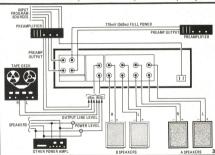
Figure 2 shows the rear panel of the B-2. A most unusual speaker cable connection terminal arrangement is provided. Speaker wires are inserted in exposed holes and tiny thumb-knobs are rotated (much like a screw head) until the wires are firmly and permanusus.



nently clamped. In addition to the two sets of input jacks (selectable from the front panel) there are two additional input jacks that permit using the front-panel meters either for power readings of other amplifiers or for voltage readings referenced to 0 dBm (0.775 volts).

Two adjacent switches determine whether the meters are to be used internally or externally and whether the meters are to be calibrated to read in watts across 8 ohms, or in terms of input voltage. Another slide switch near the input jacks (which are singlecircuit phone-plug type rather than phono-tip jacks) selects between either a DC input or normal" input. In the NORMAL position, DC-blocking capacitors are connected to the input but the input nevertheless maintains a flat response down to about 10 Hz. Yamaha suggests that the switch be set to the NORMAL position to prevent accidental application of a DC voltage to the input from preamplifiers or other program sources. In the DC position, the amplifier operates as a direct-coupled circuit from input to output.

An unswitched AC receptacle can be used for equipment that draws no more than 300 watts. Figure 3 illustrates how the B-2 would be incorporated in a complete high-fidelity



#### MANUFACTURER'S PUBLISHED SPECIFICATIONS:

Rated Power Output: 100 watts per channel, 20 Hz to 20 kHz, with no more than 0.8% total harmonic distortion, 8 othe loads (140 watts, 4 othes), IM Distortion: 0.03%, at 50 watts, 4.8 or 16 ohms. Damping Factor: 70 at 1 kHz. Frequency Response (1 watt, normal setting): 10 Hz to 100 kHz, 4  $\rm P_0$  - 168. Input Sensitivity: 0.75 V. Input Impedance: 25,000 ohms. Signal-To-Noise: (IHF "A" Weighting): 113 db (80 Meter Range: -50 to +5 db (0 dB = 100W) into 8 ohms, or 0 d8m). Power Consumption: 290 watts. Dimensionari : 17/k W × 6 H × 14  $\rm \%_{P}$ -inches D. Weight: 57-bs 3-oz. Suggested Retail Price: \$850.00.

component system. The second power amplifier shown illustrates how the meters might be used to monitor power output of another amplifier.

#### Internal construction

As can be seen in the photo of Fig. 4, separate power transformers are used in each channel of the *B-2*. Massive heat sinks containing the parallel connected 25K76 and 25J26 (N-channel and P-channel) power V-

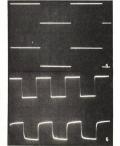


FET's are centrally located across the width of the chassis. The semiconductor complement includes no fewer than 95 bipolar transistors, 66 diodes (including LED's), 2 IC's, 8 V-FET's and 4 small-signal FET's. Space limitation prevents a detailed analysis of the circuit itself, but a brief summary of the circuit elements used may prove to be of interest to readers. The circuit configuration consists of a first-stage differential FET cascode-bootstrap circuit, a pre-driver stage with current-mirror differential push-pull amplification, a driver stage featuring full complementary-symmetrical push-pull, and an output stage using the aforementioned V-FET's in a complementary configuration with parallel push-pull direct-coupled outputs to form a true DC amplifier.

Carefully matched low-noise FET's in the first stage are thermally coupled and form a differential amplifier that insures against long-term drift in the center potential that is directly connected to the speakers. The highgain FET's used, along with temperature compensated constant-current source bias, provide a common-mode-rejection-ratio that is so high that the center-potential drift is so high that the center-potential drift is maintained within 10 mV. The owner's manual provides additional detailed techmanual provides additional detailed techued in the Fa<sup>2</sup> and will be of immense interest to the technically minded owner of this amplifier.

#### Test measurements

Major test results obtained during bench measurement are listed in Table I and may be compared with manufacturer's published



#### TABLE

#### RADIO-ELECTRONICS PRODUCT TEST REPORT

Manufacturer: Yamaha Model: B-2 Power Amplifier

#### AMPLIFIER PERFORMANCE MEASUREMENTS

Auto En l'En l'En d'innaire	E MEMOUREMENT	
	R-E	R-E
POWER OUTPUT CAPABILITY	Measurement	Evaluation
RMS power/channel, 8-ohms, 1 kHz (watts)	112.5	Excellent
RMS power/channel, 8-ohms, 20 Hz (watts)	106.0	Very good
RMS power/channel, 8-ohms, 20 kHz (watts)	106.0	Excellent
RMS power/channel, 4-ohms, 1 kHz (watts)	146.0	Excellent
RMS power/channel, 4-ohms, 20 Hz (watts)	144.0	Excellent
RMS power/channel, 4-ohms, 20 kHz (watts)	142.0	Excellent
Frequency limits for rated output (Hz-kHz)	10-55	Excellent
DISTORTION MEASUREMENTS		
Harmonic distortion at rated output, 1 kHz (%)	0.0035	Superb
Intermodulation distortion, rated output (%)	0.058	Very good
Harmonic distortion at 1 watt output, 1 kHz (%)	0.008	Superb
Intermodulation distortion at 1 watt output (%)	0.008	Superb
DAMPING FACTOR, AT 8 OHMS	75	Excellent
INPUT SENSITIVITY (For rated output, V)	0.75	
FREQUENCY RESPONSE (Hz-kHz, ±1 dB)	DC-90 kHz	Superb
HUM/NOISE REFERRED TO FULL OUTPUT	(dB)	
(unweighted)	108 dB	Superb
OVERALL AMPLIFIER PERFORMANCE RATING		Excellent

#### TABLE II

#### RADIO-ELECTRONICS PRODUCT TEST REPORT

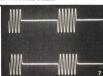
Manufacturer: Yamaha

#### OVERALL PRODUCT ANALYSIS

Retail price	\$850.00
Price category	High
Price/performance ratio	Excellen
Styling and appearance	Very god
Sound quality	Excellen

Comments: There are those who would argue that laboratory testing of an amplifier does not necessarily disclose how that amplifier will sound and how it will compare with other amplifiers whose measurements equal, surpass or fall short of those of an amplifier being tested. We must admit that we, too, have often encountered such seeming disparities between measured and listened-to results. Such was not the case with the Yamaha B-2. It measured exceptionally well—and it sounded even better. What issue we will take with some of the statements made with regard to this product (and Yamaha's higher powered B-1) have to do with the claim that it "sounds" like a tubetype amplifier. The V-FET certainly behaves differently from a bipolar transistor, but that does not necessarily mean that it duplicates the performance of a triode. Those who insist that tube-sound offers a degree of "warmth" not found in any transistor equipment will probably not alter their opinion even after hearing the B-2. The manner in which it goes into "clipping" is not all that different from clipping observed with amplifiers using conventional bipolar transistors. Once an amplifier clips in this manner, the harmonic distortion products will be pretty much the same regardless of whether bipolar or V-FET's are used. What has been reduced to almost the vanishing point is any evidence of "notch distortion", so that listening at low and medium power levels is thoroughly transparent. Transient response, evaluated with a variety of difficult recorded material, was outstanding, but we have heard other amplifiers (which use conventional bipolar devices) that do just as well once they have been designed for excellent risetime and wide bandwidth. Certainly, the audio purist seeking a high-powered basic amplifier will want to include this new amplifier from Yamaha amongst the units auditioned before reaching any conclusions regarding the place of the power V-FET in the world of audio.

specifications shown elsewhere in this report. In order to study some of the claims made by the manufacturer beyond the normal power output, frequency response and distortion measurements, we subjected the amplifier to several other tests. With the amplifier set to the DC input mode, we applied a 10-Hz squarewave to the input (upper trace of Fig. 5) and applied the resultant output to the lower trace of our dual-trace oscilloscope. The amazingly flat squarewave reproduced by the amplifier is so similar to the input that it would be difficult to tell which is which. The squarewave frequency was then adjusted to 10 kHz, and the lower trace of Fig. 6 illustrates the wide bandwidth of the B-2 as well as its excellent transient response and



Model: B-2 Power Amplifier

risetime. Finally, we applied a 10-kHz tone burst with approximately a one-third duty cycle to the input (upper trace of Fig. 7) and displayed the output in the lower trace of that continued on page 78

### ic application of the month

Application notes are hard to get unless you are an engineer. So we've decided to try an experiment and select and publish some interesting ones in Radio-Electronics. We're

starting with this TV Game IC from General Instruments. If you find this one of interest and want more, let us know by circling #105 on the Free Information Card. If you think it's a waste of space, tell us that by circling #110 on the Free Information Card.



AY-3-8500

TV GAME

#### **FEATURES**

- 6 Selectable Games Tennis, hockey/soccer, squash, pelota/practice and two rifle shooting games.
- 625 Line (AY-3-8500) and 525 Line (AY-3-8500-1) versions.
- Automatic Scoring
- Score display on T.V. Screen, 0 to 15.
- Selectable Bat Size
- Selectable Angles
- Selectable Ball Speed
- Automatic or Manual Ball Service
- Realism Sounds
- Shooting Forwards in Hockey Game
- Visually defined area for all Ball Games.

#### DESCRIPTION

The AY-3-8500 and AY-3-8500-1 circuits have been designed to provide a TV 'games' function which gives active entertainment using a standard domestic television receiver.

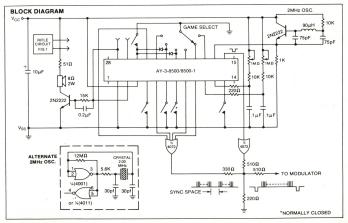
The circuit is intended to be battery powered and a minimum number of external components are required to complete the system. A block diagram is shown below.

#### PIN CONFIGURATION 28 LEAD DUAL IN LINE

Top View

Size | 13 | 16 | Sync Output

\*Do not use as tie point.



#### 1) Tennis

With the tennis game the picture on the television screen would be similar to Figure 2 with one bair per side, a top and bottom boundary and a center net, the individual scores are counted and displayed automatically in the position shown. The detail of the game will depend upon the selection of the options. Considering the situation where small bats are used and all angles, after the reset has been applied, the scores will be 0, 0 and the ball will serve arbitrarily to one side at one of the angles. If the ball hits the top or bottom boundary it will assume the angle of reflection and continue in play. The player being served must control his bat to intersect the part of the ball. Which make the hit is used to determine the new angle of the ball.

To expand on this, all 'bats' or 'players' are divided logically into four adjacent sections of equal length. When using the four angle option it is the quarter of bat which actually hits which defines the new direction for the ball.

The direction does not depend upon the previous angle of incidence. With the two angle option the top and bottom pairs of the bats are summed together and only the two shallower angles are used to program the new direction for the ball.

The ball will then fraverse towards the other player, reflecting from the top or bottom an encessary until the other player makes their hit. This action is repeated until one player makes their hit. This action is repeated until one player makes the ball. The circuitry then detects a score and automatically increments the correct score counter and updates the score display. The ball will then serve automatically from the center line towards the side which had just inside. This sequence is repeated until a score of 15 is reached by once side, whereupon the game is stoped by the hill beginner to proper some proper to the proper scores can be made. While the game is in progress, three audio tones are output by the circuit to indicate top and bottom reflections, bat hits and

#### 2) Hockey/Soccer

The 'hockey' type game is shown in Figure 3, and with this game each participant has a 'goalkeeper' and a 'forward'. The layout is such that the 'goalkeeper' is in his normal position and the 'forward' is positioned in the opponent's half of the playing area.

When the game starts, the ball will appear travelling from one page and the bard starts of the start of the s

A 'score' is made in the 'hockey' game by 'shooting' the ball through the defined goal area. The scoring and game control is done automatically as for the tennis game. The same audio signals are used to add atmosphere to the game.

#### 3) Squash

This game is illustrated in Fig.4. There are two players who alternately hit the ball into the court. The right hand player is the one that hits first, it is then the left hand player's turn. Each player is enabled alternately to insure that the proper sequence of play is followed.

#### 4) Pelota/Practice

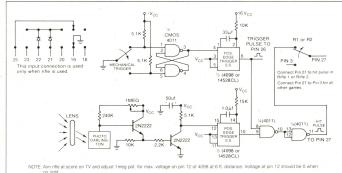
This game is similar to squash except that there is only one player.

#### 5) Rifle Shooting

This game is illustrated in Fig. 5. It has a large target which sources randomly about the screen, a photocell in the rifle is because in the rifle is a mind at the target. When the trigger is pulled the shot counter is incremented, it he rifle is on target the hit counter is incremented, and the rifle is on target the hit counter is incremented. It is not set in the rifle is on target the hit counter is incremented. It is not set in the rifle is on target the hit counter is incremented.

#### 6) Rifle Game No. 2

In this game the ball traverses the screen from left to right under control of the manual serve button. Otherwise the game is as above.







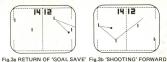
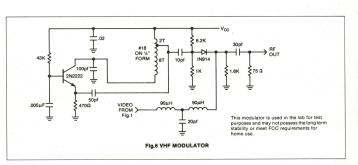


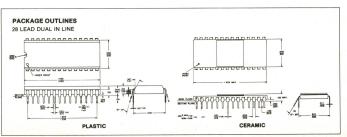




Fig.4 SQUASH







#### PIN FUNCTIONS

#### Left Bat Input

Right Bat Input

An R-C network connected to each of these inputs controls the vertical position of the bats. Use a 10K resistor in series with each not

#### Reset

This input is connected momentarily to Ves (Logic '0') to reset the score counter and start a game.

#### **Bat Size**

This input is left open circuit (Logic '1') to select large bats and connected to Vss (Logic '0') to select small bats. For a 19" T.V. screen, large bats are 1.9" and small bats are 0.95" high.

#### **Ball Angles**

This input is left open circuit (Logic '1') to select two rebound angles and connected to V<sub>SS</sub> (Logic '0') to select four rebound angles. When two angles are selected they are ±20°, when four are selected they are ±20° and ±40°.

#### Ball Speed

When this input is left open-circuit, low speed is selected (1.3 seconds for ball to traverse the screen). When connected to VSS (Logic '0'), the high speed option is selected (0.65 seconds for ball to traverse the screen).

#### Tennis, Hockey/Soccer, Squash, Pelota/Practice,

#### Rifle Game 1 and Rifle Game 2

These inputs are normally left open circuit (Logic '1') and are connected to VSS (Logic '0') to select the desired game.

#### Manual Serve

This input is connected to VSS (Logic '0') for automatic serving. When left open circuit (Logic '1') the game stops after each score. The serve is indicated by momentarily connecting the input to to Vee

#### Shot Input

This input is driven by a positive pluse output of a monostable to indicate a "shot".

#### Hit Input

This input is driven by a positive pulse output of a monostable which is triggered by the shot input if the target is on the sights of

#### Sound Output

The hit (32ms pulse/976Hz tone), boundary reflection (32ms pulse/488Hz tone) and score (32ms pulse/1.95Hz tone) sounds are output on this pin.

#### Sync Output

The T.V. vertical and horizontal sync signals are output on this pin.

#### The ball video signal is output on this pin.

Score and Field Output

#### The score and field video signals are output on this pin.

Left Player Output/Right Player Output

The video signals for the left and right players are output on separate pins.

Note: The "Shot" and "Hit" inputs have on-chip pull-down resistors to VSS. All other inputs (except the "Bat" inputs) have on-chip pull-up resistors to V<sub>CC</sub>.

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

#### Maximum Ratings\*

Voltage on any pin with respect to V<sub>SS</sub> pin . . . . -0.3 to +12V .....-20°C to +70°C Storage Temperature Range . . . . Ambient Operating Temperature Range . . . . 0°C to +40°C 'Exceeding these ratings could cause permanent damage. Functional operation of these devices at these conditions is not implied operating ranges are specified below.

#### Standard Conditions (unless otherwise noted)

 $V_{CC} = +6 \text{ to } +7V$ V<sub>SS</sub> = 0V

Operating Temperature (TA) = 0°C to +40°C F Clock = 2.01 MHz ±1%

Characteristics at 25°C and V <sub>CC</sub> = +6 Volts	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Conditions
Clock Input					Maximum clock source impedance
Frequency	1.99	2.01	2.03	MHz	of 1K to V <sub>CC</sub> or V <sub>SS</sub> .
Logic '0'	0	-	0.5	Volts	
Logic '1'	V <sub>CC</sub> -2	_	Vcc	Volts	
Pulse Width —Pos.		200		ns	
Pulse Width — Neg.	_	300	_	ns	
Capacitance	_	10		pF	V <sub>IN</sub> = OV, F = 1MHz
Leakage	_	100	_	μA ·	V <sub>IN</sub> = +9.5V
Control Inputs					Max. contact resistance of 1K to Vs
Logic '0'	0	_	0.5	Volts	
Logic '1'	V <sub>CC</sub> -2		Vcc	Volts	Inputs have 100KΩ pull up to V <sub>CC</sub>
Input Impedance	-	1.0	_	M Ohms	Pull up to V <sub>CC</sub>
Rifle Input		1.0	_	M Ohms	Pull down to V <sub>SS</sub>
Outputs					
Sync. Logic '0'	1	_	1.0	Volt	1 out = 0.5mA
Logic '1'	V <sub>CC</sub> -2	_	_	Volts	1 out = 0.1mA
Ball. Logic '0'	_	_	1.0	Volt	1 out = 0.5mA
Logic '1'	V <sub>CC</sub> -2			Volts	1 out = 0.1mA
Sound					
Logic '0'	_	_	1.0	Volts	1 out = 0.5mA
Logic '1'	V <sub>CC</sub> -2	_	_	Volts	1 out = 50μA
Power Supply Current		50	_	mA	

This option (the circuit is shown in the diagram immediately below) allows for the display of the various games in full color with different colors defining the playing area, team players, ball, boundaries, net and score.

The color application diagram is broken up into six sections, a main clock generator, a color burst locator, a phase angle generator, a phase angle multiplexer, a luminance multiplexer, and a summing network.

a phase angle multiplexer, a luminance multiplexer, and a summing network.

The main clock generator produces the 3.579 MHz clock for all the color clocks used and a 2.045 MHz clock for the chip clock. It includes 3 CMOS packages and a

3.579 MHz crystal.

The color burst locator produces the time

the AY-3-8500, for a period of 11 cycles of the color frequency, approximately 3.1  $\mu$ s.

The phase angle generator produces the phase angles for all the colors used. It consists of a single CMOS package of inverters. These inverters produce phase angles, ap-

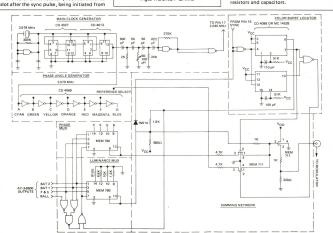


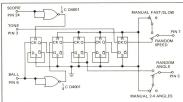
proximately 135° away from their inputs.

The phase angle multiplexer feeds the correct angle for each output from the game circuit into the summing network. This section consists of a single MOS multiplexer package.

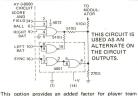
The luminance level multiplexer produces the proper DC level for any given color so that the color is of the correct intensity. Also included is the logic necessary for generating the background triming and color. This consists of a MOS multiplexer package and two CMOS packages.

The summing network combines all the DC and AC signals without distorting their levels into a single output for RF modulation at TV receiver frequency. This section consists of 3 n-channel FET's and assorted resistors and capacitors.





To enhance the excitement and challenge of the TV games, this option provides random variations of the ball speed and random changes in the ball rebound angle as the games are being played.



This option provides an added factor for player team recognition. The field or court is produced as a gray background with the bats in black and white. This option is particularly helpful for the squash game where the players are positioned close together.

# Timeshare— Turn your Minicomputer Into a Maxi!

Your TV typewriter or a similar keyboard/display type of terminal can be your access to a full-scale computer system. All you need is a modem and proper authorization to share computer time with many others

#### PATRICK GODDING

AN IDEAL COMPUTER OFFEATION WOULD BE efficient for both the user and the computer system. A single-user system, where one terminal has complete control of the computer, allows interaction between user and computer. However, only a very small part of the computer's capabilities are used. Batch system offer efficient computer use, but there is no interaction. A program must be loaded, executed, and printed before an error can be detected. After the program is corrected, the procedure must be repeated. This is inefficient from a user standpoint.

The disadvantages of single-user and batch modes of computer operation are greatly reduced in a timeshare system. Timeshare (or multi-user) systems allow interaction between a number of user terminals and a single high-speed computer (see Fig. 1).

#### A timeshare system

The minicomputer has made it possible to build a timeshare system that can be afforded by persons not in the computer field. Price reductions in terminals and the development of less complicated programming languages have also helped bring this situation about.

The system described in this article is typical of the trend in timeshare systems: no longer the huge centralized systems, but rather many small localized ones.

#### The minicomputer

Minicomputers are available in many different levels of sophistication, but all have the same standard subsystems. A CPU (Central Processor Unit) controls all internal operations and synchronizes the input/output operations. An ALU

(Arithmetic-Logic Unit) processes mathmatical operations. A control memory contains all the hardware instructions for use by the CPU and a data storage memory or core memory contains system software instructions and data storage. Peripheral devices such as line printers, card readers, magnetic tape drives and disk drives can all be supported by minicomputers, and the more sophistic cated ones can support timeshare and batch operating systems simultaneousby.

#### The multiplexor (MUX)

The MUX is a hardware device that interfaces all the user terminals to the computer. It operates much like a rotary switch—connecting each terminal line to the computer for a small amount of time, then going on to the next line.

The terminals and computer communicate via a binary code called ASCII (American Standard Code for Information Interchange, Each character on the terminal keyboard is represented by an 8-bit ASCII number. The MUX receives and transmits these codes one bit at a time, so that each terminal user appears to have unique control over the computer. The delay that a user experiences is minimal or zero since the MUX and the computer operate at such high speeds.

#### The disc

When a timeshare system has no provision for mass storage, the computer's core memory must be divided into a number of sections equal to the number of users. This can greatly limit the size of a user program.

With the addition of a disc unit, a user program can be as large as the total amount of core memory. This is done by a software system program that swaps user programs between the disc and core memory. No swapping occurs if all the programs fit in core.

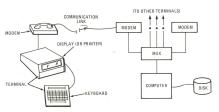


FIG. 1—TIME-SHARING TERMINAL and its connection by telephone "communications link" to a central computer. Because the computer "thinks" in terms of microseconds and the user in term of seconds, many users can share the same computer without any observable interference or delay. The "printer" in many of these terminals is the same unit as the kerboard.

transfer data at a rate greater than 700,000 bits-per-second. When a disc unit is incorporated into a timeshare system, a part of the disc storage area can be allocated to the user for program storage. This provides an area both for a user library of programs that no other users have access to and also for a common library filled with programs that can be accessed and run by any user. This is an important feature because it alleviates the need to enter a program more than one time-it can be left on the disc between uses. Computer connect time (the amount of time that a

user is signed-on to the system) is

There are many types of disc units,

but the concept of all is the same. The

disc drive can be likened to a record

player and the disc to a record, except that the drive records as well as plays.

The drive also must be able to locate

information anywhere on the disc,

instead of simply "playing" the disc

from start to finish as with a record

player. Swapping programs to and from

the disc does not create an unreasonable

delay since many disc drives can

#### greatly reduced. The terminal

The interface between the user and the computer (or MUX) is a computer terminal. The terminal has a keyboard for sending data and some type of display or printing device for receiving data. Many terminals have their own internal memory for storing data. This can allow entering a complete program before connecting to the computer-a good feature if the user is paying for connect time. Some terminals also have external connections for cassette tape recorders, printing units, and even disc drives (usually a discette-type drive, smaller than the discs discussed ear-

The smaller size and reduced cost of terminals makes it possible for a user to have a terminal in an office or even in the home. When the terminal is not physically close enough to the computer for direct connection, the telephone system provides an economical communications link.

MODEM's-a good feature since an external MODEM means added expense.

#### The language-Extended BASIC

Even with the low cost of a timeshare system, many people have not considered using one because of the time involved in learning to "talk" to a computer: learning the language.

Computer languages that are very similar to English now exist. The most common, perhaps, is called BASIC. It was first created for scientists and math-

A common method of data transmission via the telephone is FSK (Frequency-Shift Keying). This type of modulation converts the serial ASCII information into two frequencies that can be transmitted readily over ordinary telephone lines. One frequency represents a logical-high level (called a "mark"), and the other a logical-low level (called a "space"). (See Fig. 2, top) The device that converts the transmitted ASCII information into FSK and the received FSK into ASCII is the MOD-EM (MOdulator/DEModulator). A MODEM is required for each terminal line at the computer and at each terminal. A few terminals have built-in well as for purely scientific purposes. The language provides two modes of use: the immediate mode for instant calculations or program debugging and the program mode in which a user writes a group of statements to solve a specific or unique problem. The only difference between the two modes is that in the program mode, a number between 1 and 9999 must precede each statement. Examples of both types Immediate mode PRINT 3/4 ) This statement tells the computer to calculate the value of 3 divided by 4 and send the result to your terminal. A curved arrow at the end of the statement represents pushing the RETURN key on the terminal keyboard. The RETURN key tells the computer to begin execution.

ematicians who were not computer-

oriented, but needed the use of a

computer in their work. Now. with

Extended BASIC, the language has

been further developed to include both

powerful format statements for control of output (printed business forms,

payroll checks, etc.) and file input/

output capabilities for storing large

amounts of data, as needed with inven-

tories, purchase orders and the like, as

This statement says: Find the 3rd power of 4.2 and 5.3, add these results together and take the square root, then send the answer to the terminal.

#### Program mode

If we wanted the above problem solved for any two numbers, we would write a short program:

In this program, we have substituted variables (A and B) for the values 4.2

value, a comma (,), the second value and depresses the RETURN key, execution continues. Line 10 has now assigned the first value that was entered to the varicontinued on page 25

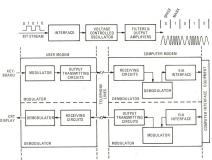


FIG. 2—HOW THE SIGNALS ARE TRANSMITTED AND RECEIVED. The marks and spaces ("bit stream" at top of diagram) are transmitted as two frequencies over the telephone lines. At the computer end, they are demodulated and sent to the computer in their original bit-and-space format. The process is reversed to return information to the terminal. Interface units prevent reaction between telephone and computer circuitry.

# Step-by-step TV Troubleshooters Guide

#### Color bandpass amplifiers are straightforward and easy to service if you know how

JACK DARR SERVICE EDITOR

THE COLOR BANDPASS AMPLIFIERS ARE NICE, straightforward circuits. You'll find them used in both the original color-TV sets and the latest R-G-B types. This makes it easy to walk trouble out of them using simple, logical tests. You'll find them under several names; color IF; chroma amplifiers; and even more simple, color amplifiers. Whatever the alias, they are all the same.

and the same. The color bandpass amplifiers have one The color bandpass amplifiers have one substantial of the color signals (the sidenals of the color substantial of the called intermediate frequency amplifiers. It is called his called his called his control to the color point of the color of

#### How they work

Figure I shows a typical circuit. The color signals are picked off the video detector output by a tuned color-takeoff coil. Here, as in many sets, you'll find an unusual stage. This is generally called the 1st video amplifier. Its input is the video detector output with the chroma and video signals. The plate feeds the video signal to the succeeding video amplifiers and to the color-takeoff coil video.

SERVICE EDITOR

the chroma amp for separation of the color

signals.

In several sets, the cathode of the 1st video amplifier (acting as a cathode-follower) feeds the color takeoff coil. So, to one signal, the stage is a stock common-cathode amplifier; to the other it's a cathode follower. For transistor stages, substitute common-emitter for the first and emitter-follower for the color. Same thing.

The color takeoff coil has an unusual response curve. This sint a hayaxak, but a slope (see Fig. 2-a). There's a reason for this. The response of the video IF (see Fig. 2-b) places the color signals on a slope. As a result, they are not amplified equally. To compensate for this, the color-takeoff coil has a curve with a neula but opposite slope. The output of the color-takeoff coil is a combination of the two, and we wind up with a nice symmetrical haystack (Fig. 2-c) to pass through the rest of the tuned circuits. These are tuned for the conventional haystack curve with the 3.58 WhR subcarrier in the center.

In most sets, the color control will be found in the bandpass amplifier circuits. Sometimes it will be between the first and second stages and sometimes it will be across the output of the last transformer, feeding the demodulators. It is a plain volume-control type, and in fact, this is the color volume. You'll find this called saturation, etc., but it controls the

amplitude of the color signals.

#### Special circuitry

There is one mildly unusual circuit. This is called the color killer and other, more impolite terms at times. The original idea was to cut off the color signals if the set was receiving a black and white program. Since all programs are now in color (with the exception of some old late-late movies), the circuit is redundant and most technicians wish they'd leave it out! They are left out in a few of the later sets.

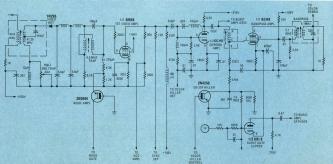
The color killer circuit senses the presence or absence of the color burst. When there's no burst present, the circuit develops a high negative voltage. This is applied to the grid of the bandpass amplifier tube, cutting it off. When the burst is present, this voltage drops to a level that will let the amplifier stage work at maximum gain.

One other control circuit is found in a few

sets. This is ACC (Automatic Color Control). It is exactly like common AGC except that it senses the level of the color signals (usually by means of the burst amplitude) and develops a control voltage that raises or lowers the gain of the controlled stage. It prevents variations of the color level.

#### Troubles

The standard symptom of bandpass am-



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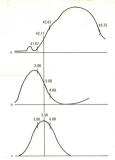


FIG. 2-COLOR-TAKEOFF COIL RESPONSE is shown by curve a. The frequency markers correspond to the color frequencies after the video detector. Curve b shows the video IF response and the corresponding color frequencles. The overall response is the combination of curves a and b and is the conventional havstack shown by curve c

plifier troubles is easy to identify. You'll have a good black and white picture but there will be no color at all. When you see this, be sure to make all of the little idiot checks! Be sure that the color control is turned full up and that the color-killer control is turned full off. Last but not least, check the setting of the fine-tuning! Turn this toward the "worms". and be sure that you can see the beats in the lighter-colored areas of the picture. If so, there is color in the incoming signal. Don't overlook these checks. Every one of them has caused nuisance service calls on many many occasions

With this symptom, we know where to look-in the bandpass amplifiers since these are the only stages which handle all of the color signals. Demodulators or color-difference amplifiers generally cause one-color symptoms. Too much blue, not enough red, and so on. Here we have obviously lost all colors at once

TROUBLESHOOTING CHART-Color problems. COLOR NO COLOR- R & W DICTURE COOR CHECK TURES TRANSISTORS



Make the simple tests first. If this is a tube type set, replace the bandpass amplifier tubes. If it is a solid-state set with plug-in transistors, do the same thing. If this doesn't help, start checking for loose wires, most especially on the color control. A great many of these have a plug-in type of connection with a coaxial cable going from chassis to the front-panel control cluster. Gremlins can make this plug come loose, break a wire to the control or even bend one of the lugs on the color control so that it's shorted to the ground lug. (All of these have occurred and it must be gremlins; nothing else is small enough to get into the closed cabinet.)

There are two types of trouble possible. One is a fault that unsets the DC voltages. and of course, the signal as well. These are reasonably easy to locate with DC voltage checks. On tubes, check all plate, screen grid, cathode and control-grid voltages. The last should be checked without signal and with signal to catch possible faults in the color killer circuit. You should see a high negative bias on one of the bandpass amplifier grids with no signal, if the killer is working. This should drop to a much lower (negative) level when the signal is applied. Do this even though you did remember to turn the killer all the way off.

In transistor bandpass amplifiers, the emitter voltage is the most useful test. Most of them use stock common-emitter circuits with a little resistor in the emitter. If the DC voltage on the emitter is normal, this stage is almost certain to be working. If it is zero, this transistor is open or biased to cutoff. If it's far higher than normal, the transistor could be charted

The second type of fault is one that breaks the signal-path but has no effect on the DC voltages. For example, an open conductor in the coaxial cable from chassis to the color control, an open coupling capacitor, a plain old open conductor on the pc board, etc. There is an extremely easy way to catch these. Just feed a color-bar signal into the set and check the waveform and its amplitude at the output of the video detector. Even on a narrow-band scope you'll see a comb pattern: these are the color-bars. Now, trace this signal through the circuit and it won't take long to find out where the signal disappears!

To check gain, compare the signal amplitude to those shown on the schematic. For example, in the circuit of Fig. 1, the input of the 1st bandpass amplifier stage is 2.0 volts P-P. The signal at the color control (input to demods, here) is 30.0 volts P-P. This procedure works even in modular or hybrid sets. In the hybrid of Fig. 3, we have a tube bandpass amplifier feeding an IC 2nd bandpass amplifier. All of the same tests apply! Signal levels differ, of course. The 1st bandpass amplifier grid is only 0.4 volt P-P. Its

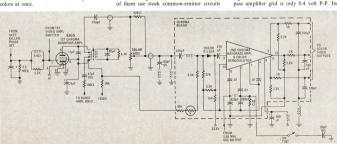
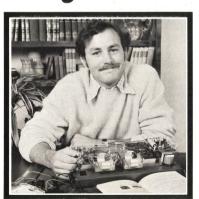


FIG. 3-HYBRID CIRCUIT showing a tube bandpass amplifier feeding a second bandpass amplifier in the IC

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output at the color control is 3.5 volts P-P (at the input to the module) and the color-signal input to the IC at pin 3 is 1.2 volts P-P. Its amplitude is reduced because it goes through some coupling components.

This brings up another point. In this chassis (Zenith 25CC50) the 2nd bandpass amplifier and the color demodulators are all in the same IC. The color signals are fed from the IC outputs to three color video amplifiers (same as color-difference amps). These stages drive the picture tube cathodes. The B&W video signal goes to the picture tube grids.

If you do have a normal color signal at the IC input but you can see no color signal patterns (the typical rockers or lazy-S waveforms) on the three color outputs (pins 9, 11 and 13 on the IC), the IC is bad. Watch out for one booby trap! If you can see flat-topped bar signals on all three of the outputs, the chances are that the IC is good! This could happen if the 3.58-MHz oscillator is dead. The fact that the IC will pass the signals though it isn't demodulating them could mean that the oscillator has dropped out. Be sure to check for the presence of the 3.58-MHz signal on pins 6 and 7 of the IC. It's not very large, but it's got to be there.

These waveforms can be seen if a direct probe is used. They'll be a little clearer if a low-capacitance probe is used, and better still if you use a crystal-detector probe. After all, these are RF signals. The actual waveform doesn't make a lot of difference; all you want to do is compare amplitudes and get an "Is it there or isn't it?" reading. This is "bangbang" scope-testing at its best. (I can recommend one thing that will be of a whole lot of help. Check these waveforms on a set that is working! Try different probes and note the amplitude at various points. This will give you a set of bogie values to use when checking a set that's dead.)

Alignment

There is one key word which must be said about alignment of bandpass amplifiers. This word is DON'T!! Caps, bold and two exclamation points. May I repeat this for added emphasis? DON'T! When you find problems that have caused a complete loss of color or even those that cause odd-colors (which we'll get to in a minute), don't start twisting the cores of the bandpass transformers! didn't cause the sudden loss of colors. You'll only add one more fault that will have to be fixed after you find the real one, and the misalignment that you will cause will make this job far more difficult. (The exception that proves this rule is the case where you know, or have a pretty good idea, that a previous "technician" has been into them with his liddle diddle stick!)

#### Unusual troubles

The preceding section was covered faults that could be called "stock": more or less common things. Now let's look at a few oddballs that are not nearly so common, but always possible. You should know about these and remember them. It can save a lot of time

One of the best of these is ringing in the color only. By this I mean that the B&W picture does not show any sign of ghosting. Turn up the color control and you see colored ghosts or beats all over the place. These are distinctly different from the beats produced by mistuning the fine-tuning. The latter shows beats in solid-colored areas only; this shows over the entire picture.

The basic cause of this kind of trouble, of course, is oscillation. The bandpass stages instead of amplifying are in violent oscillation. So, we get beat-frequencies and beats between beats and the whole signal turns into a mess! Going one step farther back, all oscillation is due to feedback.

Open hypass canacitors can cause this All tuned transformers will be bypassed at the bottom end of one or both windings to place this point at signal-ground. Since these are high-frequency signals, small capacitors are used. One of the best tests for this is to scope the bottom of the windings right on the bypass capacitor. Turn the vertical gain as high as possible and look for any sign of signal. It helps to feed a known signal through the set, like the output from a colorbar pattern generator.

If you see signal, bridge a good capacitor across the one under test and see if this gets rid of the unwanted signal, and usually the problem as well. If so, replace the capacitor. (In one somewhat odd case, the original capacitor turned out to be very good! To eliminate the problem I had to add another capacitor of the same size.) By the way, don't forget the filter capacitors. These too can develop faults and allow a feedback loop to be set up through the DC power supply. This can cause some dandy problems. Scope them

Another possible cause for oscillation can be trouble in the bandpass transformers. In some sets with tapped windings, the tap can open. Figure 4 shows one like this. A lead on the secondary of the input transformer opened. This disconnected the shunt resistor used to damp this winding and the whole thing went into violent oscillation. There's a simple test for this; most of these use unshielded transformers. Just grab the transformers between thumb and finger; this will add enough "hand-capacitance" to cause at least a change in the oscillation. The ohmmeter will find the open winding very

Another case with the same symptoms, and the same basic cause, happens if the bandpass transformer is replaced with the wrong part. Some sets have two types of bandpass transformers. They look alike and will fit in the holes on the PC board. However, the wrong one will leave the damping resistor across one winding disconnected! So, we get exactly the same trouble, though "It can't be the transformer! I just replaced that!". When replacing these, double-check to be absolutely sure that you get the correct part number.

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#### Weak color

Cases where the complaint is not loss of color but weak color, can be due to misalignment although this generally causes other symptoms. It can also be due to an ACC circuit that is overdoing its job a little. The key clue here will be the control voltage. Check this carefully to be sure that it isn't too far in the direction of cutoff; negative for tubes and the NPN transistors most commonly used, positive if they are using a PNP transistor. The actual cause of the problem could be a leaky or open diode in the

#### Intermittent loss of color.

If all colors are lost intermittently, look for things like a plug/socket contact on the cable from the color control to the chassis. An intermittent open in the center conductor of the coax, or an intermittent ground due to a frazzled shield could also do it. Once again, stage by stage signal-tracing will soon pin down the point where the signal is being lost.

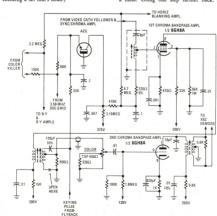


FIG. 4—COLOR RINGING can be caused by an open tap on the bandpass transformer.

#### R-E's Service Clinic

#### Fast Recovery **Diodes**

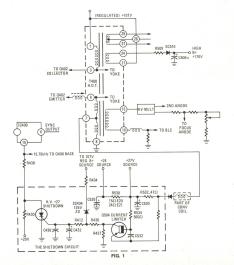
A diode is a diode—or is it?

JACK DARR SERVICE EDITOR EVERYWHERE WE LOOK-DIODES! CIRCUITS are full of them nowadays. All the way from tuners to detectors, to power supplies, to switches, to you name it. A lot of these are special types, such as varactors. However, while we're pretty familiar with these by now, there is another special type that has been around for quite a while. A lot of us are not familiar with this. Present company included: I've been booby-trapped on a couple of occasions!

This is the fast-recovery diode. You'll find them used in damper, boost rectifier and similar applications. They're also used in the flyback DC power supplies found in many late model sets. (We talked about these in a previous column.) This circuit uses pulses from the flyback that are rectified to develop low DC voltages. (See Fig.

1.) Some are connected so that they use the long "scan" portion of the pulse; these are called scan rectifiers (how about that?). Others are hooked up so that they use the very sharp spike developed during flyback time; these are called flyback rectifiers, retrace rectifiers, etc. Operating frequency in both types is 15,750 Hz although there is a vast difference in the duty cycle of pulses. Scan pulses will be almost 60 microseconds long, but the flyback pulses will run around 10-15μS.

This kind of circuit needs a special type of diode. The common rectifier diode works on 60-Hz sinewaves and the recovery time isn't all that critical. Recovery time means the diode's ability to turn off when the polarity of the applied voltage reverses. In the flyback rectifier with the short duration spike,

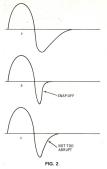


the turn-off time is critical. If the wrong diode is used it can foul up the opera-

A conventional rectifier diode has a turn-off (reverse-recovery) curve looking something like Fig. 2-a. The special fast-recovery diodes, sometimes called fast-switching diodes, have a characteristic called snap-off (see Fig. 2-b.) If this is too fast, it can cause problems. The rapid change of current develops harmonics that cause the diode to radiate RF interference! So, they redesigned the functions to have a controlled recovery characteristic as shown in Fig. 2-c. This diode has a fast recovery but without

the very abrupt switch-off. (I remember reading about an abrupt diode a long time ago; it took me years to find out what the heck it was!)

Now let us look at a few typical applications for these diodes. One is in the DC power supply such as the one used in the new Sylvania E29 and E21 chassis. This power supply is shown in Fig. 1. One diode is used as the rectifier in the +170-volt supply. This is actually a boost type of circuit-regulated B+ of representation of the property of the p



SC510 that charges C506-C to this peak value.

A regulated +27-volt supply is developed from another winding on the flyback. From terminal 7 of the flyback. the voltage is rectified by SC530 and filtered by capacitor C530. The output of the +27-volt supply is monitored by the current-limiter transistor. This transistor triggers SCR430 which kills the high-voltage. The 107-volt B+ supply is also monitored through Zener diode SC434 for this same purpose. If any of these voltages go out of limits, SCR430 trips which then kills the horizontal drive signal to the horizontal output stage and turns practically everything off at once.

If a diode fails in this type of circuit, it must be replaced by an exact duplicate; never by an ordinary rectifier type regardless of the PIV (Peak Inverse Voltage) rating. In some of the typical fast-recovery types that 1 looked up, recovery time runs from 0.5 microsecond to 100 nanoseconds, and that is FASTT Typical units are G-E's GE-511, Sylvania's ECG-506, RCA's SK-3515, 3517 or 3175, and so on 3175, and so on

For a very good discussion of how these diodes work along with the mathematics, see RCA's Solid-State Power Circuits Designer's Handbook. This is where I got the curves of Fig. 1. I had to dig through quite a lot of books before I found anything at all about them!

There have been quite a few iteres in the Clinic mail lately about diode failures in circuits of this type. In quite a few, the complaint was repeated diode failure although the load circuit fed from this DC supply showed no problems! One irate technician even disconnected the load circuit and ran it on an external DC power supply, whereupon it worked perfectly! This one was in a late model Sears color TV, and we have



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Enclose check or money order or valid BankAmericard or Master Charge inforhad quite a few cases involving the same model. I have been recommending replacement of this diode with a fastrecovery type. As we already stated, regardless of the peak inverse voltage rating or the current rating, a "slow diode" just won't work properly in this type of circuit. So; if you run into diode failure in sets using this kind of DC power supply, watch it! Be sure to use either an exact factory replacement part or a high-rated fast-recovery type from one of the better lines of replacement semiconductors

#### reader *auestions*

#### POOR FOCUS

I can't get a sharply focused raster on this CTC-25X. The high voltage is 25 kV, B+ is 405, boost normal, but I can get only 4200-4300-volts for the focus. The 4.7 meanhm and 66-meanhm resistors all check. The core of the focus transformer is all the way out and I still can't get focus. Any help appreciated.-G.S., Red Bank, NJ.

You're right; you're not going to get sharp focus with 25-kV and only 4.3-kV focus voltage. It takes about 20% of the high voltage for sharp focus, or in this case, a bit over 5 kV. Since the focus circuit and high voltage are driven by the same flyback pulse, everything else has to be OK! So, we've still got something in this focus circuit.

Since the transformer shows a normal reaction, and your cathode current isn't high, it probably is not shorted. This leaves only one likely part; that voltagedependent resistor shunted across the focus transformer. This is a 1.0 mA at 870-volt type. Try an RCA 112876 or an Oneida GB-314. Try a new one. If it has gone down, it would load the focus transformer.

#### SAFE BATING OF RECTIFIER DIODES?

This Coronado TV6-1614A came in with both rectifier diodes open. These are 200-PIV units, in parallel, Could find no short or overload. Replaced with the same type. In two weeks it is back and they're open again! So, I put in a single 1.0A 600 PIV silicon. It's playing fine and seems to be holding up. What do you think?-W.S., Bonaparte, IA.

In my opinion, you did the right thing! A 200-PIV rectifier diode is just running a little too close to the bone on a 125- or 130-volt AC line. I like lots of safety factor, and you also seem to. Good idea.



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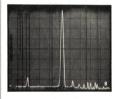
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#### R-E TESTS YAMAHA B-2 AMP

continued from page 60

same scope photo. The accuracy of the reproduced tone-burst speaks for itself.

Yamaha had made much of the fact that the V-FET circuitry used in both the B-1 and B-2 amplifiers results in the generation of fewer high-order harmonic-distortion components. While this may well be true at power output levels below rated power, our spectrum analyzer's 75-dB dynamic-range canability precluded examining harmonic distortion on a harmonic by harmonic basis. 75-dB "down" is equivalent to only 0.0178% THD. and since, at less than rated power output levels the measured THD (as a single number) was only 0.008% or thereabouts, we could not display harmonic distortion components on the analyzer. At clipping, however, when distortion begins to reach more significant percentages, we were able to analyze the individual components that make up the distortion and, as can be seen in Fig. 8. higher-order distortion components be-



come just as significant as the usual second and third order components.

#### Use and listening tests

Our overall comments concerning the sound of the Bz will be found together with our summary product analysis, in Table II. In using the amplifier for several days, we were particularly impressed by the action of the power meters which have an unusually rapid risetime (100 microseconds) and a slower (1 cscond) decay time. They therefore permit the user to really monitor close-to-true peak power of this for any other externally preamplifier and serve a function that we deemed more useful than that of the average-reading or conventional VU-meters found on some competitive products.

Despite the fact that the V-FET's require considerably higher quiescent (no signal) current than do conventional bipolar devices used in Classe-B audio output circuits, there was little if any evidence of undue heat rise after hours of continued use of the amplifier terribly concerned about the cost of the extra (see watts consumed by this unusual amplifier, the extra current demanded by the V-FET circuitry should not pose a problem.

Obviously, an \$850.00 basic power amplifier is not everyone's idea of how much they would like to spend for 100 watts-per-channel of pure audio amplification. But, in the case of the B-2, pure amplification is what you get—in every sense of the word. R-E



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#### KOMPUTER KORNER continued from page 25

SET switches, while the SNOOZE-ALARM DISPLAY switch is pressed, resets the alarm time to 12:00 AM

If the alarm function is to be used, the PM output (pin 3) of the MM5385 must be used to activate an LED so that the alarm may be set for AM or PM. A current-limiting resistor (180 ohms for 10 mA) must be used in series with the LED

Pressing the SNOOZE-ALARM DISPLAY switch also inhibits the alarm output for between 8 and 9 minutes after which the alarm is sounded and the alarm time is displayed.

When the alarm latch, S4, is closed, an output is available to drive an NPN transistor, as shown in Fig. 1. This output is available for 59 minutes unless the SNOOZE-ALARM DISPLAY switch is pressed, or unless the alarm is reset by the ALARM OFF switch. If it is desired to silence the alarm for a day or more, the ALARM OFF switch must remain closed. The alarm feature would be a valuable addition to the auto digital clock in truck installations

to be continued



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CIRCLE 52 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

## new products

More information on new products is available from the manufacturers of items identified by a Reader Service number. Use the Free Information Card following page 88.

AUDIO INSULATORS. The model AT-605 is one method of combatting low-frequency acoustic feedback by isolating the phono pickup from vibrations such as rumbles from deep bass notes, passing buses and subways, and floor disturbances. The four height-adjustable chrome-finished insulators, selling for under



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STEREO TUNER, model KT-7300; features a dual-gate MOS-FET in the FIS stage and exceptional stability even under the widest climatic changes of temperature and humidity. With FM sensitivity of 1.8 mV (10.3 dBt), the KT-7300 can handle signals as strong as 1 volt without overload. Phase-linear ceramic filters in the IF stage bring selectivity to a high 90 dB.

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\$25.00, help absorb disturbances before they reach the turnible: The audio insulator set fits under turntable or speaker corners, assuring optimum tone-arm tracking as well as protection. The set includes a small bubble level, permitting accurate height adjustment necessary for maximum performance with today's lightweight pickup arms.—Audio-Technica, 108 N. State St., Chicago, IL 60062.

CIRCLE 72 ON FREE INFORMATION CARD

INTRUSION ALARM, model A-18 uses existing public address, paging or background music speakers as sound pickups. Sounds of intrusion such as breaking glass, hammer blows, footsteps, etc., cause the output relay to operate while normal building sounds such as heaters or



telephone rings are ignored. Sophisticated counting, audio-level and reset circuits reliably process potential threats. Audio detectors or speakers supplied cover as much as 2,500 feet each, depending on acoustics. Existing audio systems may be used with no additional wiring if



A phase-lock-loop circuit and individual LC filters for each channel provide 35 dB stereo separation 50 to 10,000 Hz with a solid 45 dB at the mid-range frequencies. Filters cut interference above 19 kHz, including the 19-kHz carrier, without affecting the musical frequencies. Other features include a 25-ms deemphasis switch which gives perfect balance to Dolbyized FM broadcasts; two sets of outputs (one fixed, one adjustable), the first of which is fed to TAPE for the highest signal desirable; the second is fed to the amplifier for tuner play when a lower level may be preferred; and lastly, terminals for an oscilloscope with which to check and correct multipath distortion, accurate signal strength and zero-center tuning meters, a long, linear FM dial, as well as MPX filter and muting switches.-Kenwood, Dept. P, 15777 South Broadway, Gardena, CA 90248

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IC DIGITAL COLOR-BAR PATTERN GENERA-TOR, model 388 is new unit, housed in handsized cabinet, weighs 12 cunces and delivers accurate signals for test and alignment of any color or black-and-white television receiver. If provides the following displays, projected on channes 2, 3 or 4 gated ranbow pattern for channes 2, 3 or 4 gated ranbow pattern for channes and pattern of the standard adjustment, del caster for final convergence, nonlinearity, correction, pincushioning, single vertical line for horizontal centering; eight vertical line for width and nonlinearity deputs. ments; single horizontal line for vertical centering; eight horizontal lines for height and nonlinearity adjustment; single crossbar for centering and positioning; and crosshatch pattern for final convergence, pincushioning and nonlinearity correction



Operates from two standard 9-volt batteries or rechargeable nickel-cadmium cells. Also featured, is an LED for power-on indication, crystal-controlled oscillator and timing circuits, for greater stability, \$99.95.—EICO Electronic Instrument Co., 283 Malta St., Brooklyn, NY 1307.

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blood pressure. But 50 percent of those with have it, don't Know it. When blood pressure goes higher here a should, and stays high, it sets the stage for heart shack or stroke. Most cases of high blood pressure can be controlled with drugs and only you should see your doctor real water. Only the can tell if you need



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with a 4-position meter range switch. Walnut veneer end panels are supplied and rack mounting bracket will be available as an accessory. Measures 181/8 inches wide by 143/8 inches deep by 73/s inches high, \$489. The Stereo 300A comes already assembled, \$699.99 - Dynaco Inc., Box 88, Blackwood, NJ 08012

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#### ANALOG MULTIMETER

continued from page 48

sensitivity near 1 volt. Figure 5-b shows the discrete differential amplifier. Its advantage lies in its voltage

gain. It also buffers the input attenuator from the low impedance of the meter movement. Once again the FET is used to obtain the high impedance. A modern integrated version of the differential amplifier is shown in Fig. 5-c. An operational amplifier, buffered with FET followers on the inputs, is the amplifier. The AC section of the TVM differs in a

few characteristics from the VTVM. The placement of the rectifier within the circuit is the major difference between the two. The TVM rectifier is almost always placed after the ampliifier, which must then have both good AC and DC characteristics. The type of rectifier is also changed. Figure 6 shows the various types of rectifiers used in the AC portions of TVM's. Figure 6-a is the simple input rectifier, much like that of the VTVM. This rectifier is peak responding. Its DC output must be divided by 1.414 to obtain the RMS value of a pure sinewave.

Figure 6-b is a bridge rectifier driven from the outputs of a differential amplifier. This circuit is average responding-the output must be multiplied by 1.1 to obtain the RMS value. Figures 6-c and 6-d are other common implementations of the average responding circuit. Both of these employ the operational amplifier to overcome the nonlinear characteristics of the diode at low voltages. Figure 6-c is a full wave, 6-d a half-wave rectifier.



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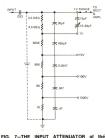
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The AC and DC attenuators of the TVM are usually the same, unlike those if the VTVM. When the attenuator is common, it must be compensated to attenuate accurately at both high and low frequencies. Figure 7 is a compensated attenuator used in a 10-megohm TVM. The capacitors create a capacitive divider with the same ratio as the resistors they shunt. If they were not used, the capacitive divider in ratio ratio as the resistors they shunt. If they were not used, the resistors they shunt. If they were not used, the resistors. These are substantial for high and negligible for low resistances. There is less than a decade attenuation across the first divider and a full decade across the last one.



Heathkit IM-104 as designed for AC operation. Capacitor shown in dotted lines represents stray resistances in the circuit.

The input to the attenuator is also AC coupled with a 033-m Erapaction. It serves to keep DC from the attenuator and therefore from the amplifier and rectifier, which respond to a combination of AC and DC. The total input capacitance of the TVM is somewhat greater than that of the capacitance in shunt with the divider because of other distributed capacitances (see the dotted capaction in Fig. 7).

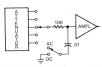


FIG. 8—SWITCHABLE FILTER used to keep AC out of the amplifier when the instrument is used to measure DC voltages.

TVM's using a common AC and DC attenuator have a filter (Fig. 8). It is switched into the the attenuator output during DC and during a AC operation. The filter helps: memore AC signals from the amplifier input when the meter is operating in the DC mode. Although the mieter theoretically does not respond to AC signals, excessive AC can disturb the amplifier enough to cause error in DC readines.

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#### VIDEO GAMES

continued from page 42

mode (Robot) has a controllable skill leyel. The Indy 500 Road Race Game for 1 or 2 players has realistic sounds to duplicate engine acceleration and crashes, and appears to be one of the games in both the Game Table and Video Action IV. The models IIA and III play 2 or 4 player tennis, or hockey. The color display on the Video Action game screen is a rainbow pattern rather than discrete coloration of images.

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Videomaster: All of these games are manufactured in England. Some of the games in the Rally and Olympic models are different than the other games surveyed, and no upper or lower court boundaries are displayed. The 6000 seems to be a standard GI IC game, but in a fancy aluminum case with a lever control for each player.



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- How manufacturers plan to handle trade-ins or conversions on 23-channel gear
- How to tune 40 channels. Rotary, Keyboard. Thumbwheel
- Directory of manufacturers
- Antennas for 40 channels. Can present antennas be used?
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	LED LAMPS (FCM7001)	Note
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MANY OTHERS AVAILABLE ON REQUEST 20% Discount for 100 Combined 7400's	X222 Demo 451 NSSS Great 51 XSS6 Great 70 Demo 151 NSS6 Great 151 XSS6 Great 151	W. MININ
CD4000 25 CMOS 74C049 76 CD4001 25 CMOS 74C159 85	SSL-22 KI 4/S1 RCS26 Dear 4/S1 XCS56 Dear 7/S1	CLIPLITE !! 4/\$1.00
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Oblino 59 CD4646 2.51 74C74 1.15 CD4011 25 CD4047 2.75 74C966 1.00	TYPE    PALARITI	centers. Panel thickness from 1/16" to 1/8".  • CLIPLITE equalizes and increases the brightness of commonly used wide beam LEOS.  • CLIPLITE is to be used with XC556 LEOS.
CD4011 25 CD4047 2.75 74C90N 3.00 CD4012 25 CD4349 79 74C95N 2.00 CD4013 47 CD4050 79 74C167N 1.25	MAN 2 5 x 7 DOI Marks 300 4 95 MAN 3640 Common Cathade-arrange 300 1.75 MAN 3 Common Cathade 125 39 MAN 4710 Common Anade-Red 400 1.95 MAN 470 Common Anade-Red 400 1.95 MAN 470 Common Anade-Red 200 190 MAN 4 Common Cathade 127 1.95 MAN 470 Common Anade-Red 200 190 MAN 4 Common Cathade Common Anade-Red 200 190 MAN 4 Common Anade-Red 200 MAN 4 Co	commonly used wide beam LEDS.
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LM340K-10 1.96 LM741CN 35 CA300 2.00 LM340K-24 1.96 LM741CN 35 CA300 1.60 LM340F-5 1.76 LM74116V 39 CA300 36		
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IMMSET 24 1.75 LM/904V 1.95 CA9606 1.75 LM/904V 1.96 RAPIN 5.95 LM/905V 1.66 RAPIN 5.95 LM/905V 1.65 RO4195 3.26 PG 190 P	ASST. 1 5 ss. 27 04M 33 04M 95 04M 18 04M 22 04M 18 04M 17 04M 18	4 F pl . 50 . 54 . 53 . 07 µ l . 35 . 04 . 035 . 100 pl . 55 . 54 . 63 . 022 µ l . 55 . 56 . 05 . 04 . 220 µ l . 55 . 54 . 03 . 047 µ l . 06 05 . 04 . 470 pl 05 04
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63 KEY KEYBOARD

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Proto Board 6 \$15.95

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RESISTORS — 40 sa. wire-wound 3-10 Will-100 pt

PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARDS - Min. 50 ea. Various Components 52 00 each DIGITAL GUARTZ CAR CLOCK

Kit: \$29.95 Assembled: \$39.95 bracket and bezell

DIGITAL CLOCK KIT - 31/2 INCH DIGITS

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Send 24c Stamp for 1977 Cata

Completely Assemble +5 Volts @ 6 Amps Regulated Dutput -5 Volts @ 6 Amps Regulated Input 6.3 Volts @ 5 Amps

\$69.95

\$29.95

5 FUNCTION FLECTRONIC CALCULAT \$8.95

PEATURES: Power source is 1 piece 9V DC Battery LEGP jack for AC adapter

DIGITAL STOPWATCH

Kit \_\_

\$39.95 Assembled - \$49.95 Heavy Duty Carry Case \$5.95 DIGITAL ALARM

CLOCK

\$19.95

12:49 28

Novus

NOT A KIT JE700 CLOCK

\$17.95 115 VAC

MM5314 clock chip. It ope set, and hold time set featurer

KIT - ALL COMPONENTS & CASE \$34.95 WIRED & ASSEMBLED \$39.95 JE803 PROBE

\$9.95 Per Kit

T2L 5V 1A Supply \$9.95 Per Kit

± 5 VOLT POWER SUPPLY \$39.95



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#### **EQUIPMENT REPORTS**

continued from page 29

be useful in checking touchy circuits where meter loading is important. The action is the same on any scale.

The inputs of both are electrically protected; DVM-35 up to 1,000 volts and DVM-36 up to 2,000 volts. An internal shunt diode is used. Beside this; if you unscrew the red tip of the probe, you'll find a fast-blow 2.0A fuse! This is nice for those places where "you didn't know the gun was loaded!". If you do manage to pop this fuse, be sure to use a fast-blow type for replacement. This is a standard 2A 3AG fuse.

A slip-on high-voltage probe, HP200, can be used to go up to 50 kV. This can also be used on lower voltage ranges if a very high impedance is needed.

Both models are powered by 6 AA batteries inside the case. NiCad batteries can be used; a recharger unit, PA-202, can be used for bench work. The unit can be used for portable work by pulling the charger plug. Battery condition may be checked at any time by setting to the 10- or 20-volt DC scale and touching the tip of the chargersocket terminal.

The instruction manual covers all possible uses of the instrument. A service manual, parts list and color-coded schematic diagram are included. Test and calibration procedures are given in the back pages. A novel feature is used, for the benefit of those who are new to digital voltmeters. A tape cassette, with recorded instructions and references to pages of the manual, comes with every instrument. This can be played while reading the manual and checking the instrument.

#### TV corporations, labor unions ask for color TV import quotas

Eleven labor organizations and five corporations have petitioned the United States International Trade Commission for import quotas on color TV sets. The petition is one of the largest yet filed under the escape clause provisions of the new Trade Act that was made into law last year. All but one of the petitioners-GTE Sylvania, Inc.-are banded together in a new organization, the Committee to Preserve American Color Television (COMPACT)

"Imports from abroad have already captured two-thirds of the American market for black-and-white, and they are now moving aggressively to capture the more than \$2 billion-plus domestic market for color receivers," says Allen W. Dawson, executive vice president of Corning Glass Works and co-chairman of COMPACT. Business Week reports that "the Japanese now claim 31 percent of the United States color TV set market."

According to Jacob Clayman, secretary-treasurer of the AFL-CIO Industrial Union Department, the other co-chairman of COMPACT, "some 65,000 jobs are at stake in this action (the petition) and many of these have been lost already." He reported that ten years ago, an estimated 240,000 imported color sets were sold in this country. By 1975, imports had risen to 1,214,000 sets and at the current rate of increase they are expected to exceed two million in 1976.

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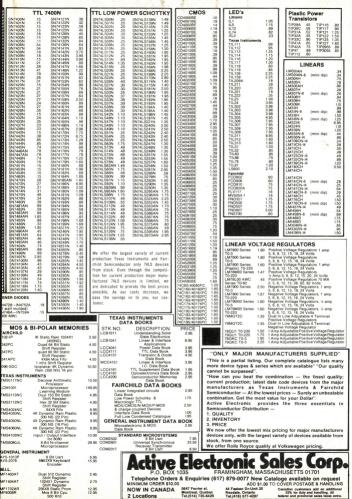
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